

AMTA 20 VIRTUAL | 20

The 14th Conference of
The Association for Machine Translation
in the Americas

www.amtaweb.org

WORKSHOP PROCEEDING

Workshop on the Impact of Machine Translation

Organizers:

Sharon O'Brien (ADAPT, CTTS Dublin City University)
Michel Simard (National Research Council Canada)

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EMBRACE THE FUTURE



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The Machine is Blind

Bottom-Up Feedback on the Impact of MT on Human Translation Performance

RHETT WHITAKER

OCTOBER 6, 2020



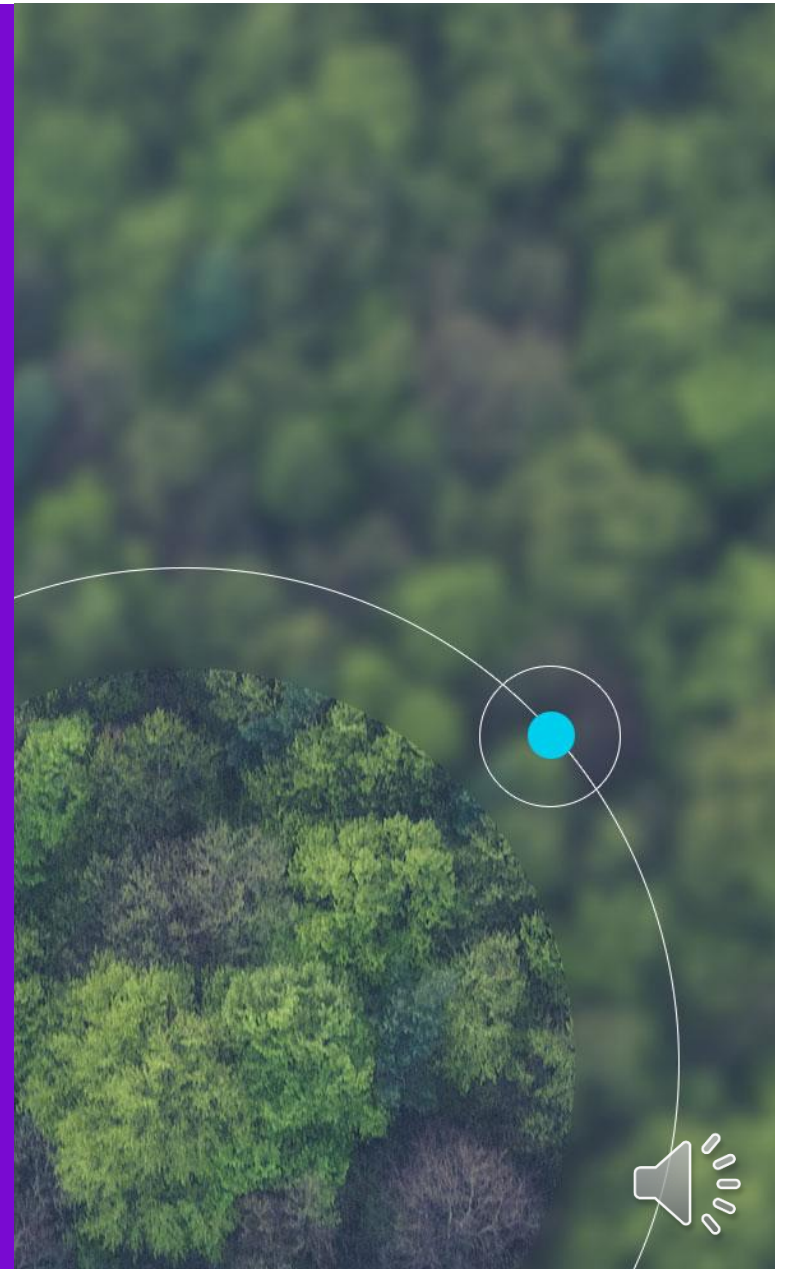
A Brief Overview

- Blind spots and information flow
- What do translators really think of MT?
- The challenge facing translators
- Impacts in the short and long term
- Recommendations

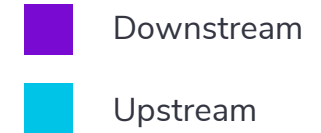




Blind Spots and Information Flow



Know How Your Information Flows



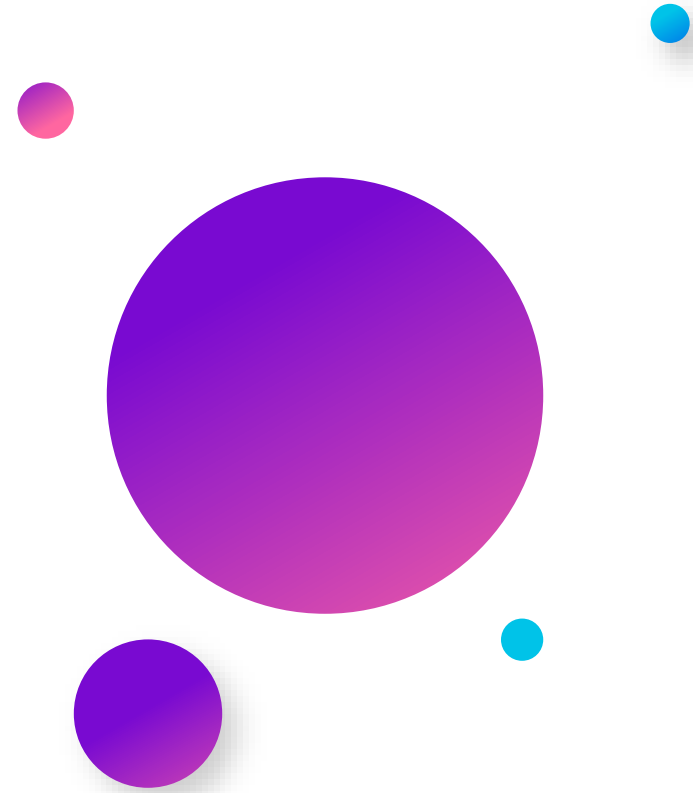


What Do Translators Really Think of MT?



Positive feedback

“MT frees me up for other, more valuable tasks.”





Negative feedback

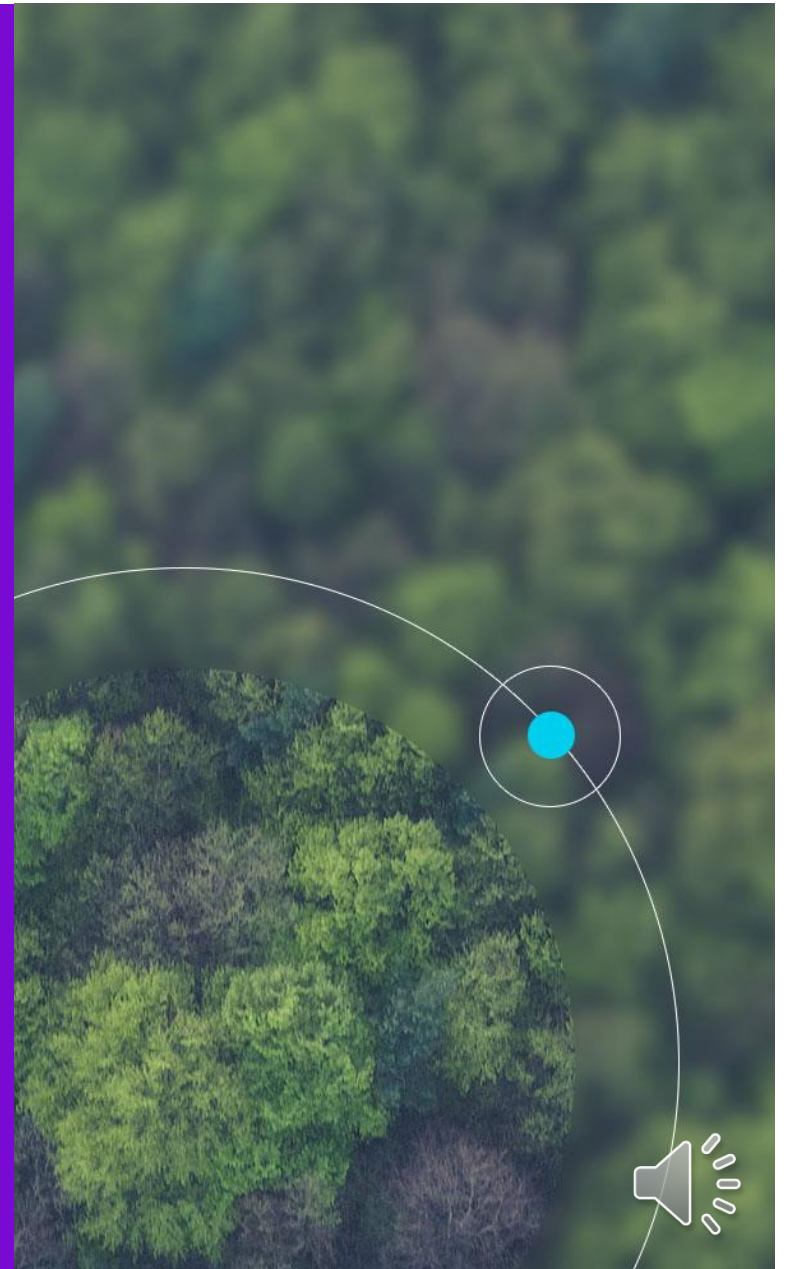
“This is more work than translating from scratch.”

“I don’t know why it’s making these errors.”





The Challenge Facing Translators



A Challenging Situation

TRANSLATORS BETWEEN A ROCK AND A HARD PLACE



LESS PAY

LSPs tend to prorate what they pay for MT post-editing services, sometimes to a significant degree.

MORE WORK

In particular, high-quality translators view poorly implemented MT as a hindrance to their work.

MORE TEDIOUS

Long intervals between retraining MT engines can lead to frustration on the translator's part.

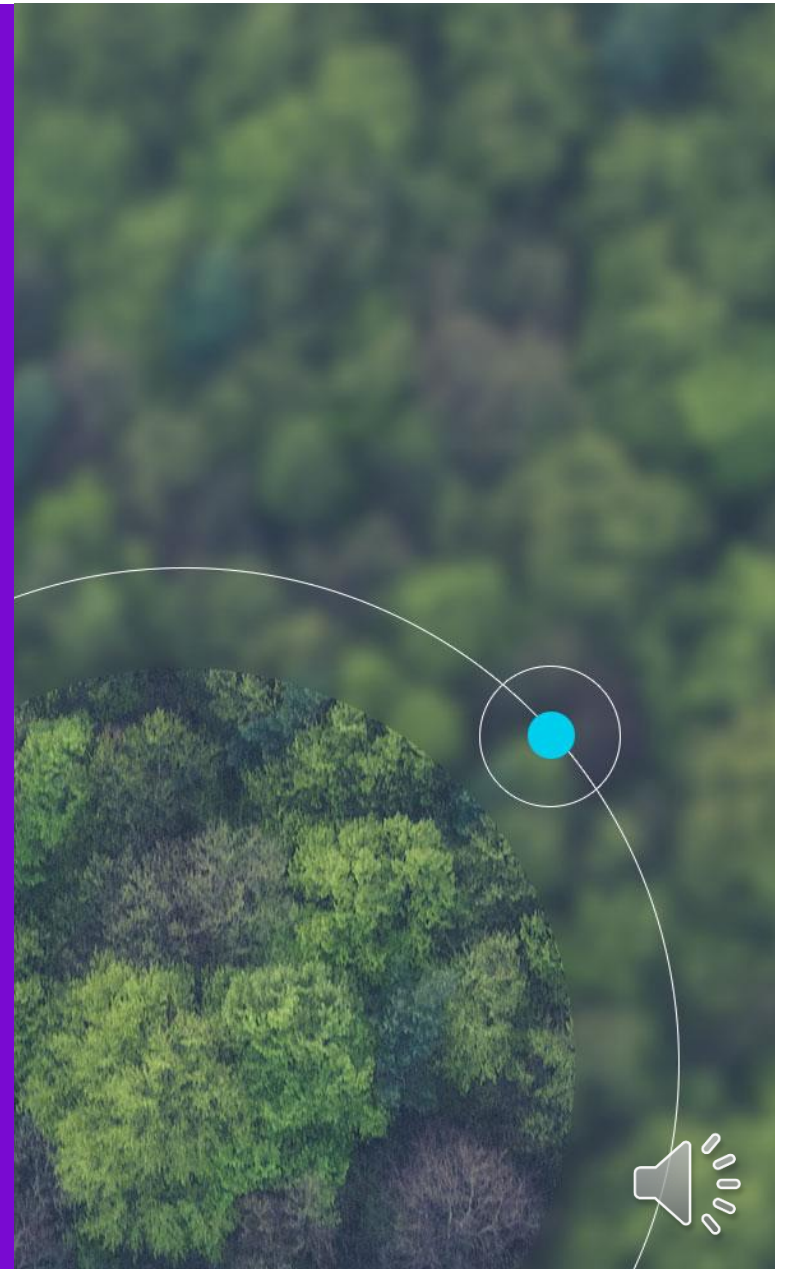
DEAF EARS

Bottom-up feedback that is ignored can act as a significant demotivating force.

“Is this kind of work still worth doing?”



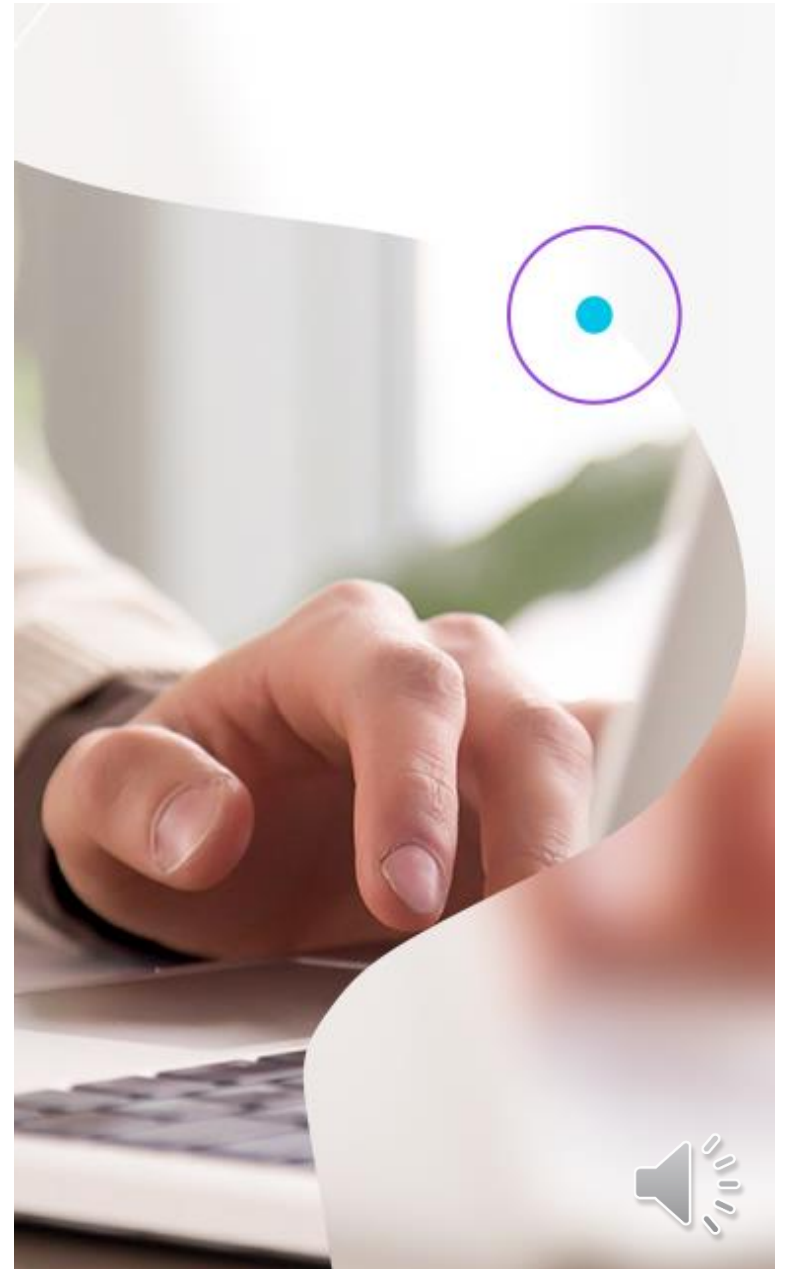
Impacts in the Short and Long Term



Short term

Translators dealing with poorly implemented MT are often unfocused, unmotivated, and less effective. This could produce the following short term impacts:

- Translators increasingly reject MT post-editing jobs
- Translators raise rates to compensate for prorated pay
- Organizations see declining quality, similar overall costs, and diminished capacity



Long term

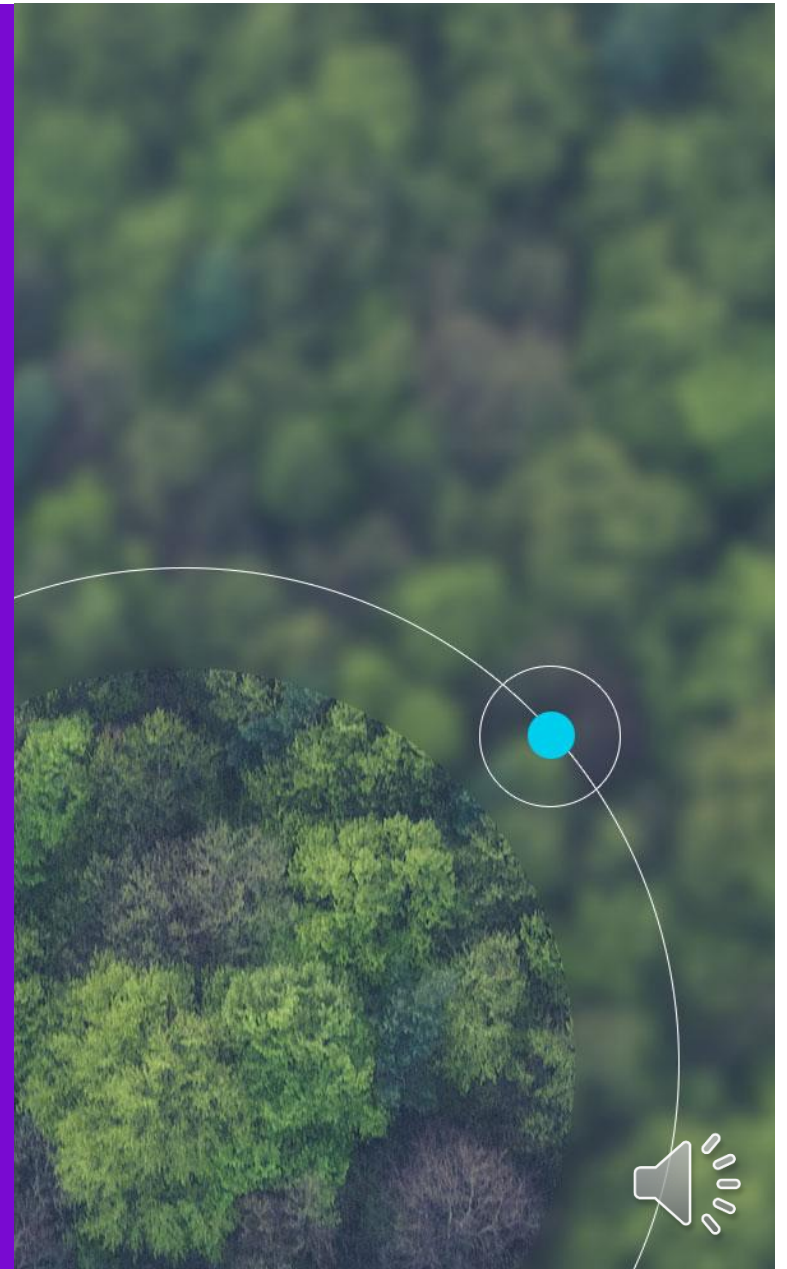
Sustained negative attitudes toward MT and frustration with the post-editing process can be a serious demotivating force for translators. This can produce the following long term impacts:

- Translators leave the talent pool permanently
- The availability of highly-skilled professionals drops below critical thresholds
- Organizations face serious challenges to profitability and ultimately an existential threat





Recommendations





Countermeasures

KEEPING YOUR EYES OPEN



Be diligent in implementing MT

Give yourself the best chance for successful MT integration and translator retention. Don't rush implementation.



Don't reduce rates prematurely

Make sure your translators are fully on board with the concept of MT before you think about adjusting their pay.



Establish upstream feedback channels

You can't react to outcomes you don't know about. Take measures to acquire reliable, actionable information.



Act on upstream feedback


Use feedback to improve your MT systems and processes. It can help keep translators at the top of their game and bolster profitability.





Thank You

We help customers manage their content and customer touchpoints to improve efficiency, increase revenue, reduce time to market and ensure quality and compliance.



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EMBRACE THE FUTURE



Responsible Gist MT Use in the Age of Neural MT

Marianna J. Martindale, iSchool PhD Candidate
University of Maryland, College Park

Also: Computational Linguist, Center for Applied Machine Translation, USG

*OBLIGATORY DISCLAIMER: Opinions in this talk are my own and
not necessarily those of any part of the U.S. Government*

What Makes Neural MT (NMT) Different?

- Scores well on automated metrics & human evaluations
- Improves many types of errors (especially fluency)
- More languages & platforms than ever

But...

Sometimes fails catastrophically



Humorous Catastrophic Failures

Caren Marie Crabb

Bark bark bark! Bark bark bark bark, bark.
BARK!

| Good luck! God bless you. Good!

Automatically Translated

Anne Marie Crabb

BARK bark bark bark bark! barkbarkbark
BARK!

| Good morning! God bless you!

Automatically Translated

David & Daisy Finn

bark bark bark. bark bark bark bark bark
bark bark! bark...

| Good luck. It's good for you! Good luck...

Automatically Translated

Just now Like Reply More

Heather Finn

BARK!! Barkbarkbarkbark barkbark bark bark
bark bark bark barkbarkbark!

| Blessed!! Bless you and bless you!

Automatically Translated

Facebook, 29 April 2020



(Semi-)Humorous Catastrophic Failures

INTERNET NEWS JANUARY 18, 2020 / 12:27 PM / UPDATED 8 MONTHS AGO

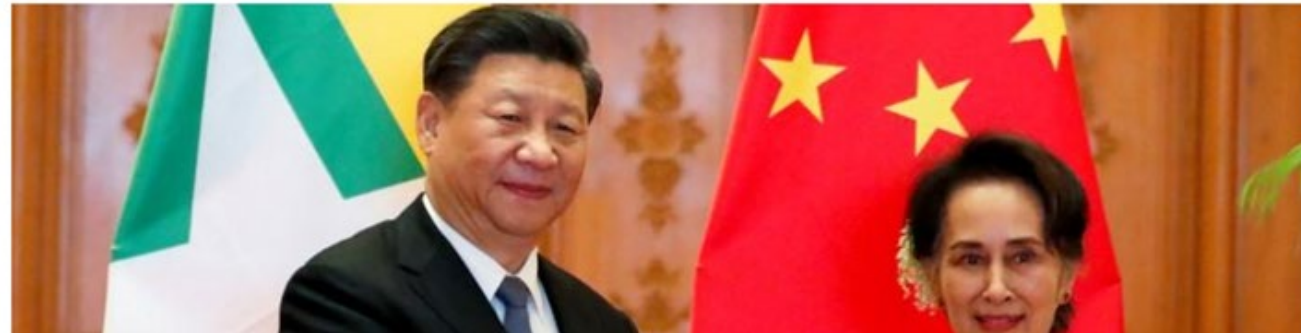


Facebook says technical error caused vulgar translation of Chinese leader's name

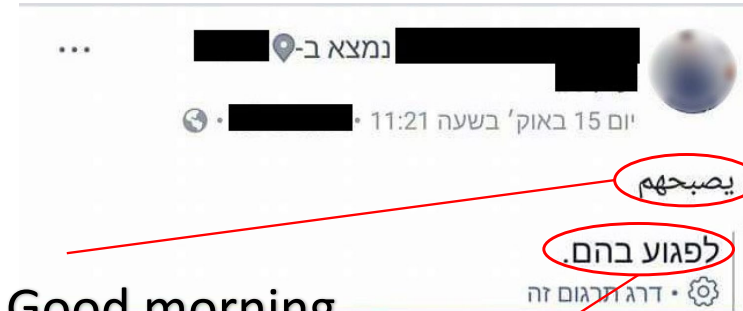
By Poppy McPherson

3 MIN READ

YANGON (Reuters) - Facebook Inc [FB.O](#) on Saturday blamed a technical error for Chinese leader Xi Jinping's name appearing as "Mr Shithole" in posts on its platform when translated into English from Burmese, apologizing for any offense caused.



Dangerous Catastrophic Failures



יصبحهم = Good morning

לפגוע בהם ~ Attack them

<https://www.haaretz.com/israel-news/palestinian-arrested-over-mistranslated-good-morning-facebook-post-1.5459427>



Dangerous Catastrophic Failures



The screenshot shows a news article from Haaretz. The navigation bar includes 'HAARETZ', 'Israel News', 'All sections', 'Israel - BDS', 'Israel settlements', 'Italy - anti-Semitism', and 'Flake - T'. The breadcrumb trail is 'Home > Israel News'. The main headline is 'Israel Arrests Palestinian Because Facebook Translated 'Good Morning' to 'Attack Them''. A yellow oval highlights the sub-headline: 'No Arabic-speaking police officer read the post before arresting the man, who works at a construction site in a West Bank settlement'. The author is 'Yotam Berger' and the date is 'Oct 22, 2017 1:36 PM'. A small image on the left shows a person at a construction site.

Yotam Berger | Oct 22, 2017 1:36 PM

<https://www.haaretz.com/israel-news/palestinian-arrested-over-mistranslated-good-morning-facebook-post-1.5459427>



When are (N)MT Errors Dangerous?

- Output is believable (in context)
- Lack of means and/or motivation to verify
- Use case involves MT informing action



Believable Output

Believability = Fluency + Plausibility + Human Judgment

- Fluency: Does it “feel” like the target language?
 - Users more likely to trust fluent output (Martindale & Carpuat 2018)
 - NMT more likely to produce fluent but not adequate output (Martindale et al 2019)
- Plausibility: Does it make sense?
 - MT output is more believable when it is plausible (Work in progress)
- Human: People use heuristics to judge credibility of information¹

¹Rieh, S. Y. (2010). “Credibility and cognitive authority of information.” In M. Bates & M. N. Maack (Eds.), *Encyclopedia of Library and Information Sciences* (3rd ed., pp. 1337-1344).



When are NMT Errors Dangerous?

- ✓• Output is believable (in context)
- Lack of means and/or motivation to verify
- Use case involves MT informing action

Gist MT?



When are Gist MT Errors Dangerous?

Lack of means and/or motivation to verify?

Gist MT use characteristics

- High volume of foreign language text and/or tasks
- Impractical to translate everything or hire only bilinguals
 - Especially bilinguals with domain expertise
- Monolingual domain experts use MT to triage text or glean information
- Ideally: Bilinguals translate/evaluate documents/info monolinguals find
 - In practice: people may cut corners...



When are Gist MT Errors Dangerous?

Use case involves MT informing action?

Gist MT use examples

- Journalist looking for relevant, local Tweets after an event
- Business analyst monitoring press for info about foreign competitors
- Investigator checking social media as part of background check



Example: USCIS Refugee Vetting



Appendix C: Translations

Internet Translation Services

The most efficient approach to translate foreign language contents is to utilize one of the many free online language translation services provided by Google, Yahoo, Bing, and other search engines.

if needed. Use the following steps to translate using Google:

In-Person Translation Services

Occasionally, officers will encounter foreign text written in a dialect or colloquial usage that does not necessarily translate easily using the available online tools mentioned above. Furthermore, there are currently no tools available to translate text written on images. Officers are responsible for determining

“Information collected from social media, by itself, will not be a basis to deny refugee resettlement”

Official statement, September 2019



Example: USCIS Refugee Vetting

“Information collected from social media, by itself, will not be a basis to deny refugee resettlement” --Official statement, September 2019

However...

- Incorrect MT could tip scales of suspicion (in either direction)
- Social media is out of domain from MT training
- Often low-resource languages



Is NMT for Gisting Worth the Risk?

- IMHO: Yes!

Good news:

- Truly misleading output is rare
- Faster to read, easier to understand
- Users like it

Just need to mitigate risk



How can we mitigate the dangers?

Dangers

- Output has errors
- Output is believable (in context)
- Lack of means and/or motivation to verify
- Use case involves MT informing action

Mitigation goals

- ~~Error-free MT~~
- Encourage *appropriate* skepticism
- Make it easier to recognize potential errors
- Verify before acting



How can we mitigate the dangers?

Dangers

- Output has errors
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Mitigation goals

- ~~Error-free MT~~
- Encourage skepticism
- Make it easier to recognize potential errors
- Verify before acting

-Policy interventions
-Technological Interventions



Mitigation Strategies

Policy interventions

- Normative principles organizations with gist MT use cases should follow
- Changes to procedures and training

Technological interventions

- Changes to the technology environment or the technology itself
- Requires additional research and development



Policy Interventions

1. Independent, in-domain evaluation
2. Training for MT users
3. Workflows that require validation before action



P1: Independent, In-Domain Evaluation

Principle: An organization should not deploy or encourage the use of MT without independent evaluation in the domain(s) and language pair(s) it is intended to be used on.

- If the intended use shifts/expands, additional testing should be conducted

Why? MT quality varies by language/domain

Independent – Not conducted by the MT company

Domain – Style and/or topic

Evaluation – Formal or informal

- Evaluators should know source language



P2: Training for MT Users

Principle: Users should be trained to understand the technology well enough to expect variations in quality including dropped or hallucinated words and phrases.

Why? NMT is not intuitive! Hard to recognize what you don't expect.

Example hands-on exercises:

- Change context window, capitalization, punctuation, etc and observe output changes
- Compare output from high- and low- resource languages
- Try to get the system to hallucinate (e.g. fake Hawaiian)



P3: Require Validation Before Action

Principle: Organizations with workflows that include critical decisions or actions informed by MT should require validation by someone who knows the source language before taking action.

Why? Establishing a consistent process deters corner-cutting.

- Even professional translation services rely on at least one level of quality control!

Considerations

- Level of validation proportionate to impact of action/decision
- E.g., Self-validation through other resources *may* be sufficient for minimal-impact actions/decision



Technological Interventions

1. Provide access to multiple MT outputs
2. Provide access to additional language resources
3. Build in “nudges” to help the user recognize quality issues



T1: Multiple MT Outputs

What: Display outputs from two or more MT systems/models

LOE: Moderate

- Obtain licenses and/or build models
- Modify/create interface to display

Why? Users can observe differences to flag possible errors

Anecdote: Users actually prefer this anyway!



T2: Additional Language Resources

What: Provide CAT-like tools to MT users

LOE: Low-Moderate

- Teach users features in existing services (e.g. Google Translate, Systran, Wiktionary, Linguee)
- Obtain access to resources (dictionaries/terminologies/TMs, etc)
- Integrate access alongside MT

Why?

- Individual word lookup can validate/clarify MT output
- Terminologies can resolve technical terms
- TM lookup can provide alternate contexts



T3: Nudges

What: Automatically flag questionable output

- Quality estimation
- Diff on multiple outputs

LOE: High

- QE is an open research area

Why? Draw user's attention to problem areas



Summary

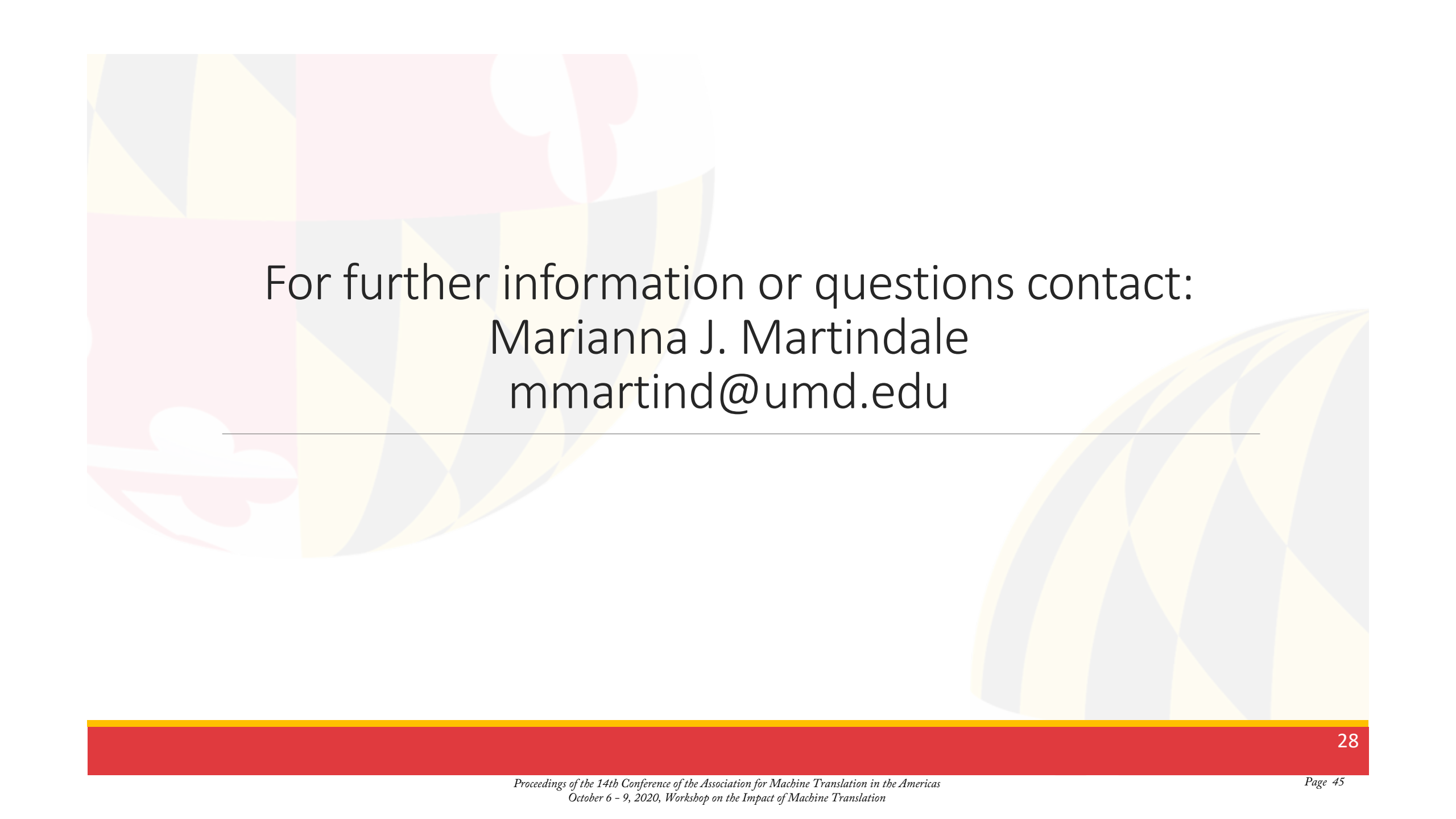
Dangers	Mitigation goals	Recommended Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Output has errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Error-free MT	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>(Continue improving)</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Output is believable (in context)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Encourage <i>appropriate</i> skepticism	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• P1 (Evaluation), P2 (Training), T3 (Nudges)
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Lack of means and/or motivation to verify	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Make it easier to recognize potential errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• T1 (Multi-outputs), T2 (Lang resources), T3 (Nudges)
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use case involves MT informing action	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Verify before acting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• P3 (Verify)



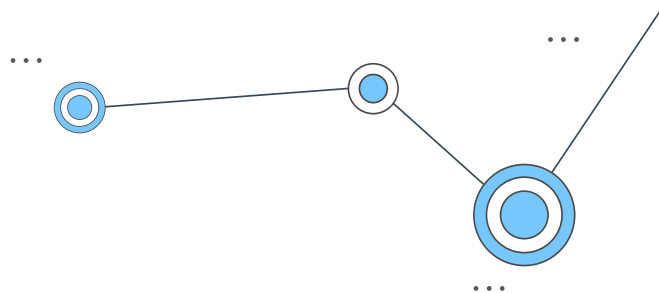
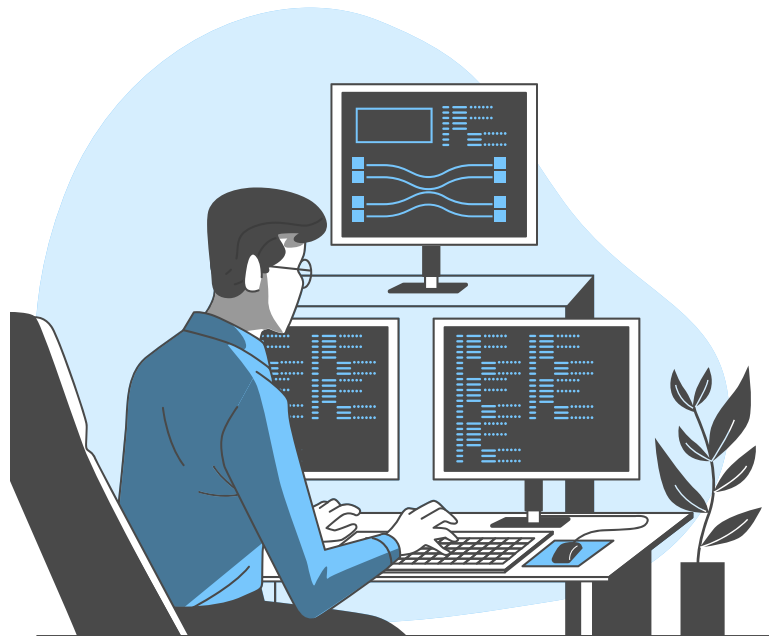
Conclusion

- There can be risks to gist MT use
- Steps can be taken to mitigate them
- These are just examples
- Stakeholders should be looking at these mitigations and others
 - Organizational leadership
 - MT integrators
 - MT researchers
- See also: AI Ethics





For further information or questions contact:
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mmartind@umd.edu



A Different, Ethical MT is Possible:

English-Catalan Free/
Open-Source NMT

Vicent Briva-Iglesias
SFI Centre for Research Training in Digitally-Enhanced
Reality (D-REAL), Dublin City University

Overview

01

...

Understanding the Problem

Current context of MT.

02

...

Variables

MT engines and methodology.

03

...

Results

Relative ranking, quality,
and post-editing evaluation.

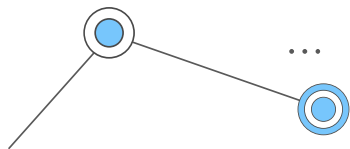
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...

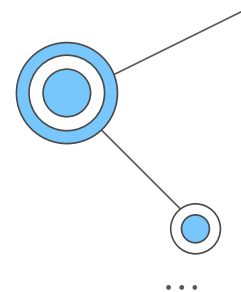
iMpacT

Effects and use-cases.





Understanding the Problem



01

Catalan context

Minoritized, stateless language. Low-resource.

02

NMT Requirements

Huge computational power (GPUs). Difficulty to find high-quality corpora for low-resource languages.

03

Literacy

You have the corpora. Now, how is an MT engine trained?

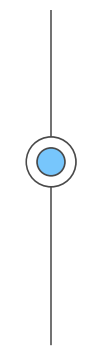
04

Data Privacy

Confidential information may be at stake.



What is the iMPacT of open-source MT for low-resource languages?

1. Which MT engine evaluated [Apertium, Softcatalà, Google] offers a higher translation quality?
 2. Which MT engine evaluated offers a bigger productivity increase when introducing it into a translation workflow?
 3. Can a free/open-source MT engine for a low-resource language beat the flagship MT engine for the English-Catalan language combination?
- 

Variables – MT Engines



Apertium

- Free/Open-Source RBMT engine
- Originally developed for close languages (e.g. ES-CA)



Softcatalà Translator

- Free/Open-Source EN<>CA NMT engine (OpenNMT)
- Trained with TMs from the Softcatalà project («in-domain»)



Google Translate

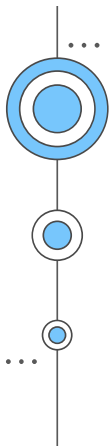
- Flagship of commercial MT
 - NMT from 2020
- Thousands of language combinations (including CA)

Variables – Text



HomeAssistant.io

- Open-source smart home software (GitHub)
- Preparation of the text with Okapi Framework
- Segments chosen randomly for the creation of the samples to be evaluated



Methodology – Human Evaluation 1

Relative Ranking

11 professional evaluators.

200 segments.

Rànquing de TA (Rank Comparison)

Source (English (United Kingdom))	
Start	
Current	This entity does not have a unique ID, therefore its settings cannot be managed from the UI.
Next	The {platform} integration is not loaded.
Target (Catalan)	
<input type="radio"/>	Aquesta entitat no té un ID únic, per tant la seva configuració no es pot gestionar des de la IU.
<input type="radio"/>	Aquesta entitat no té un ID únic, per tant, la seva configuració no es pot gestionar des de la interfície d'interès.
<input type="radio"/>	Aquesta entitat no té un únic ID, per tant no es poden abastar els seus paràmetres des del UI. (Info)
Comments	
<input type="text"/>	
Characters left: 500	



Methodology – Human Evaluation 2

Adequacy & Fluency

11 professional evaluators.

100 segments.

Precisió i fluïdesa S2, TA2

Source (English (United Kingdom))

Start

Current This service is run by our partner, a company founded by the founders of Home Assistant and Hass.io.

Next Go to the integrations page.

Target (Catalan)

Start

Current Aquest servei el gestiona el nostre soci, una empresa fundada pels fundadors de Home Assistant i Hass.io.

Next Vés a la pàgina d'integracions.

Fluency:

Incomprehensible Disfluent Good Flawless

[\(More Info\)](#)

Adequacy:

None Little Most Everything

[\(More Info\)](#)

Methodology – Human Evaluation 3

Post-Editing Evaluation

6 evaluators (2 groups of study: professionals & volunteers).

2 texts of 100 segments.

Information

Required Level of Quality: [Similar or equal to human translation](#)
Content Type: User Interface Text
Filename: PE_Sample1_TANS_taus_xlsx_empty_prod-qual.xlsx
Segment: 1 of 100

Source: English (United Kingdom)

Start

Current This entity does not have a unique ID, therefore its settings cannot be managed from the UI.

Next The {platform} integration is not loaded.

Target: Catalan

Start

Current Aquesta entitat no té un ID únic, per tant la seva configuració no es pot gestionar des de la IU.

PAUSE

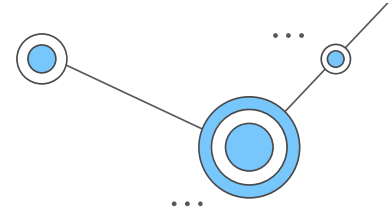
NEXT

Or Press Enter

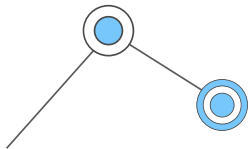
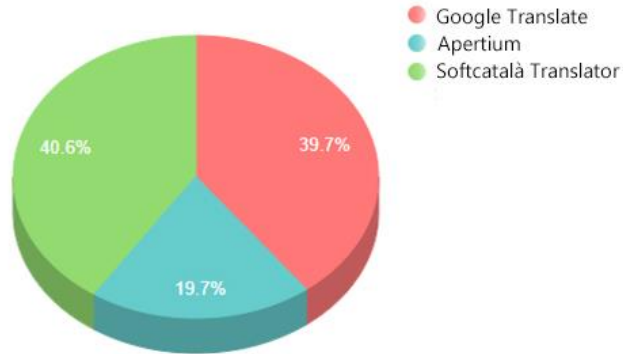
Post-Editing Evaluation (Explanation)

	Text 1, Engine 1	Text 1, Engine 2	Text 2, Engine 1	Text 2, Engine 2
Evaluator 1	✓	✗	✗	✓
Evaluator 2	✗	✓	✓	✗
Evaluator 3	✓	✗	✗	✓
Evaluator 4	✗	✓	✓	✗

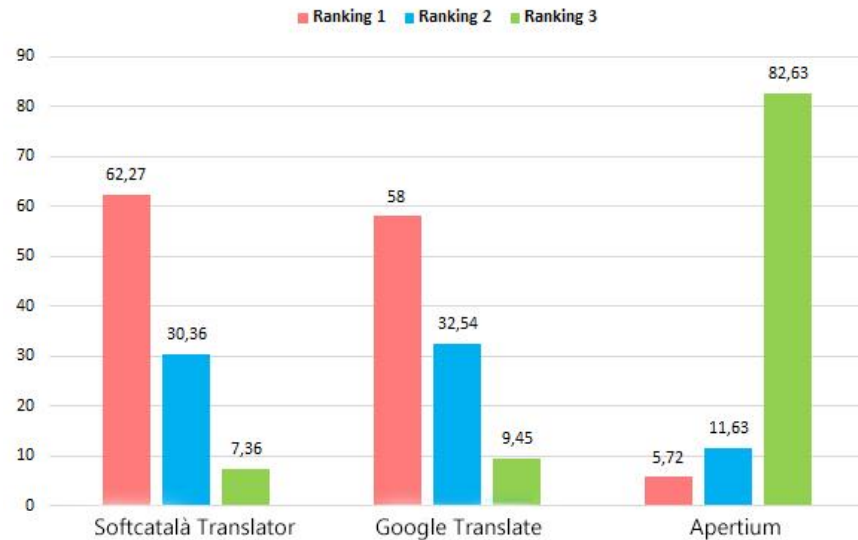
Results – MT Ranking



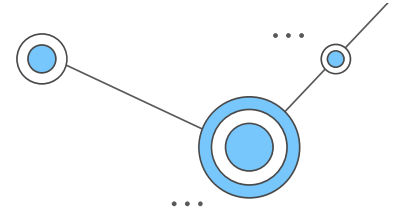
% of times an engine has received Ranking 1 evaluation



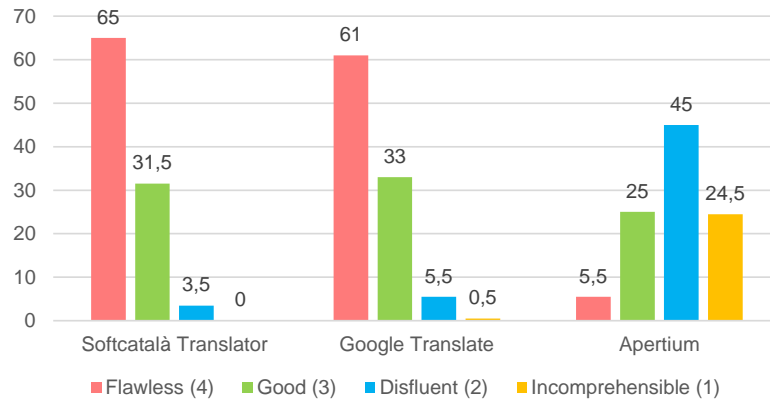
Ranking distribution per engine (in %)



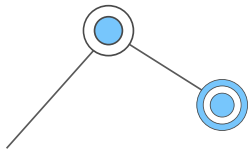
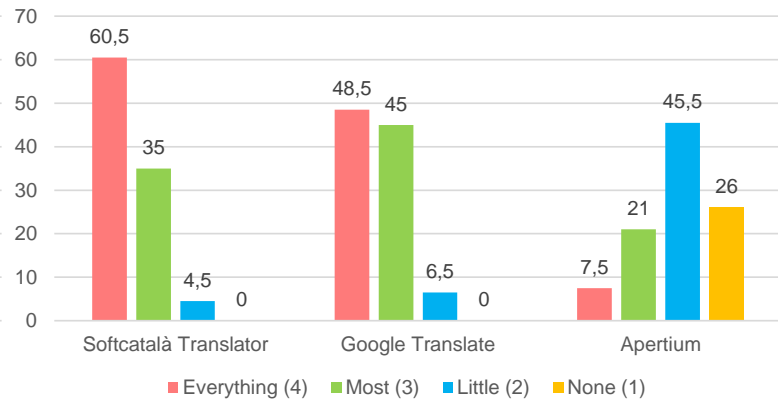
Results – Fluency & Adequacy



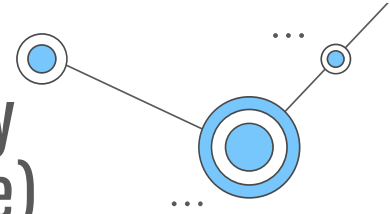
Fluency (in %)



Adequacy (in %)



Results – Post-Editing Productivity (group of study 1: Softcatalà–Google)



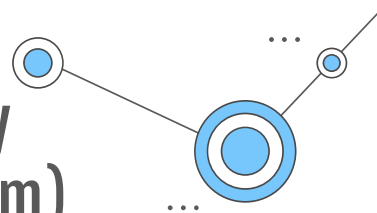
	Softcatalà Translator	Google Translate
PE Time (s)	Median 3909.07	Median 4131.64
Edit Distance* (segment)	9.79	10.35

222.563 seconds of difference; 5.69% productivity increase

		1-5 words	6-15 words	16 or >16 words
PE Time (s)	Softcatalà	Median 8.15	Median 18.44	Median 34.08
	Google	9.41	20.08	33.67

Edit distance* (seg.)	Softcatalà	5.34	11.53	9.79
	Google	12.22	9.31	11.20

Results – Post-Editing Productivity (group of study 2: Softcatalà-Apertium)



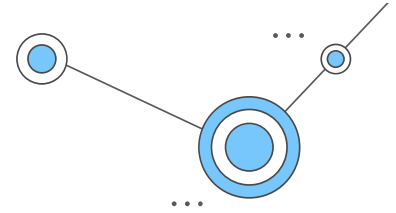
	Softcatalà Translator	Apertium
PE Time* (s)	Median 1859.51	Median 3743.41
Edit Distance* (segment)	6.81	24.85

1883.89 seconds of difference; 101.31 % productivity increase

		1-5 words	6-15 words	16 or >16 words
PE Time* (s)	Softcatalà	Median 5.95	Median 14.18	Median 25.83
	Apertium	14.11	28.64	55.70

Edit distance* (seg.)	Softcatalà	6.21	10.73	10.11
	Apertium	40.65	37.76	36.15

iMPact and Effects

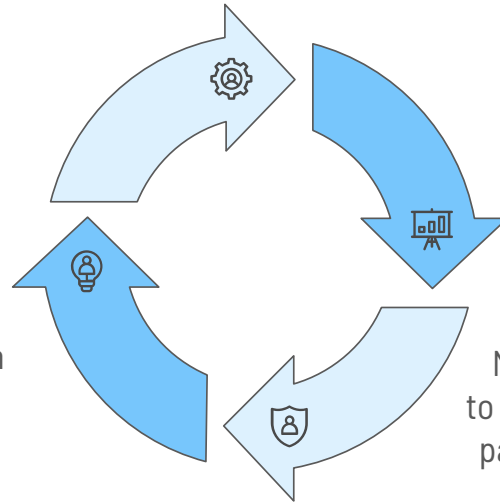


Normalisation

Low-resource languages gain presence on the Internet, society, etc.

Data Privacy

Confidential information is preserved.

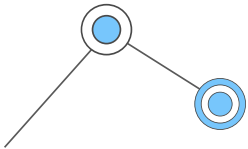


Language Diversity

Avoid language shifts to predominant languages. And fosters language literacy.

Crisis Scenarios

Multilingual communication to reach everyone, e.g. COVID pandemic, natural disasters.

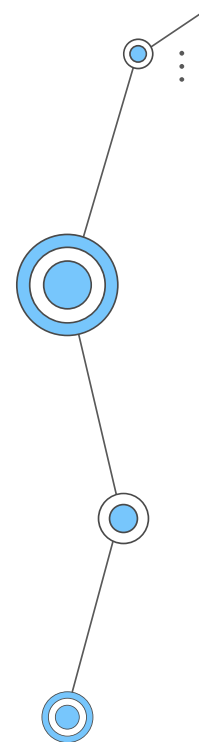
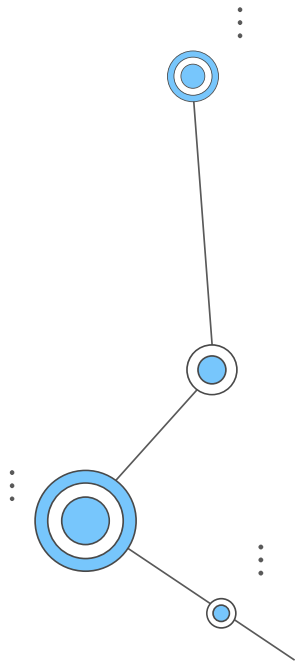


Thanks!

Do you have any questions?

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vicent.brivaiglesias2@mail.dcu.ie
@VicentBriva

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Gender bias in Neural Machine Translation

Argentina Anna Rescigno
Eva Vanmassenhove
Johanna Monti
Andy Way

6th October 2020

This work has been supported by the Dublin City University Faculty of Engineering & Computing and the University of Naples "L'Orientale" Department of Literary, Linguistic and Comparative Studies under the Erasmus+ Traineeship project number 2019-1-IT02-KA103-061753



- **Introduction**
 - A Note on Terminology
 - A Quick Problem Sketch

- **Experimental setup**
 - Compilation of Datasets
 - Description of the MT systems

- **Results & Analysis**

- **Three main points:**
 - Why does this kind of bias matter
 - What is its impact and on whom
 - Why we need to correct this bias

- **Conclusions and Future Work**



Introduction

Natural Gender

*“Gender based on the **sex** or, for neuter, the lack of sex of the referent of a noun, as English girl (feminine) is referred to by the feminine pronoun she, boy (masculine) by the masculine pronoun he, and table (neuter) by the neuter pronoun it.”*

Collins Dictionary 2018,
HarperCollins, London,
viewed September 2020
<http://www.collinsdictionary.com>

Introduction: a note on terminology

Natural Gender	Grammatical Gender
<p><i>“Gender based on the sex or, for neuter, the lack of sex of the referent of a noun, as English girl (<u>feminine</u>) is referred to by the feminine pronoun she, boy (<u>masculine</u>) by the masculine pronoun he, and table (neuter) by the <u>neuter</u> pronoun it.”</i></p> <p>Collins Dictionary 2018, HarperCollins, London, viewed September 2020 http://www.collinsdictionary.com</p>	<p><i>“Gender based on arbitrary assignment, without regard to the referent of a noun, as in French ‘le livre’ (masculine), “the book,” and German ‘das Mädchen’ (neuter), “the girl.”</i></p> <p>Collins Dictionary 2018, HarperCollins, London, viewed September 2020 http://www.collinsdictionary.com</p>

Introduction: a note on terminology

Natural Gender	Grammatical Gender	Social Gender
<p><i>“Gender based on the sex or, for neuter, the lack of sex of the referent of a noun, as English girl (<u>feminine</u>) is referred to by the feminine pronoun she, boy (<u>masculine</u>) by the masculine pronoun he, and table (neuter) by the <u>neuter</u> pronoun it.”</i></p> <p>Collins Dictionary 2018, HarperCollins, London, viewed September 2020 http://www.collinsdictionary.com</p>	<p><i>“Gender based on arbitrary assignment, without regard to the referent of a noun, as in French ‘le livre’ (masculine), “the book,” and German ‘das Mädchen’ (neuter), “the girl.”</i></p> <p>Collins Dictionary 2018, HarperCollins, London, viewed September 2020 http://www.collinsdictionary.com</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <i>Embedded in the lexicon of many languages</i> - <i>Systematic structural bias.</i> - <i>Masculine forms the default for generic use.</i>



Romance Languages (e.g. ES, FR, IT)

- animate/persons/animals

↓
grammatical gender = natural gender

- inanimate objects

↓
grammatical gender = arbitrary



Romance Languages (e.g. ES, FR, IT)	English
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> animate/persons/animals ↓ grammatical gender = natural gender inanimate objects ↓ grammatical gender = arbitrary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> grammatical gender is not inflectional pronominal gender → gender expressed through the pronouns = natural gender gender-neutralization of the language

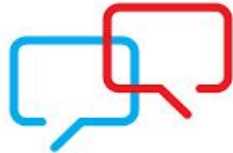
HELLO
my pronouns are

theirs	zim	their	
her	ze	she	his
xe	they	them	xim
hers	xey	him	he

A simple example:



**Io sono
contento!**



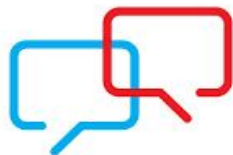
I am happy!

**Io sono
contenta!**

[Natural Gender]
[Grammatical Gender]



**Je suis
heureux!**



I am happy!

**Je suis
heureuse!**

[Natural Gender]
[Grammatical Gender]



Introduction: a quick problem sketch

		Subject gender	Predicative nominative gender	Agreement?
English	Mark is an efficient <u>nurse</u> .	M	covered	/
Italian	Mark è <u>un'infermiera</u> efficiente.	M	F	X
French	Mark est <u>une infirmière</u> efficace.	M	F	X
Spanish	Mark es <u>una enfermera</u> eficiente.	M	F	X

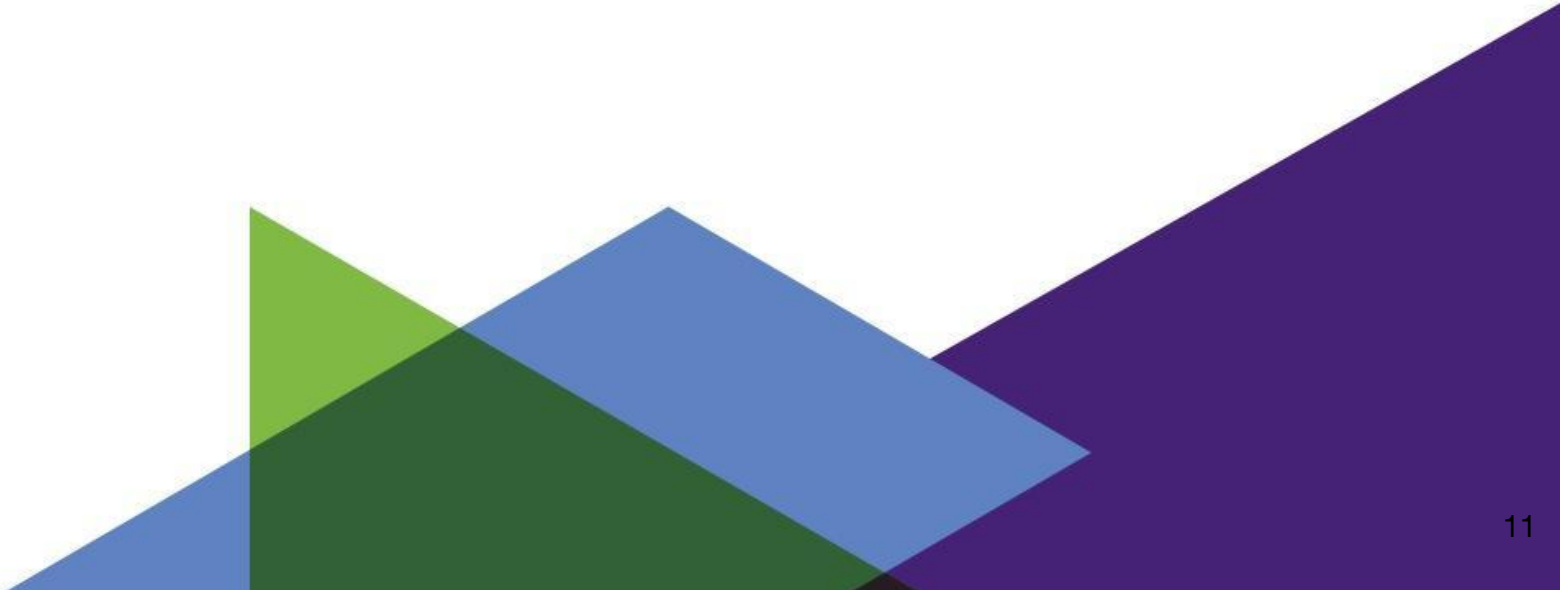
Nov 2019

- **Lack of diversity** → preference for masculine & gender-bias exemptions
- **Agreement errors**





Experimental Setup



Gender bias in MT



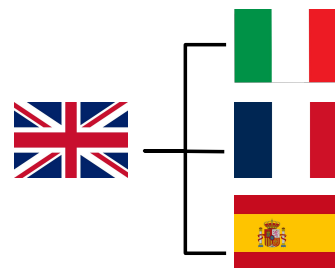
Google Translate



DeepL Translator



Bing Microsoft Translator



- personality adjectives
- profession nouns
- bigender nouns (in Italian)
 - minimal sentence “I am a(n)...”
 - sentence with a referring adjective

	#	Sources
Adjectives	136	(I, 2019a); (II, 2019a);(III, 2019)
Professions	107	(I, 2019b); (II, 2019b)
Bigender	30	(Cacciari et al., 1997); (Cacciari et al., 2011) (Thornton and Anna, 2004)

Table 1: Overview of adjectives, profession and bigender nouns along with the sources from which they were retrieved | 2

Compilation of Datasets

	#	Sources
Adjectives	136	(I, 2019a); (II, 2019a);(III, 2019)
Professions	107	(I, 2019b); (II, 2019b)
Bigender	30	(Cacciari et al., 1997); (Cacciari et al., 2011) (Thornton and Anna, 2004)

Table 1: Overview of adjectives, profession and bigender nouns along with the sources from which they were retrieved

English	Italian		French		Spanish	
I am an assistant.	Sono un assistente.	M	Je suis un assistant.	M	Soy asistente.	*
I am a beautiful assistant.	Sono una bellissima assistente.	F	Je suis une belle assistante.	F	Soy una bella asistente.	F
I am an efficient assistant.	Sono un assistente efficiente.	M	Je suis un assistant efficace.	M	Soy un asistente eficiente.	M
I am a translator.	Sono un traduttore.	M	Je suis un traducteur.	M	Soy un traductor.	M
I am a beautiful translator.	Sono una bellissima traduttrice.	F	Je suis une belle traductrice.	F	Soy una bella traductora.	F
I am an efficient translator.	Sono un traduttore efficiente.	M	Je suis un traducteur efficace.	M	Soy un traductor eficiente.	M





Google Translate

- 2003
- statistical MT system
- 2016 → neural MT system
- 2018 → double alternatives on word level





Google Translate



DeepL DeepL Translator

- 2017
- convolutional neural networks
- Linguee database (dictionary)
- nine languages supported
- provides not morphological alternatives
- serves also as glossary

Description of MT systems

www.adaptcentre.ie



Google Translate



DeepL DeepL Translator



bing
Translator

Bing Microsoft Translator

- originally a statistical MT system
- switched to a neural system
- does not provides alternatives but
- provides examples of usage





Results & Analysis

□ ADJECTIVES

ADJ	GT	BMT	DL
F	37.3	1.5	22.8
M	39.2	58.8	45.6
N	20.7	33.1	26.5
Other	2.8	6.5	5.1
Total	100	100	100

Table 2: Results in % for male (M), female (F) and neutral (N) adjectives generated for EN → IT for GT, BMT and DL. The “Other” label includes all results obtained that do not correspond to the “adjective” category



❑ NOUNS

NOUN	GT	BMT	DL
F	35.8	0.9	7.5
M	46.1	60.4	60.4
N	17.6	28.3	28.3
Other	0.6	10.5	3.7
Total	100	100	100

Table 3: Results in % for male (M), female (F) and neutral (N) nouns generated for EN → IT for GT, BMT and DL. The “Other” label includes all results obtained that do not correspond to the “noun” category

BMT	IT			FR			ES		
	F	M	N	F	M	N	F	M	N
no adj.	10.0	86.7	Q*	10.0	63.3	26.7	3.3	66.7	30.0
beautiful	63.3	36.7	0.0	43.3	56.7	0.0	66.7	33.3	0.0
other adj.	13.3	83.3	Q*	3.3	96.7	0.0	6.7	93.3	0.0
DL	IT			FR			ES		
	F	M	N	F	M	N	F	M	N
no adj.	30.0	70.0	0.0	20.0	63.3	16.7	3.3	76.6	20.0
beautiful	83.3	16.7	0.0	73.3	26.7	0.0	96.7	3.3	0.0
other adj.	53.3	43.3	Q*	13.3	83.3	3.3	6.7	93.3	0.0
GT	IT			FR			ES		
	F	M	N	F	M	N	F	M	N
no adj.	6.7	93.3	0.0	6.7	90.0	3.3	3.3	66.7	30.0
beautiful	43.3	56.7	0.0	80.	20.0	0.0	80.0	20.0	0.0
other adj.	3.3	96.7	0.0	3.3	96.7	0.0	3.3	96.7	0.0

- *beautiful*

other adjectives:

- *efficient*
- *intelligent*
- *sad*
- *famous*

Table 4: Results in % for male (M), female (F) and neutral (N) forms generated for EN → IT, FR and ES for BMT, DL and GT

BMT	IT			FR			ES		
	F	M	N	F	M	N	F	M	N
no adj.	10.0	86.7	Q*	10.0	63.3	26.7	3.3	66.7	30.0
beautiful	63.3	36.7	0.0	43.3	56.7	0.0	66.7	33.3	0.0
other adj.	13.3	83.3	Q*	3.3	96.7	0.0	6.7	93.3	0.0
DL	IT			FR			ES		
	F	M	N	F	M	N	F	M	N
no adj.	30.0	70.0	0.0	20.0	63.3	16.7	3.3	76.6	20.0
beautiful	83.3	16.7	0.0	73.3	26.7	0.0	96.7	3.3	0.0
other adj.	53.3	43.3	Q*	13.3	83.3	3.3	6.7	93.3	0.0
GT	IT			FR			ES		
	F	M	N	F	M	N	F	M	N
no adj.	6.7	93.3	0.0	6.7	90.0	3.3	3.3	66.7	30.0
beautiful	43.3	56.7	0.0	80.	20.0	0.0	80.0	20.0	0.0
other adj.	3.3	96.7	0.0	3.3	96.7	0.0	3.3	96.7	0.0

- *beautiful*

other adjectives:

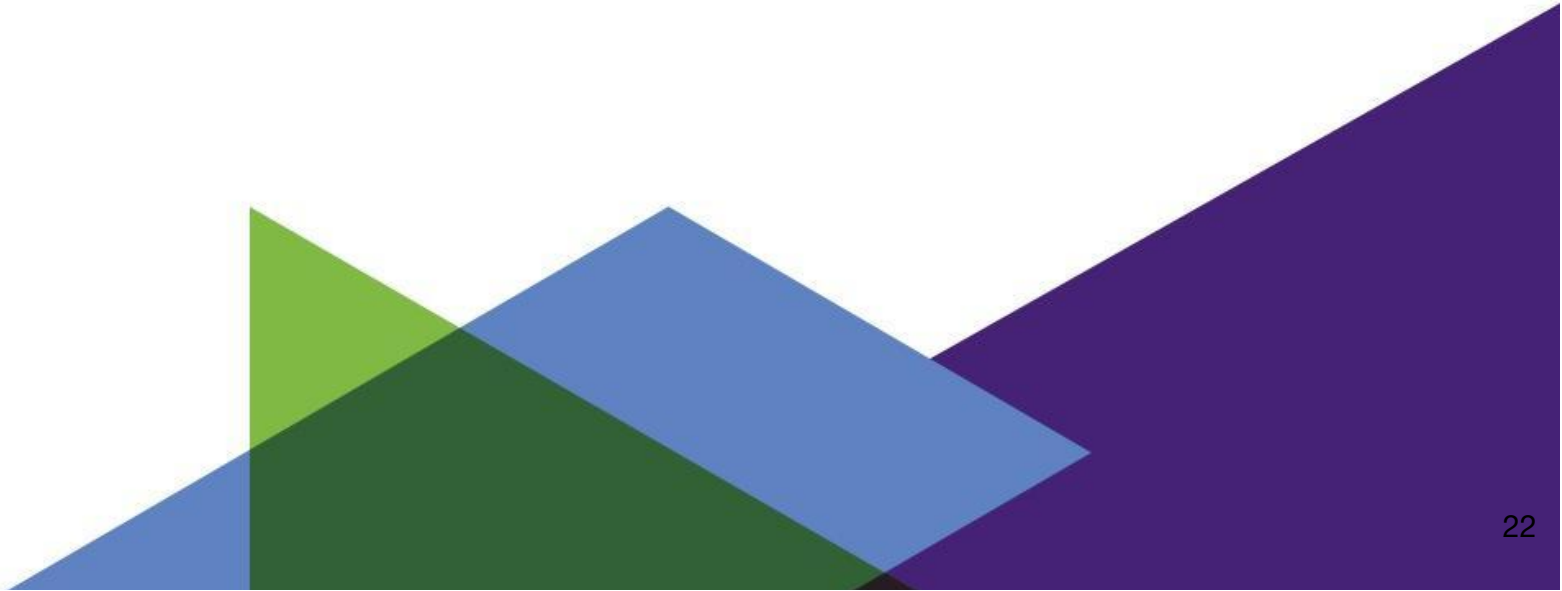
- *efficient*
- *intelligent*
- *sad*
- *famous*

Table 4: Results in % for male (M), female (F) and neutral (N) forms generated for EN → IT, FR and ES for BMT, DL and GT

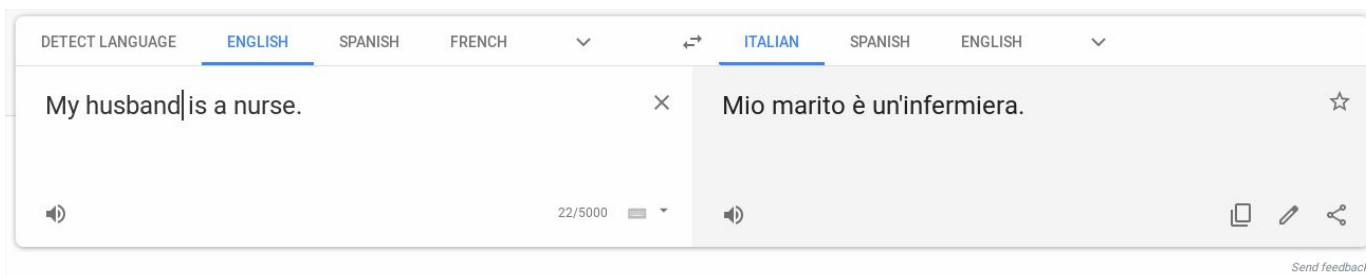


Engaging Content
Engaging People

iMpacT

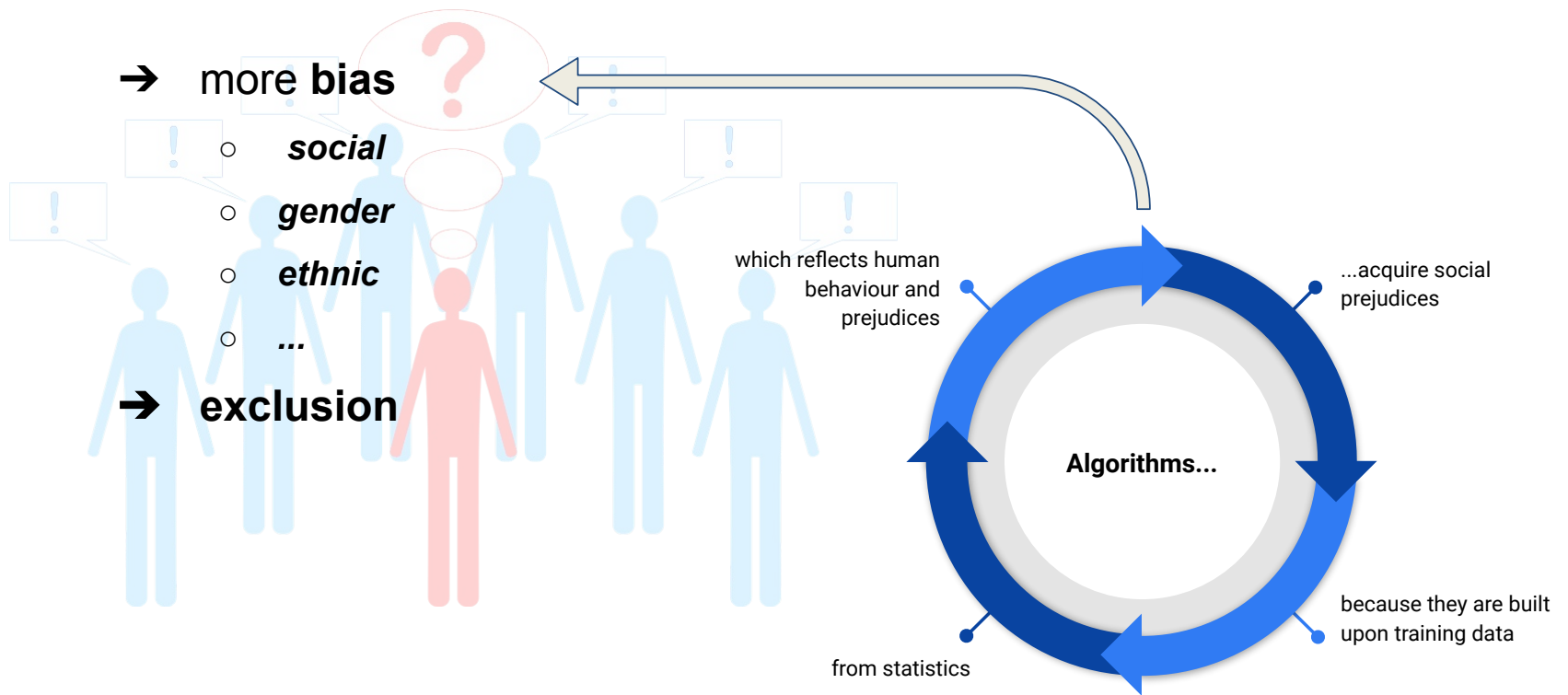


- **From a linguistic point of view:**
 - Avoiding basic gender agreement mistakes



- **From a technological point of view:**
 - Solving these issues is not trivial (see attempts Google)
 - Black box of NLP (we have no/little control over the actual output that are being generated)
- **From a societal/ethical point of view:**
 - Identifying biases in current state-of-the-art systems is important so they don't end up getting mistaken for 'objective' translations
 - if an MT system is being used without human in the loop: real-world consequences

Break the cycle





Conclusion and Future Work

Conclusion:

- Remove gender bias in training data
- Train algorithms to address the problem
- Stop using masculine “neutral” in machine learning texts
- Evaluation of gender phenomena is challenging



Future Work:

- Extend to other language pairs (different languages → different gender phenomena)
- Larger evaluation of more diverse set of words
- Create language specific challenge sets to evaluate how biased is an MT system
- Train our own MT system to verify whether machine bias influences the output of the translation



Thank you for your attention!

This work has been supported by the Dublin City University Faculty of Engineering & Computing under the Daniel O'Hare Research Scholarship scheme and by the ADAPT Centre for Digital Content Technology, funded under the SFI Research Centres Programme (Grant 13/RC/2106) and co-funded under the European Regional Development Fund, by the European Commission as part of the FALCON project (contract number 610879)



European Union
European Regional
Development Fund



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Empowering translators of marginalized languages through the use of language technology

Alp Öktem, Manuel Locria, Eric Paquin, Grace Tang



**TRANSLATORS
WITHOUT BORDERS**

Language and COVID-19 ▼

Language diversity in the COVID-19 pandemic. Hover here for sources.

Where cases are rising fastest

% CHANGE (LAST 5 DAYS) OF COVID-19 CASES

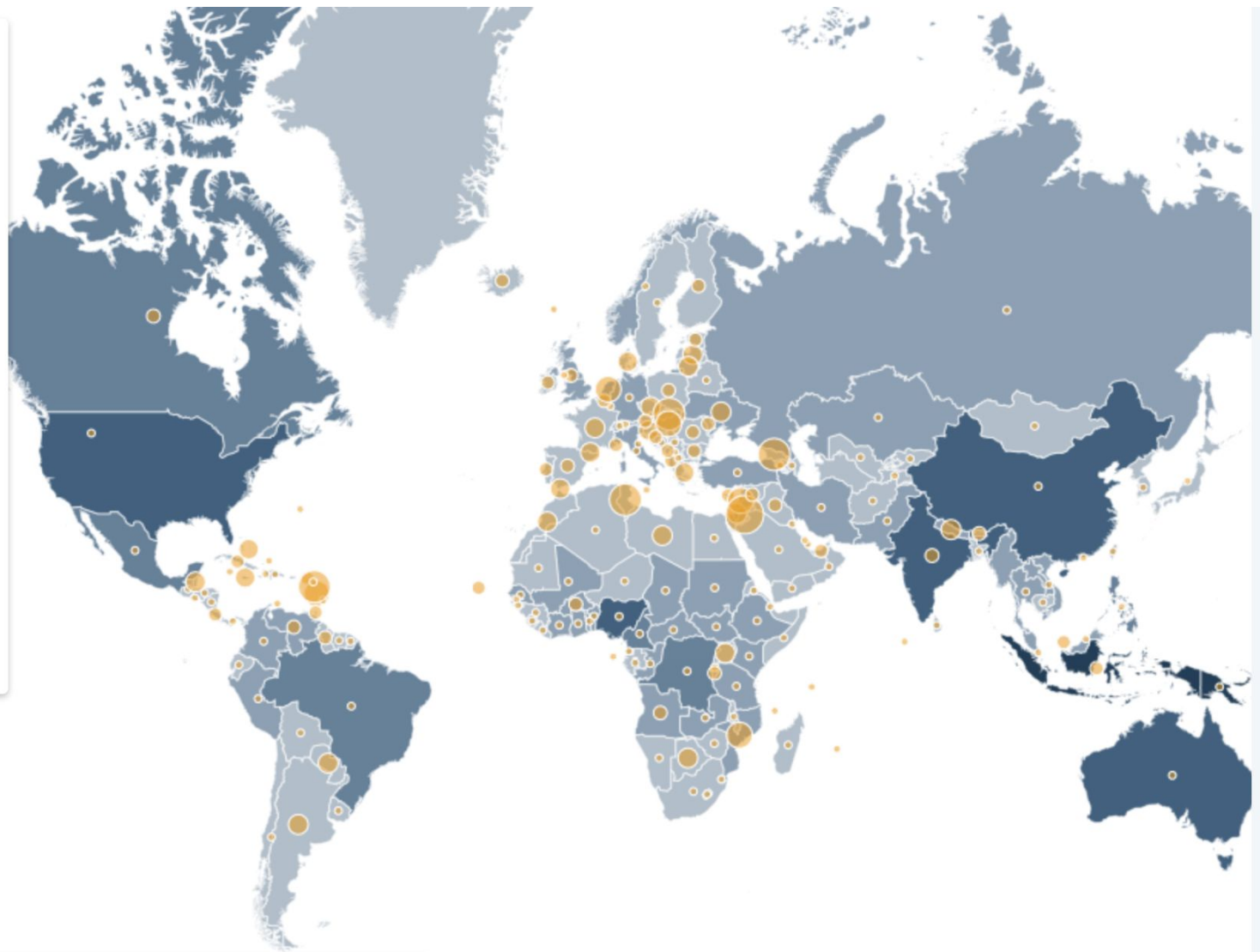


Active cases

Per capita

Language diversity

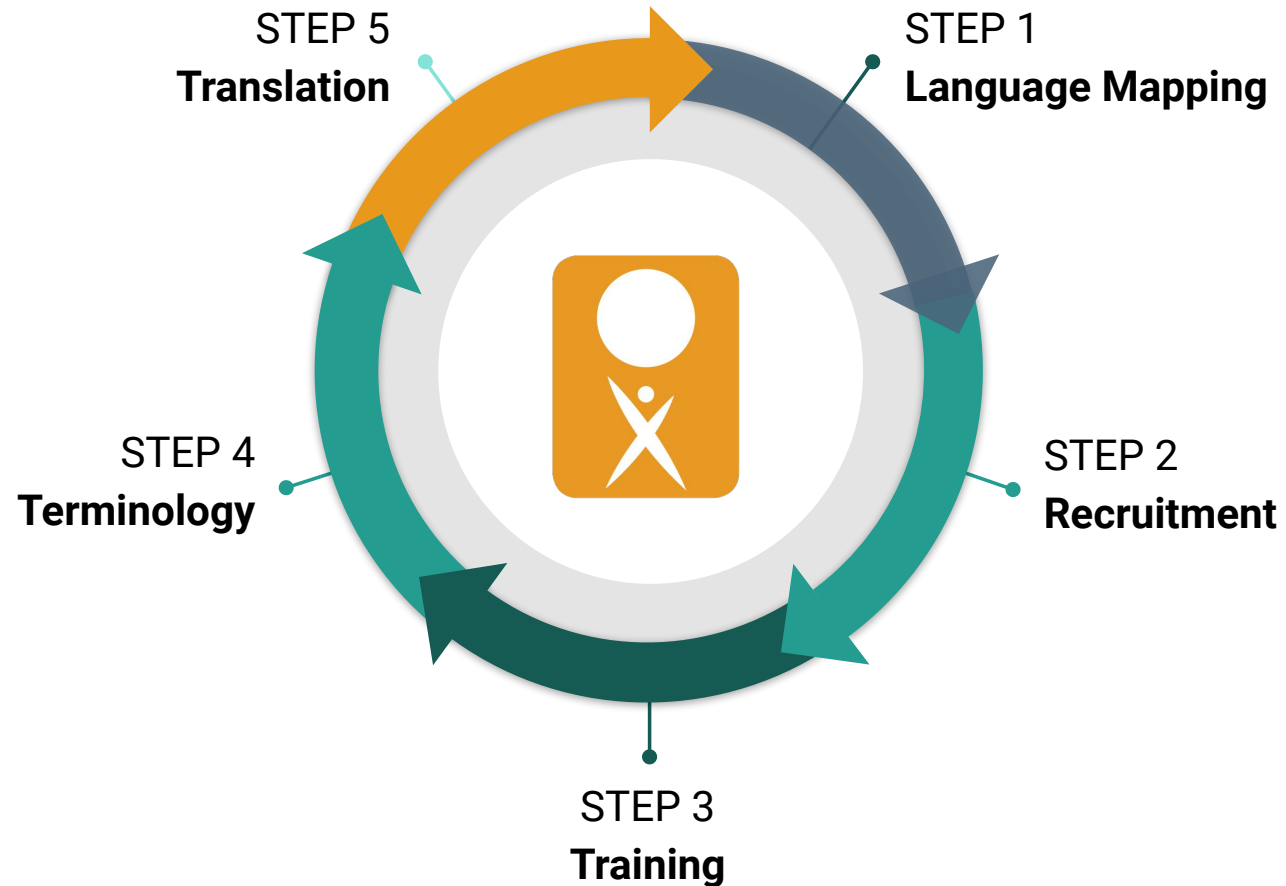
NUMBER OF LANGUAGES SPOKEN



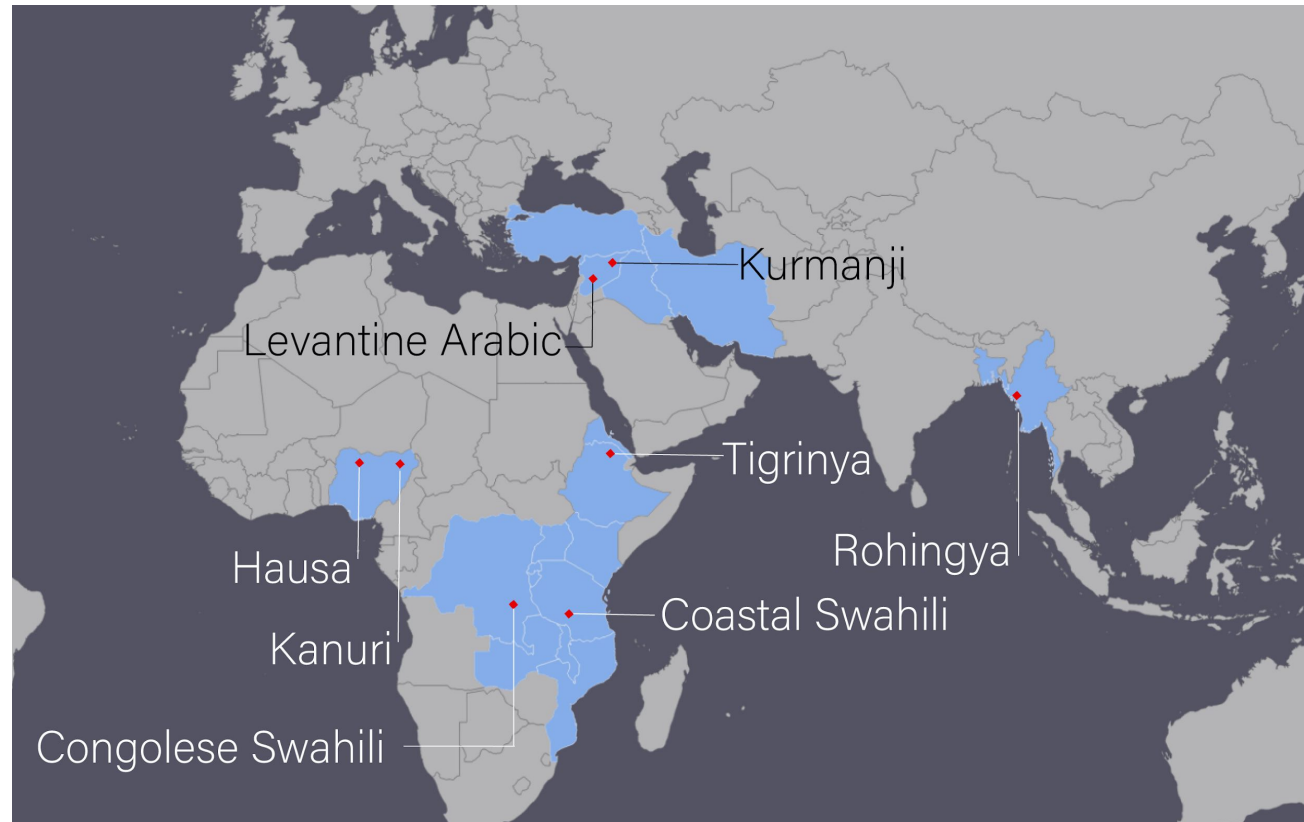
© TWB, OCHA, John Hopkins, TWB, OCHA, John Hopkins, TWB, OCHA, John Hopkins, © CARTO



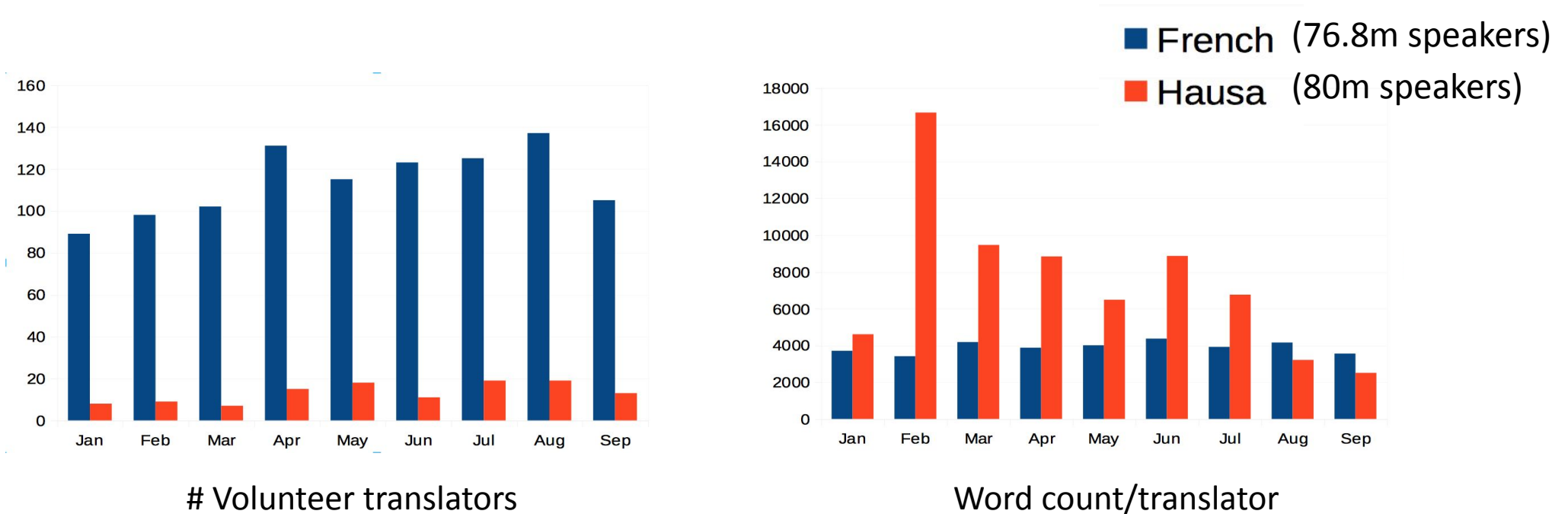
Linguistic crisis response



Linguistic crisis response



Hausa vs. French



Data from Kato: TWB's translation platform during Covid-19 pandemic

How can
language technology help
to empower translators of **marginalized**
languages?

A photograph of a rural village scene with people and thatched huts, overlaid with a teal text box. The scene shows a person in the foreground pouring water from a pot into a large wooden container. In the background, another person is visible, and the setting appears to be a traditional village with thatched-roof buildings.

Language data collection

parallel and audio data



Language data collection

parallel and audio data

MT model development

leveraging low-resource methodologies



Language data collection

parallel and audio data

MT model development

leveraging low-resource methodologies

Machine-assisted translation

tailored for non-professional translators

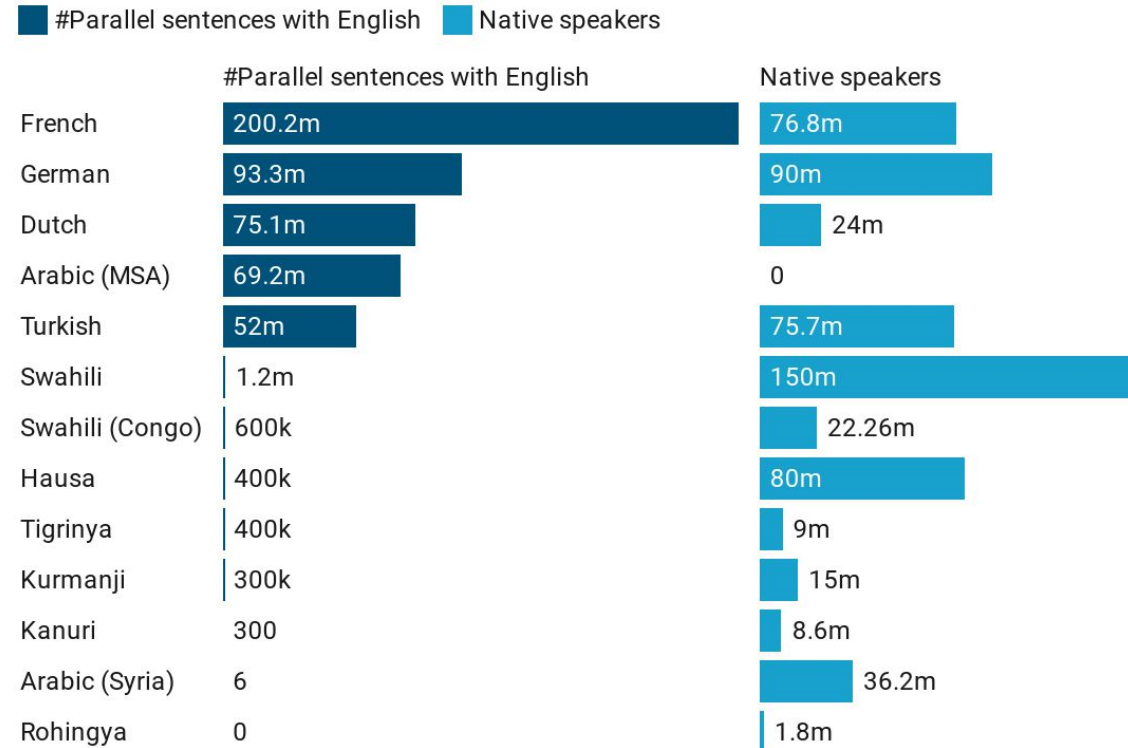
A photograph of a rural village scene. In the foreground, a man is bent over, filling a large metal pot from a well. In the background, a woman in a colorful sari stands near another well. The scene is set in a village with traditional thatched-roof huts. A teal banner with white text is overlaid on the image.

Language data collection

NMT for humanitarian impact

Language Data Disparity

Data has been consolidated from the OPUS collection of publicly available parallel corpora paired with English.



Gamayun kits

- Starting point for developing audio and text corpora for languages without pre-existing data resources.
- Four dataset versions:
 - Mini-kit - 5,000 sentences
 - Small-kit - 10,000 sentences
 - Medium-kit - 15,000 sentences
 - Large-kit - 30,000 sentences.
- Source sentences in English, Spanish, French
- Freely available from <https://gamayun.translatorswb.org/>
 - Currently mini-kits in Hausa, Kanuri, Rohingya, Swahili, Nande

Data

MT

Application



MT model development

MT model development

- Languages: Levantine Arabic, Tigrinya, Congolese Swahili
- Main techniques employed:
 - Domain adaptation
 - Dialect adaptation
 - Cross-lingual transfer learning
 - Back-translation



Domain/dialect adaptation

- Levantine Arabic to English machine translation
- For social media content by Syrian refugees in Jordan
- Small in-domain data (5200 sentences)
- Modern Standard Arabic as base model

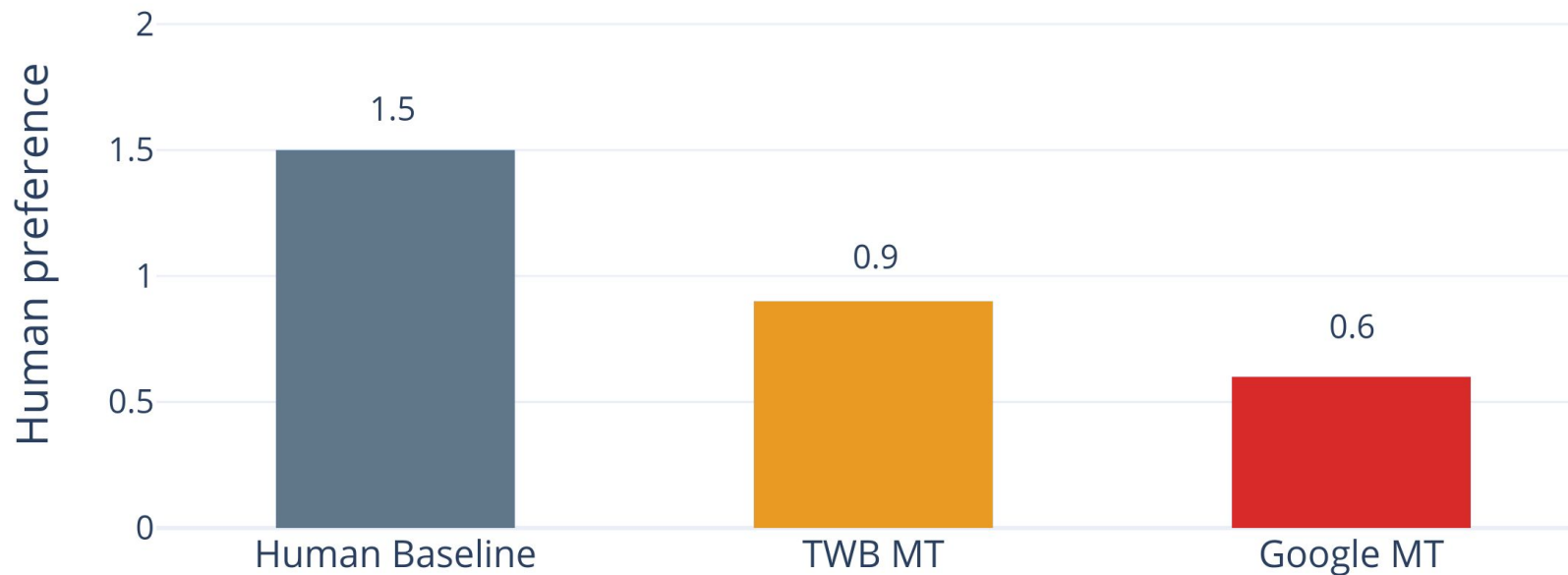


Domain/dialect adaptation



Manual evaluation of TWB's Levantine Arabic MT for usability in social media monitoring

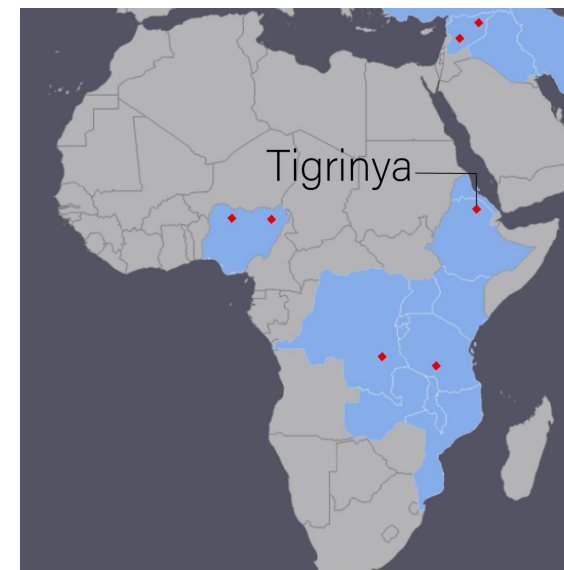
Domain/dialect adaptation



Tigrinya NMT

- Semitic language with estimate # speakers of 7.9 million
- Refugee language in Europe and USA
- Hard-to-resource for translation
 - 3 active translators
 - %81 claimed in 2020
 - 72-day average delay
- Transfer learning from Amharic

ትግርኛ

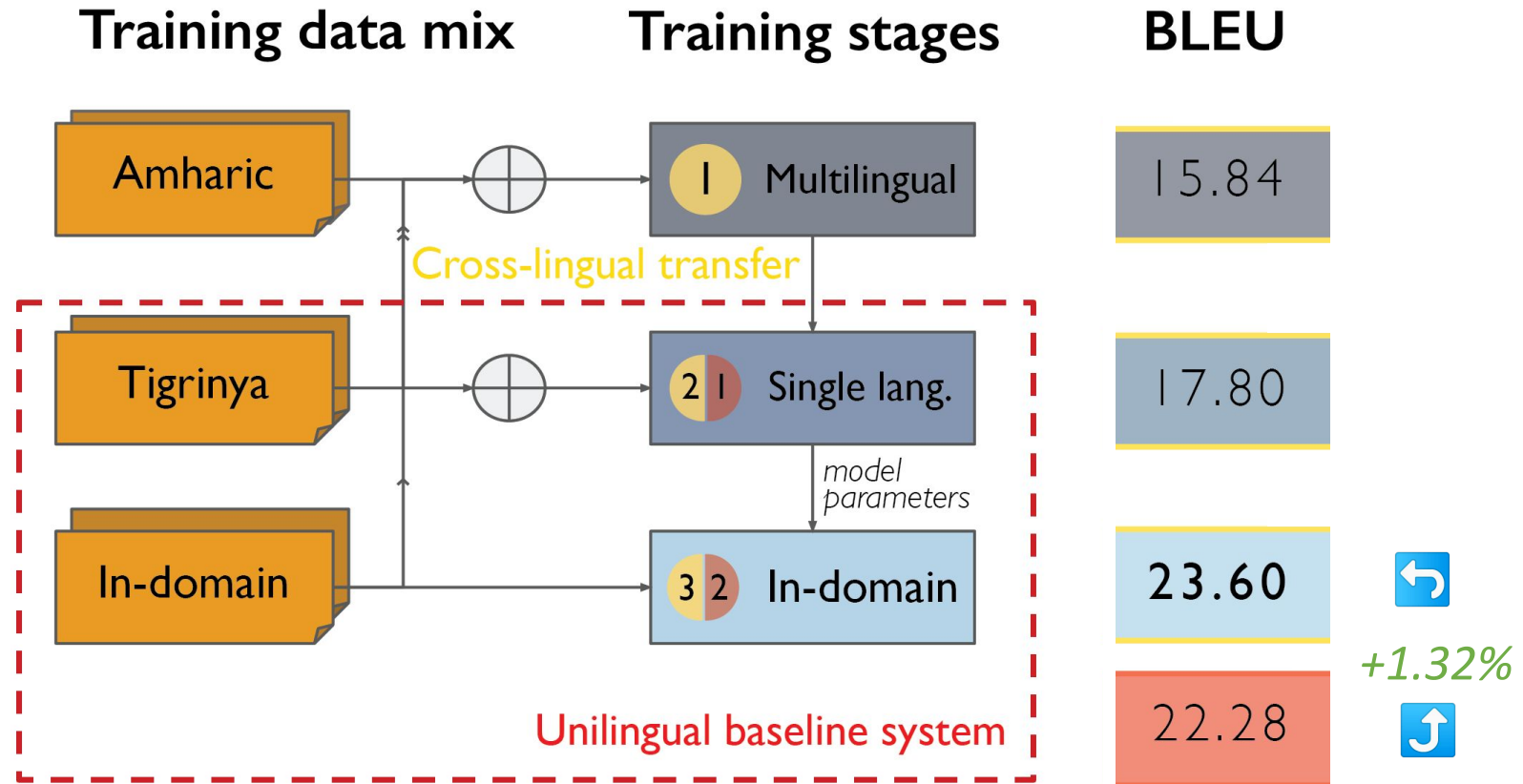


Data

MT

Application

Tigrinya NMT



Cross-lingual transfer learning and domain adaptation

Tigrinya NMT

- Bidirectionality challenge:
 - Tigrinya-to-English: 23.60 BLEU
 - English-to-Tigrinya: 9.92 BLEU
- More details on paper:
 - A. Öktem, M. Plitt, G. Tang. *Tigrinya neural machine translation with transfer learning for humanitarian response*. AfricaNLP Workshop organized within ICLR, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, April 2020.



The screenshot shows the website interface for Translators Without Borders. At the top left is the logo with the text "TRANSLATORS WITHOUT BORDERS". At the top right is a "HOME" link. Below the logo, there is a breadcrumb trail: "Home > Demo > Tigrinya Demo". The main heading is "Tigrinya text to be translated". Below this is a text input field containing Tigrinya text: "ኣብ ግዳሕ ናይ ኣዉሮፓ ሃገር ናይ ቤተሰብ ኣባል እንተድኣ ኣለኩም ከምኡውን ክብኣቶም ብኣንሳብ እንደገና ንምርኻብ እንተድኣ ደሊኩም ከትምዘገብ እንተለኹ ጊዜ ከምኡውን ዓብራ ኣጻብዕ ከትልዓል እንተለኹ ነቲ ናይቲ ዑቕብ በዓል ሞያ ከተፍልጥ ኣለኹ።". Below the input field is a "Translate" button. Underneath is the heading "Translated text" and a text output field containing the English translation: "If you have a family member in another european country and if you want to register the night, make sure you have to make a registration."

<https://gamayun.translatorswb.org/>





Machine-assisted translation

Interactive Machine Translation

- Proof-of-concept by Microsoft Research India
- Assisted translation through:
 - on-the-fly hints
 - suggestions
- Alternative to post-editing



Santy, Dandapat, Choudhury, Bali. "INMT: Interactive Neural Machine Translation Prediction". EMNLP 2019

Interactive Machine Translation

- Faster turnaround of document translations
 - compared to manual, and post-edited

Word Coverage and Translation Gisting	Suggestions	Keystrokes
<p>उसी प्रकार मानसिक स्वास्थ्य के लिए ज्ञान की प्राप्ति आवश्यक है</p> <p>Similarly , knowledge for mental health is necessary .</p>	<p>Similarly ,</p> <p>In the</p> <p>The knowledge</p> <p>Thus ,</p> <p>So the</p>	<p>↓ ↓ Enter ←</p>
<p>उसी प्रकार मानसिक स्वास्थ्य के लिए ज्ञान की प्राप्ति आवश्यक है</p> <p>In the same way , knowledge of knowledge is essential for mental health</p>	<p>same way</p>	<p>Tab Tab Tab Tab</p>
<p>उसी प्रकार मानसिक स्वास्थ्य के लिए ज्ञान की प्राप्ति आवश्यक है</p> <p>In the same way , knowledge of knowledge is essential for mental health</p>	<p>of knowledge</p> <p>is essential</p> <p>is necessary</p> <p>for mental</p>	<p>i</p>
<p>उसी प्रकार मानसिक स्वास्थ्य के लिए ज्ञान की प्राप्ति आवश्यक है</p> <p>In the same way , knowledge is essential for mental health</p>	<p>is essential for</p> <p>is necessary for</p> <p>is required to</p>	<p>Enter ←</p>
<p>उसी प्रकार मानसिक स्वास्थ्य के लिए ज्ञान की प्राप्ति आवश्यक है</p> <p>In the same way , knowledge is essential for mental health</p>		<p>Page ↓</p>

Interactive Machine Translation

- Faster turnaround of document translations
 - compared to manual, and post-edited
- Human-machine collaboration to best leverage low-resource models

	Data Size	0%	10%	20%	40%
bn-en	1.1M	25.31	27.54	35.68	54.03
hi-en	1.5M	40.64	42.06	47.90	62.18
ml-en	897K	19.76	21.95	29.84	49.88
ta-en	428K	18.71	20.90	27.05	44.55
te-en	104K	11.92	14.57	21.17	41.98

Table 2: Multi-BLEU Score with x% of partial input

Interactive Machine Translation

- Faster turnaround of document translations
 - compared to manual, and post-edited
- Human-machine collaboration to best leverage low-resource models
- **Boost for hard-to-source languages**
 - for translation by non-experts
 - for crowdsourced data collection





Language data collection

parallel and audio data

MT model development

leveraging low-resource methodologies

Machine-assisted translation

tailored for non-professional translators

#Language**Technology**Matters

✉ alp@translatorswb.org

🌐 <https://translatorswithoutborders.org/>



**TRANSLATORS
WITHOUT BORDERS**



TRANSLATORS WITHOUT BORDERS

NMT for humanitarian impact

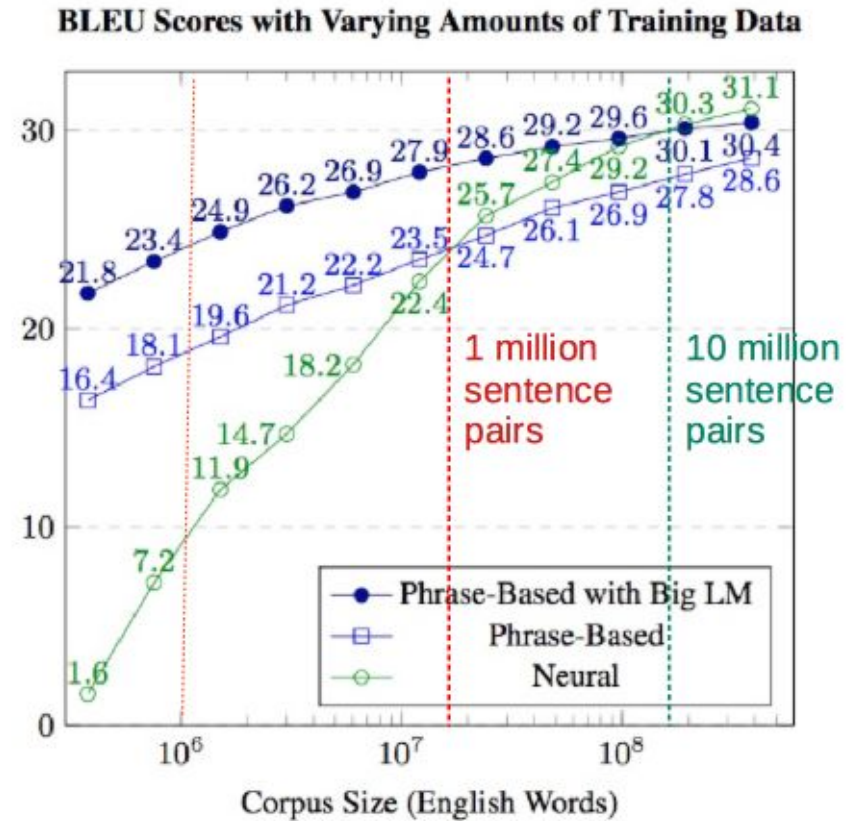


Diagram edited from Koehn and Knowles (2017)

Tigrinya NMT

SMT on 7 Ethiopian languages
(Teferra Abate et al., 2018)

Parallel corpus of 300+ languages from *jw.org*
(Agić and Vulić, 2019)

Available on OPUS repository
(Tiedemann, 2012)

TWB's translation memories

	Ethiopian corpus	JW300	Bible-uedin	Global voices	GNOME	Tanzil	TWB	TOTAL
Amharic	66K	722K	61K	1.6K	57K	94K	-	1M
Ge'ez	11K	-	-	-	-	-	-	11K
Tigrinya	36K	400K	-	-	-	-	2.5K	439K

Dataset sizes (#sentences) for Ge'ez scripted languages



Gamayun kits

Language	kit-5k	Audio	Language tech development goals
Hausa	✓	⚙️	Machine-assisted data collection
Kanuri	✓	⚙️	Machine-assisted data collection
Kurmanji Kurdish		⚙️	Machine-assisted survey transcription
Rohingya	✓	✓	Glossary with voice search
Coastal Swahili	✓	✓	MT and audio keyword detection
Congolese Swahili	✓		Interactive neural machine translation
Tigrinya	⚙️		Interactive neural machine translation

Data

MT

Application

Interactive Machine Translation

How?

- Constrained decoding on top of *OpenNMT* models
- Latest development: BPE integration
- Work-in-progress: Evaluation with our volunteer translators

Demo

- <https://microsoft.github.io/inmt/>





BUSINESS TRANSLATION BEYOND LOCALIZATION

KIRTI VASHEE

AMTA 2020

THE GLOBAL VILLAGE IS A REALITY



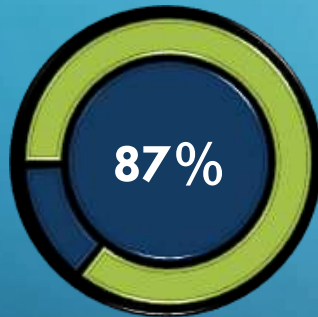
We are connected as never before



Content increasingly defines the digital presence of the modern enterprise

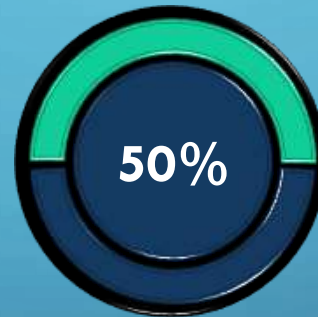
CONTENT REALLY MATTERS IN THE DIGITAL MARKETPLACE

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION
IS THE FUEL FOR
ECONOMIC GROWTH



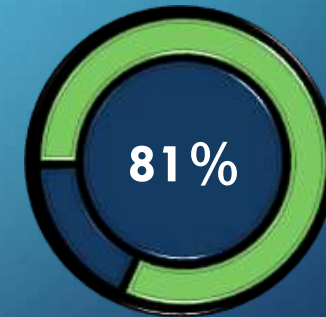
87% of companies believe digital transformation is a **competitive opportunity**

GLOBALIZATION
HAS GONE
DIGITAL



50% of the world's traded services are **delivered digitally**

SECURITY
REMAINS A
TOP CONCERN




81% of companies expressed high levels of concern over **data breaches**



Since 2000, 52% of companies in the Fortune 500 have either gone bankrupt, been acquired, or ceased to exist as a result of digital disruption

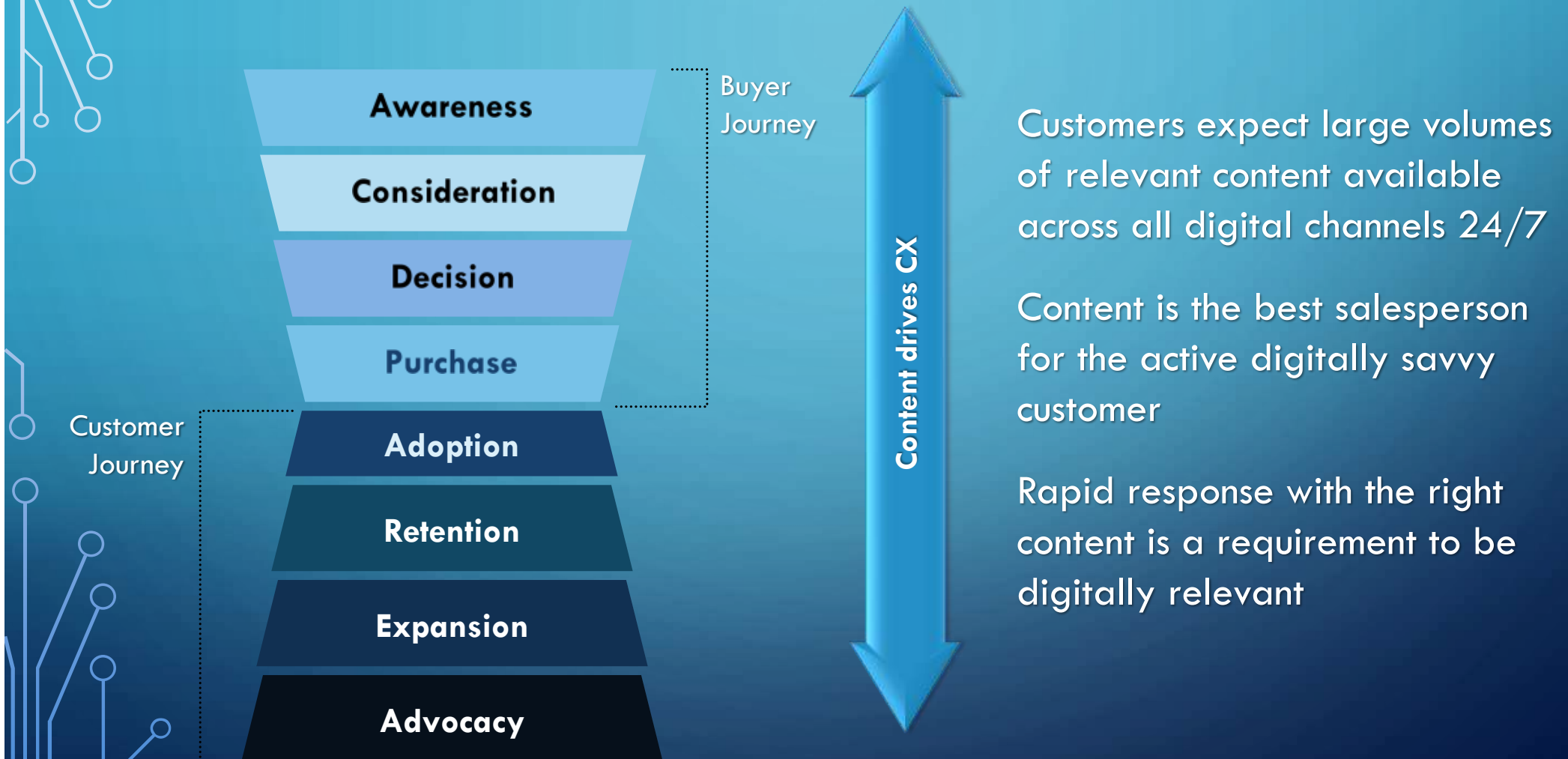
75% of today's S&P 500 will be replaced by 2027

Innosight Research



Large volumes of multilingual data flows have created
a huge and growing need for rapid translation

THE IMPACT OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION



MT expands the reach of translation solutions into the heart of the enterprise

The potential to use unedited RAW MT continues to grow and increasingly enhances international business initiatives



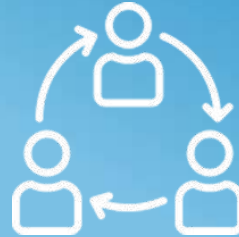
MT makes all content instantly multilingual

Customers



Listen
Understand
Communicate

Employees



Collaborate
Communicate
Innovate

Partners



Collaborate
Leverage
Co-create

MT works across ongoing data flows between stakeholders

MT IN THE LOCALIZATION INDUSTRY

COST CONTAINMENT

PEMT EFFICIENCY

QUALITY MEASUREMENT

**Ignores the transformational role of RAW MT when
integrated with flowing enterprise content**

HIGH VOLUME HIGH ROI ENTERPRISE MT USE CASES

Human Quality

Quality



Localization

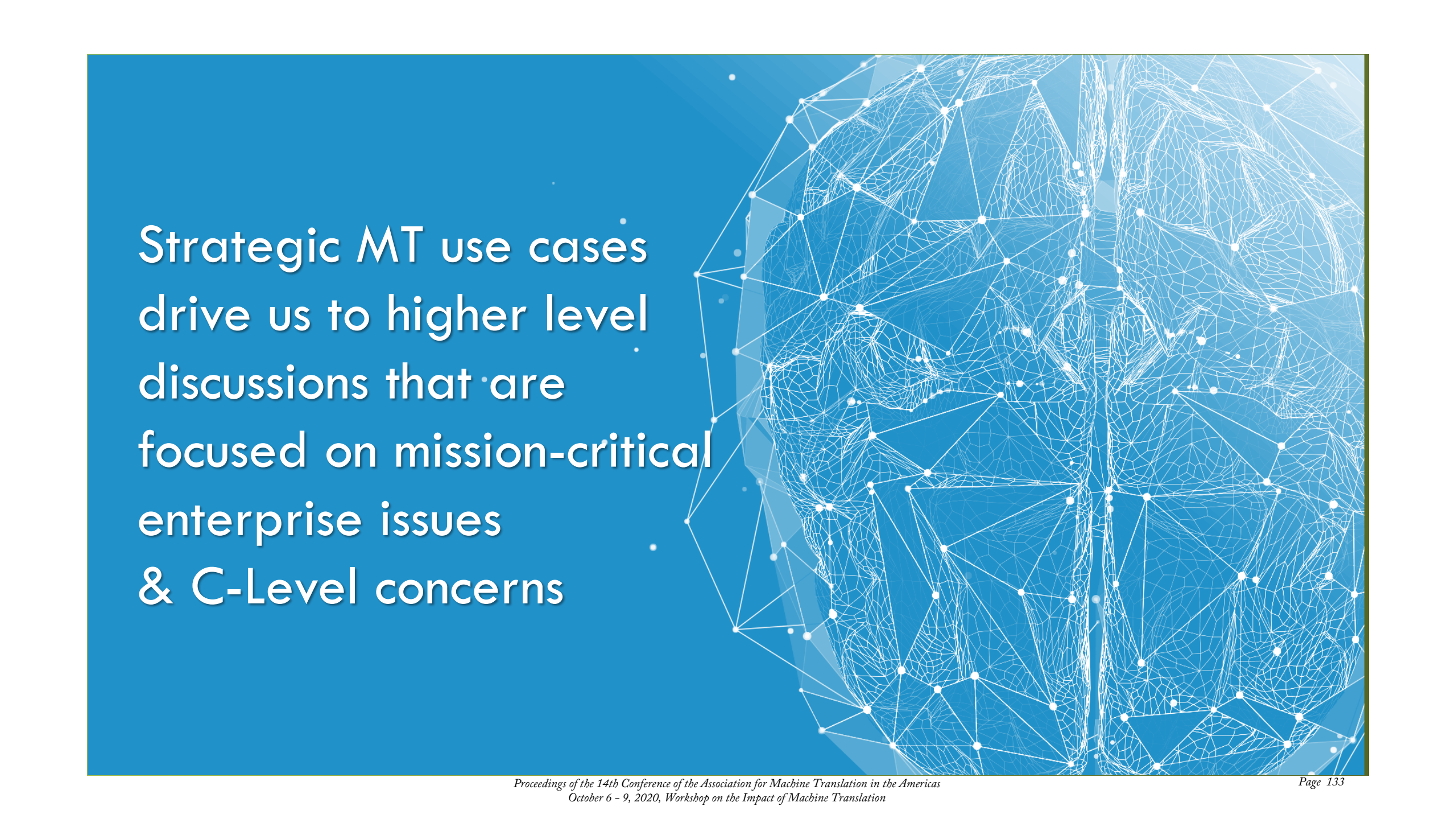
This is the PEMT zone

This is mostly a Linguistic Steering zone

Best ROI
Best Global Impact

Volume





Strategic MT use cases
drive us to higher level
discussions that are
focused on mission-critical
enterprise issues
& C-Level concerns

Enterprise MT

Communication & Collaboration

Improved Global Agility & Responsiveness
Internal & External

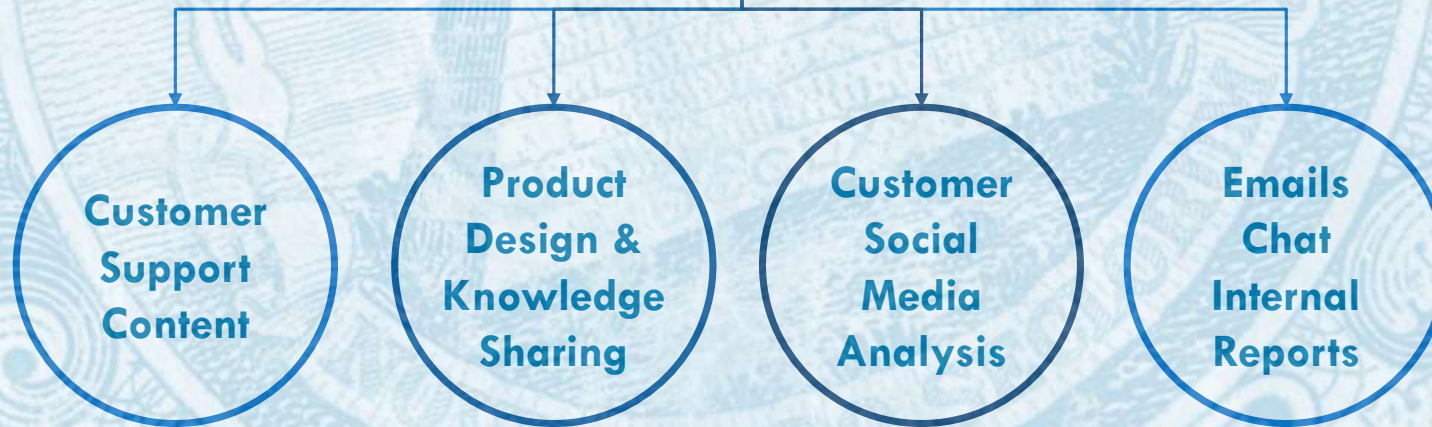
Where can translation be used in the Enterprise?



.....

Problem: Staff need to communicate and collaborate in real-time, globally, in their multiple languages, and listen and respond to global customers

.....



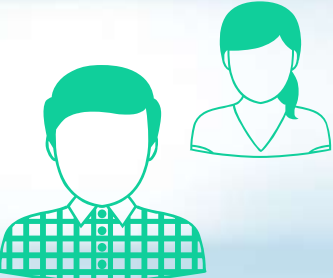
Content drives revenue and is critical to overall customer experience

Keep Customers

-  Customer service
-  Technical support
-  Education + adoption
-  Advice + best practices
-  Personalized moments
-  Personalized recommendations




Get Customers



Enterprise MT

Global Customer Care & Support
Enhance the Global Customer Experience



Today, email and voice are top supported interactions; email and chat are to become top interactions within 12 months
(Any device, Any channel, Always on)

Contact Center 2.0 Research Report

This corresponds with the top challenges facing today's contact centers, with companies ranking improving customer experiences and customer satisfaction in the top first and third spots, respectively.

**“I love calling customer service!”
...said no customer ever.**

QUALITY = DID IT SOLVE THE CUSTOMER PROBLEM



Easy

- 24/7
- Omni-channel access
- Multilingual

Fast

- Single interaction resolution
- Minimal Wait

Accurate

- Single source of truth
- Complete

Is support content available **faster** around the world?

Is it **easily found**?

Is it **useful**?

MT ENABLES BROAD GLOBAL REACH ACROSS ESCALATION TIERS

Self Service
Knowledge
Base

Interactive
Chatbots

Multilingual
Chat
Enabled
Live Agents

Translating millions of words in real-time
without editing

Enterprise MT

eCommerce

Making Product Catalogues Global



eCommerce is one of the
biggest transformations of
commercial business practice in
history

Multilingual eCommerce

Online eCommerce Product Portfolios

- Allow rapid expansion of global buyers with multilingual Product Catalogues
- Rapidly expand global customer base

Expand into global markets in
a cost effective way

Product Title

Product Description

Global User
Reviews

Buyer <> Seller
Communications

Transaction Related Pricing, Policies & Procedures

ECOMMERCE: THE FASTEST ACCESS TO THE GLOBAL MARKET



Top-Tier Markets

United States
United Kingdom
China
Japan
South Korea
Australia



Second Wave

India
Indonesia
Mexico
Brazil
Saudi Arabia
Sweden
Switzerland



Wait and See

Russia
Argentina
South Africa
Nigeria

Source: Shopify

UNDERSTANDING MT QUALITY IN USE CONTEXT

Consumer Experience, Communication & Collaboration, eDiscovery

High translation volume:
10s of **millions** of words per day

Larger budgets > Accelerate global
business agility & response
Limited post-editing possible

Linguistic steering and moderate
customization produce positive outcomes

Localization

Low translation volume:
10s of **thousands** of words per day

Small budgets > Improve efficiency,
reduce cost
Post-editing is critical

Requires deep, costly customization to
enable positive PEMT outcomes

LINGUISTIC STEERING VS POST EDITING

CX, Communication, Global
Collaboration eCommerce
eDiscovery use cases

Millions of words a day with little
human touch: **Real-time**

Corpus and linguistic pattern level
focus & linguistic feedback

Big Data Orientation

Localization Use Case

Thousands of words a day with
multiple levels of human touch

Sentence level focus: **Batch**

PEMT focused culture

Published Content Orientation

LINGUISTIC STEERING VS POST EDITING

CX, Communication, Collaboration
eCommerce/eDiscovery use cases

Millions of words a day

Massive volumes of unstructured content
Mission-critical data flow
Broad coverage encompassing all
enterprise departments

Localization use case

Thousands of words a day

Small volumes of structured and
controlled content
Necessary for regulatory compliance-
related data flows
Basic product documentation and high-
level marketing and support content

The Translation Opportunity Beyond Localization

Develop large-scale translation ability

- Understand Linguistic Steering vs PEMT
- Understand how to solve dynamic, big-data translation challenges
- Understand corpus level linguistic profiling
- Identify internal and external high value content

Leverage
**multilingual
content
production**

Looking at Opportunity Beyond Localization

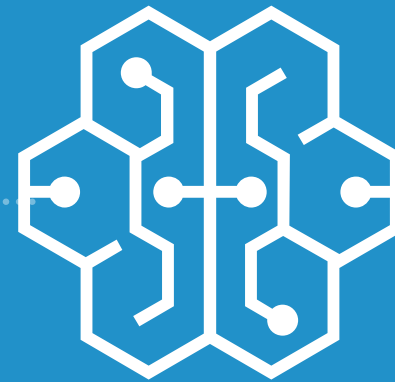
Focus on the metrics that matter most

- Enhanced global communication and collaboration
 - Expanded coverage & rapidity of response in global customer service/support scenarios
 - Identify & Understand what customers care about across the globe
 - Improved conversion rates in eCommerce
-

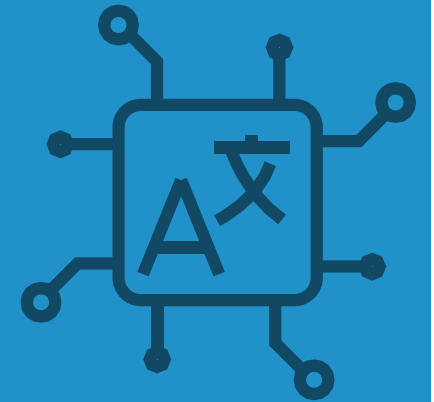
**Improve the
Customer
Digital
Experience**



Human



Machine



KIRTI VASHEE



eMpTy Pages Blog: [HTTPS://kv-emptypages.blogspot.com/](https://kv-emptypages.blogspot.com/)



[@kvashee](https://twitter.com/kvashee)

Thank You

Predictive Translation Memory in the Wild: A Study of Interactive Machine Translation Use on Lilt

Geza Kovacs
geza@lilt.com



Why Interactive MT?

- **Problem:** MT systems cannot guarantee correctness. Errors can affect business reputation
- A **human in the loop** is needed to ensure correctness
- **Interactive MT:** optimizing interactions between the translator and MT system

Post-editing: Translators edit MT output

An idea with a long history (Bisbey and Kay 1972)



Post-editing: Translators edit MT output

Source text

The physicist Arthur Eddington drew on Borel's image further in *The Nature of the Physical World* (1928), writing: If I let my fingers wander idly over the keys of a typewriter it might happen that my screed made an intelligible sentence.

MT suggestion

Le physicien Arthur Eddington a attiré sur l'image de Borel dans le caractère du monde physique (1928), écrit: Si je laisse mes doigts se promener les bras croisés sur les touches de la machine à écrire, il peut arriver que mon chape fait une phrase intelligible.

Submit

Image Source

Green, Spence, Jeffrey Heer, and Christopher D. Manning. "The efficacy of human post-editing for language translation." *Proceedings of the SIGCHI conference on human factors in computing systems*. 2013.

Post-editing: Translators edit MT output

Pros

- Easy to implement (can use off-the-shelf MT system)
- Reduces translation time [1]

Cons

- Post-edited text is more similar to MT than unassisted translations [1]
- Translators can find post-editing frustrating [2]

[1] Green, Spence, Jeffrey Heer, and Christopher D. Manning. "The efficacy of human post-editing for language translation." *Proceedings of the SIGCHI conference on human factors in computing systems*. 2013.

[2] Gaspari, Federico, et al. "Perception vs reality: Measuring machine translation post-editing productivity." *Proceedings of the 11th Conference of the Association for Machine Translation in the Americas: Workshop on Post-Editing Technology and Practice (WPTP3)*. Vancouver: AMTA, 2014.

Predictive Translation Memory

MT system suggests text predictions that complete the translation the user has already entered

If the MT suggestion is correct, user can accept it; if it isn't, user can type as normal.

MT suggestions update and improve as users type.

Transtype (Foster 2000)

The Canadian International Development Agency and the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation will be taking part in a conference which will deal with housing for the needy .

The conference will be held in the fall of 1987 .

The Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation is now looking into the possibility of financing further conferences and forums of this

Opération Afrique 2000 qui a été lancée par moi est un exemple de la détermination du Canada pour aider les gens des régions rurales d' Afrique à surmonter la famine et à briser le cycle de pauvreté

L' a gence canadienne de développement international

ccord

u

utre

venir

ux

gence

MT suggestion starting with "L'a"

Lilt's Interactive MT

Source text

- To enter text, user can:
- 1) Accept the MT-suggested word (Enter)
 - 2) Accept the rest of the MT suggestion (Shift-Enter)
 - 3) Just type normally

21 Fan Replacement Instructions (PDF)

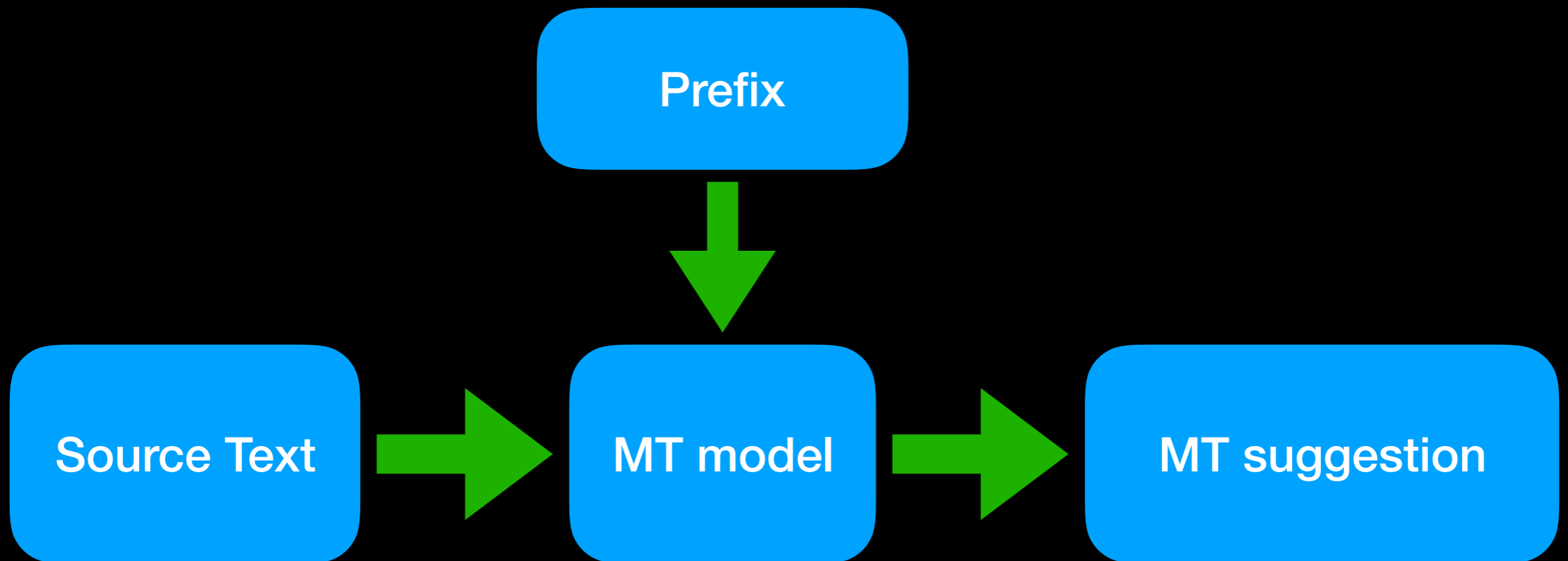
0

Istruzioni di sostituzione della ventola (PDF)

MT-suggested completion that continually updates so that it starts with the currently-entered translation

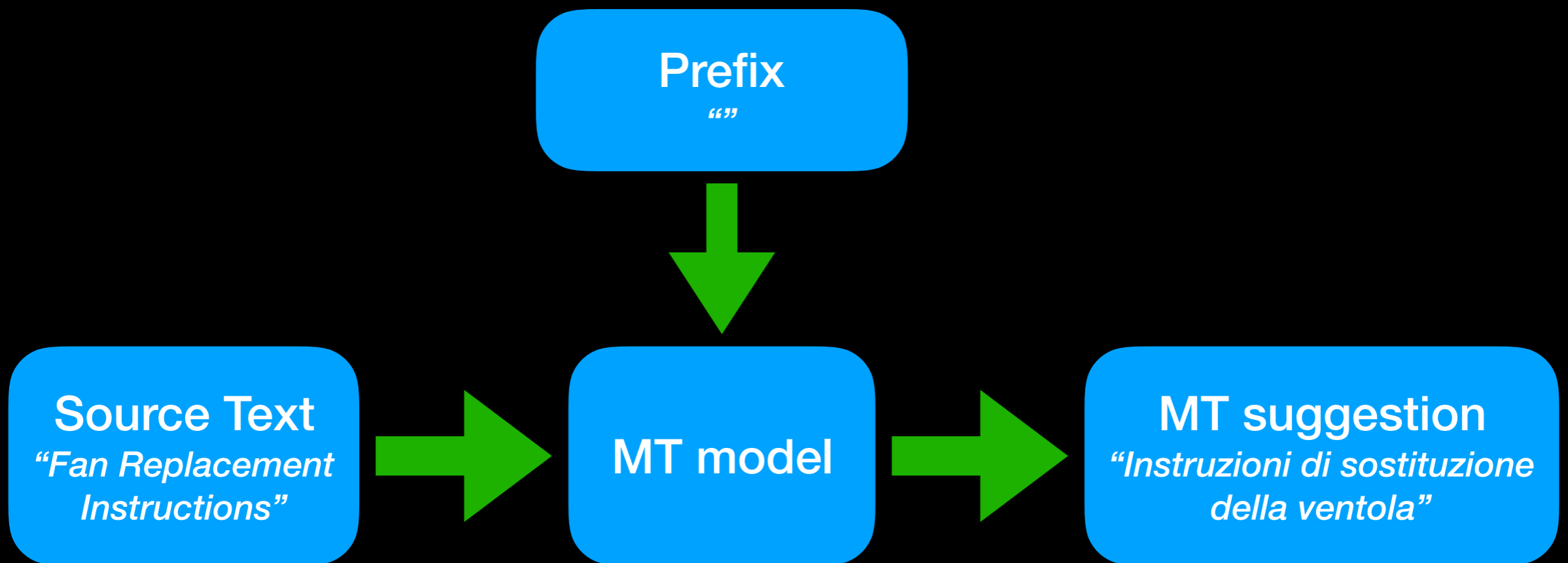
Interactive MT Implementation

Prefix-constrained MT model (based on Transformer architecture). Details at lilt.com/research



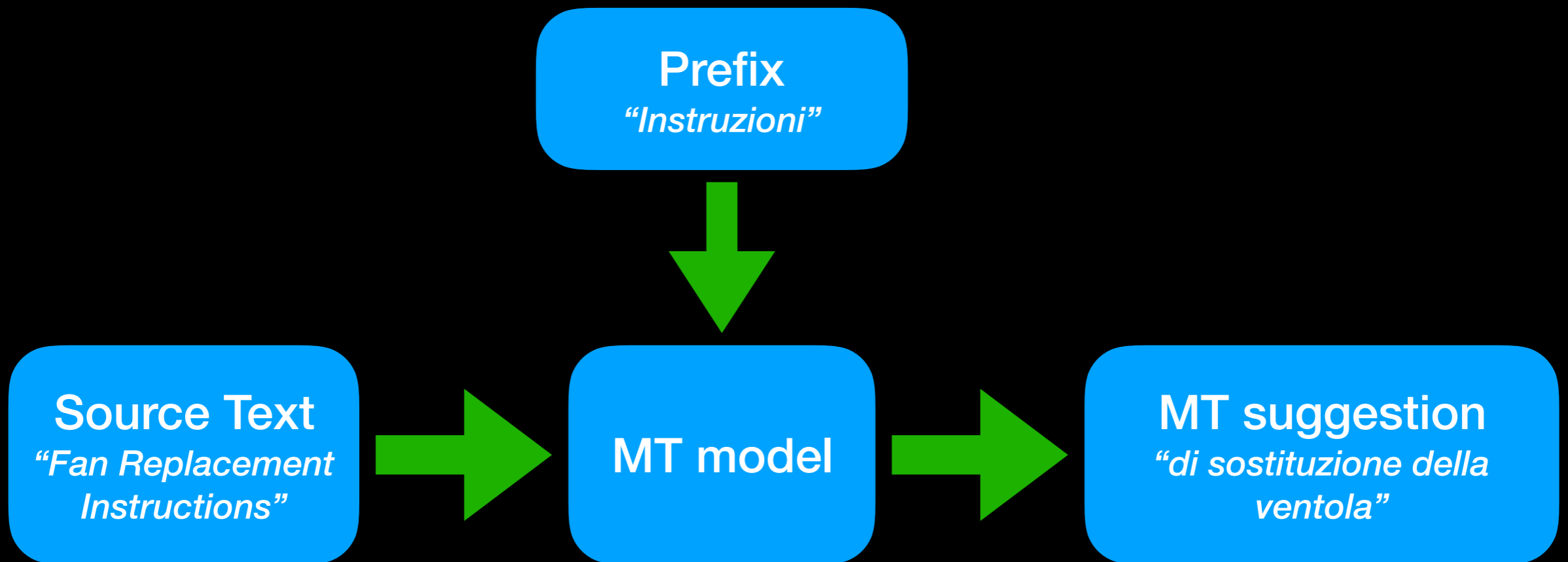
Interactive MT Implementation

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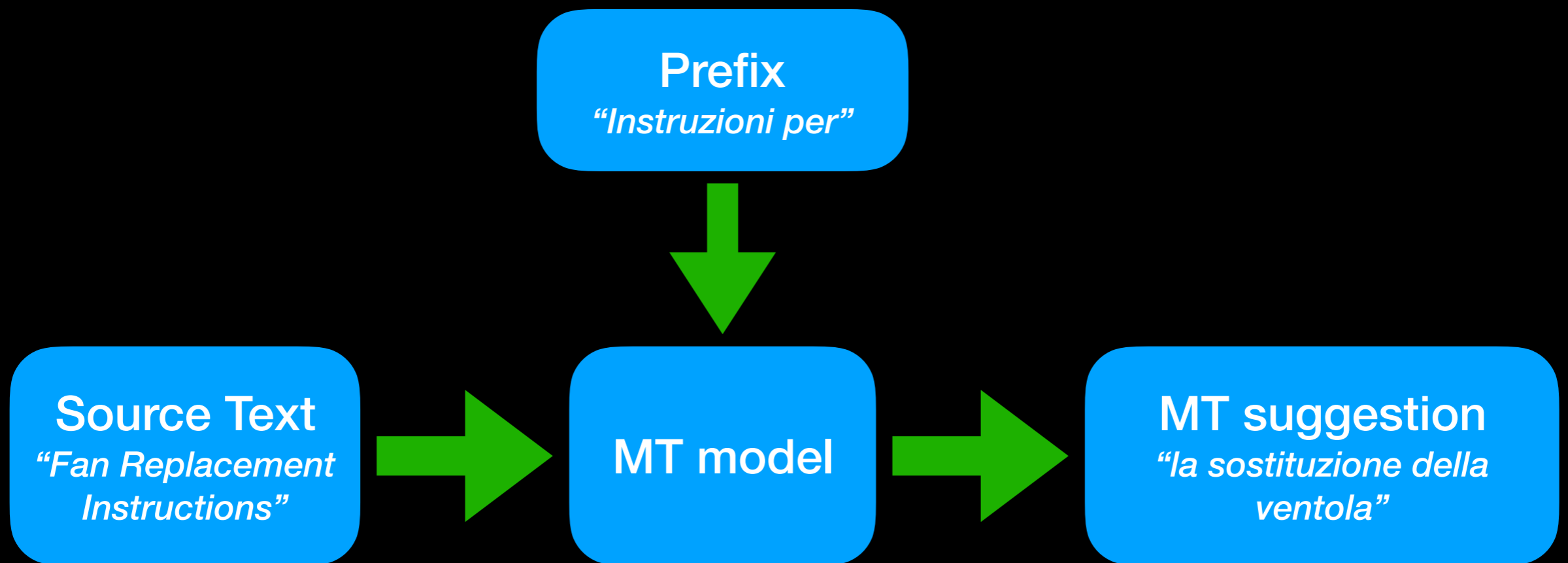
Interactive MT Implementation

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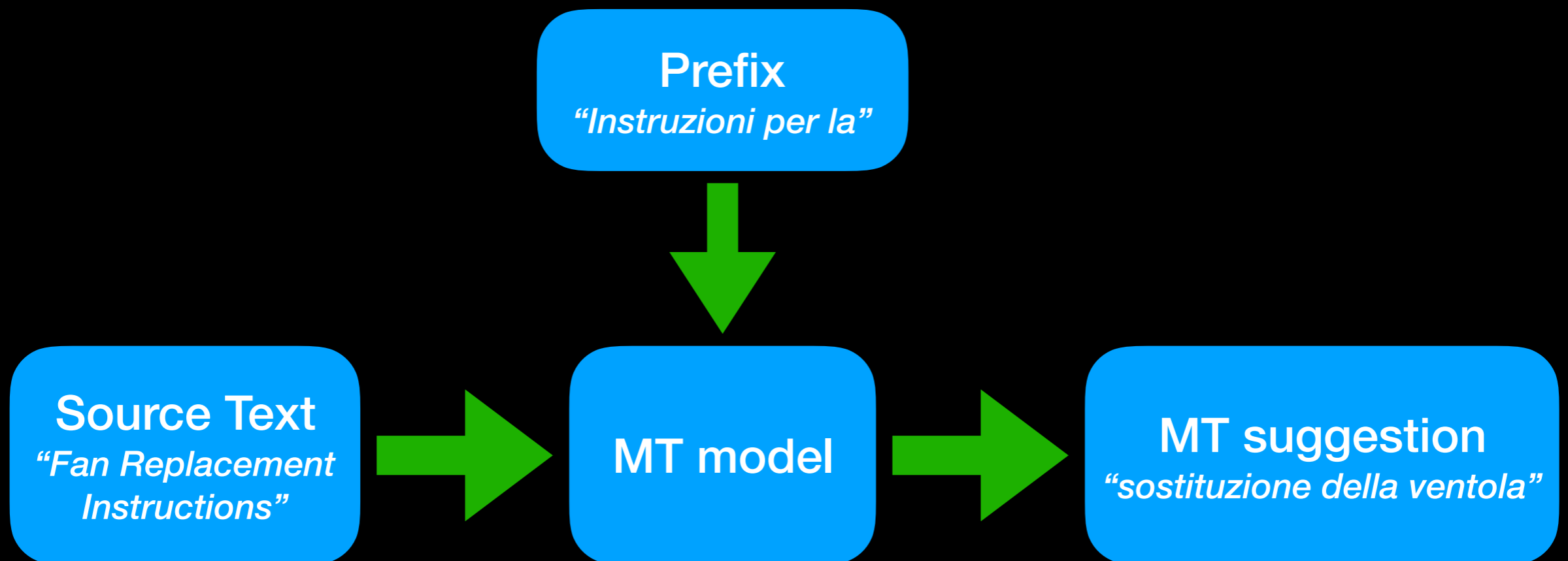
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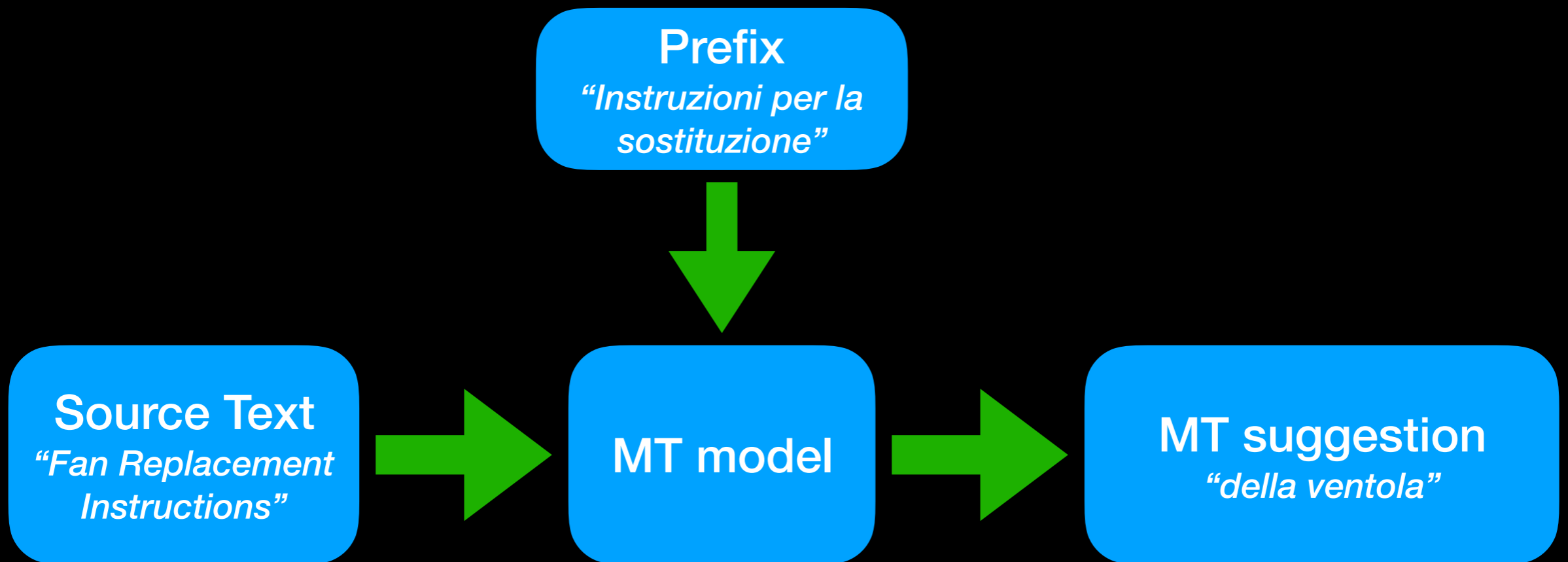
Interactive MT Implementation

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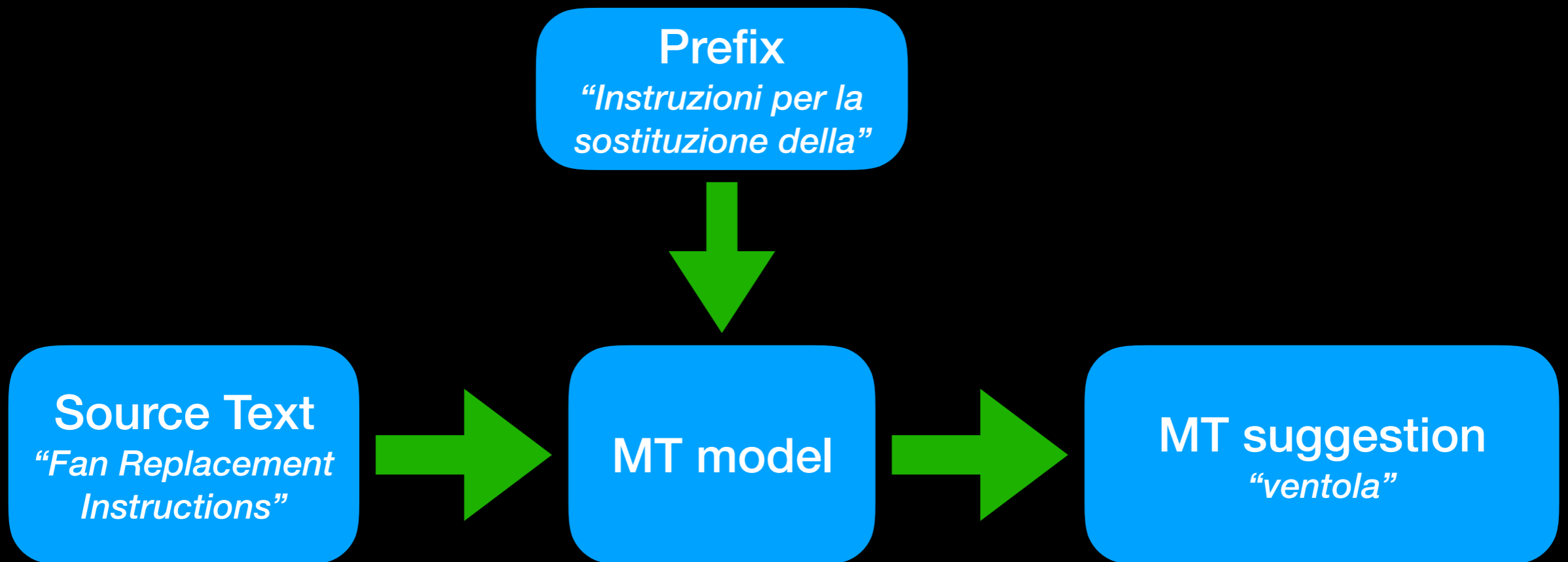
Interactive MT Implementation

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Interactive MT Implementation

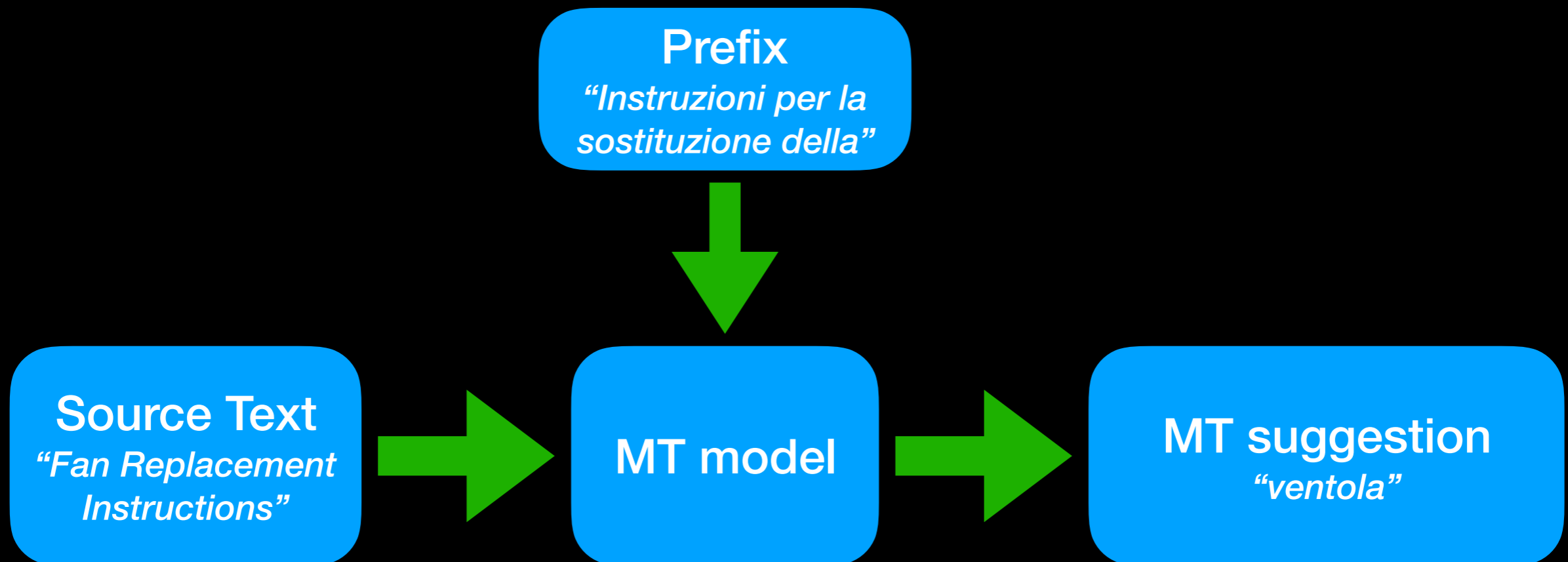
Prefix-constrained MT model (based on Transformer architecture). Details at lilt.com/research



Interactive MT needs to be fast

New MT suggestion needs to be computed whenever the user's entered text no longer matches the MT prediction.

90% of our MT requests are computed in less than 500ms



17 Click **1** or the topic for details: QA

Fare clic su **1** o sull'argomento per informazioni dettagliate:

18 Option 1: Receive and install a new fan. QA

Opzione 1: ottieni e installa una nuova ventola.

19 You can request a replacement fan kit and replace the fan yourself. 67

Puoi richiedere un kit di sostituzione della ventola e sostituirla.

Puoi richiedere un kit di sostituzione della ventola e sostituire la ventola.

Context menu with icons for back, forward, search, and other actions.

20 Review the fan replacement instructions before deciding on this option.

21 Fan Replacement Instructions (PDF)

22 PDF icon QA

How helpful is Lilt's Interactive MT?

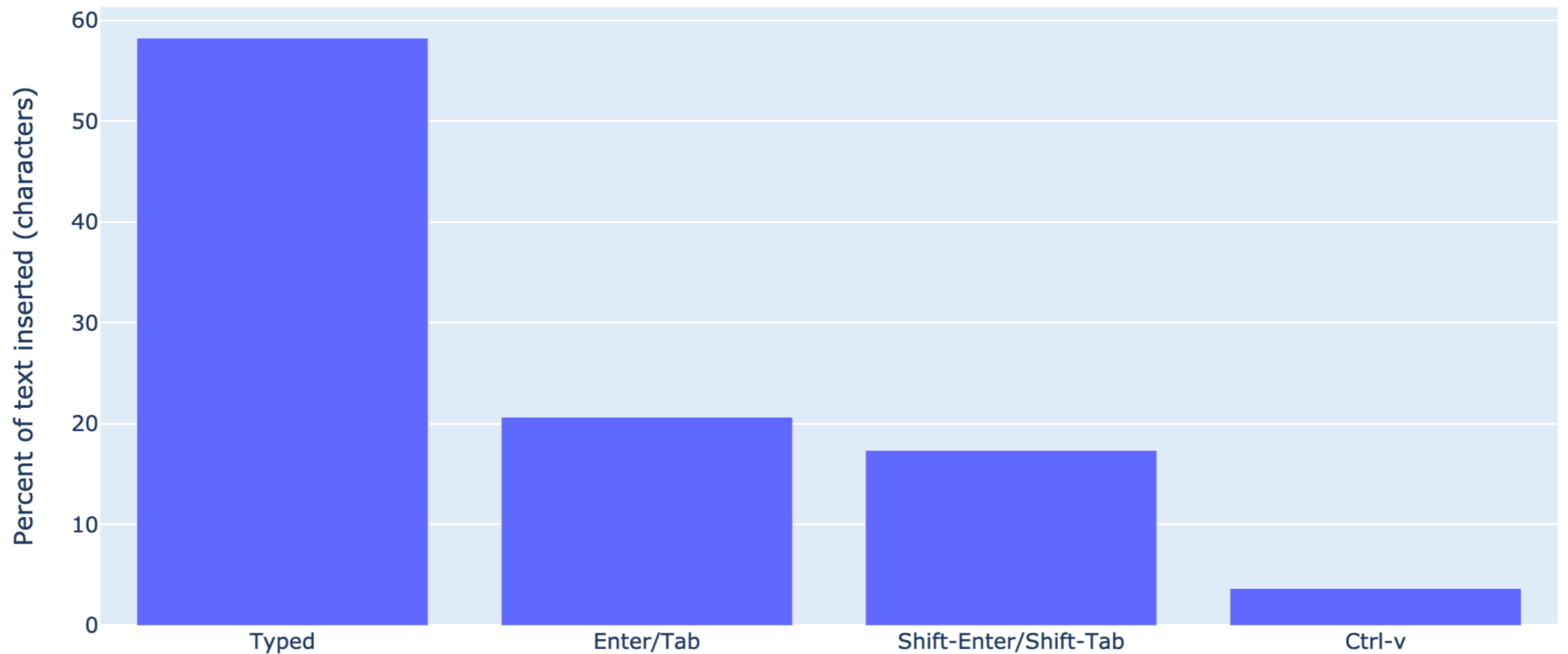
- How often do translators use our MT suggestions?
- How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?
- How much do translators use our word-level suggestions, and how much do they post-edit?
- How do translators spend time on Lilt?

How often do translators use our MT suggestions?

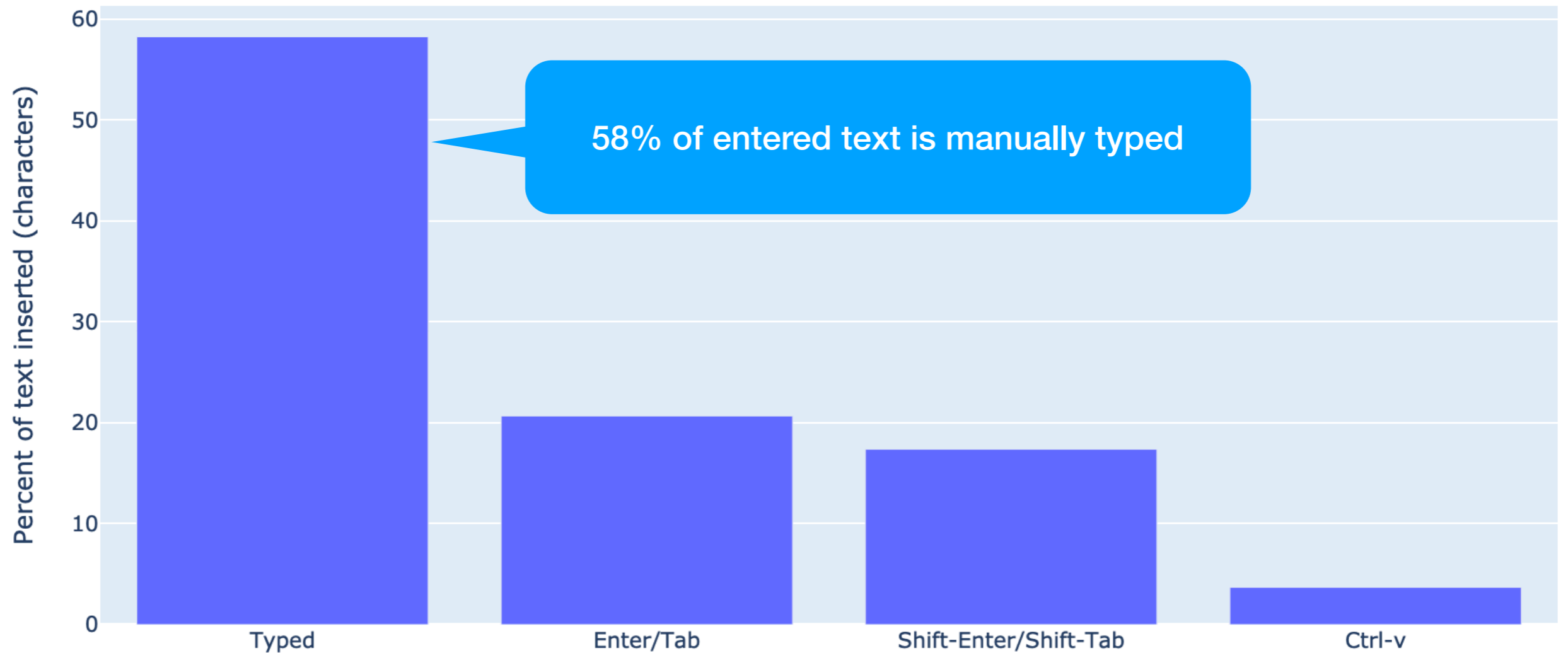
- Check how much text is inserted via Enter and Shift-Enter
- Data is from August to September 2020
- We consider only newly-generated* segments

*newly-generated segments = no TM matches, no segments majority copy-pasted

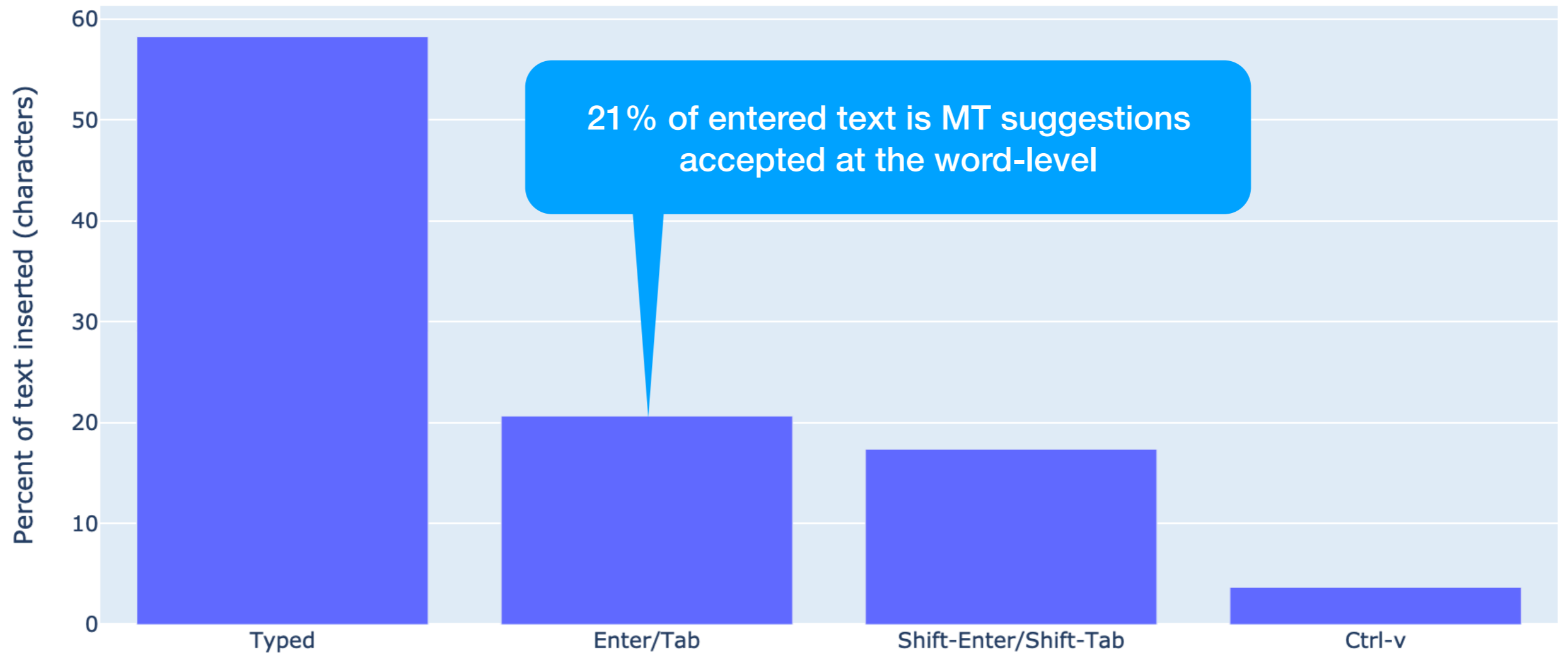
Keys through which text is inserted



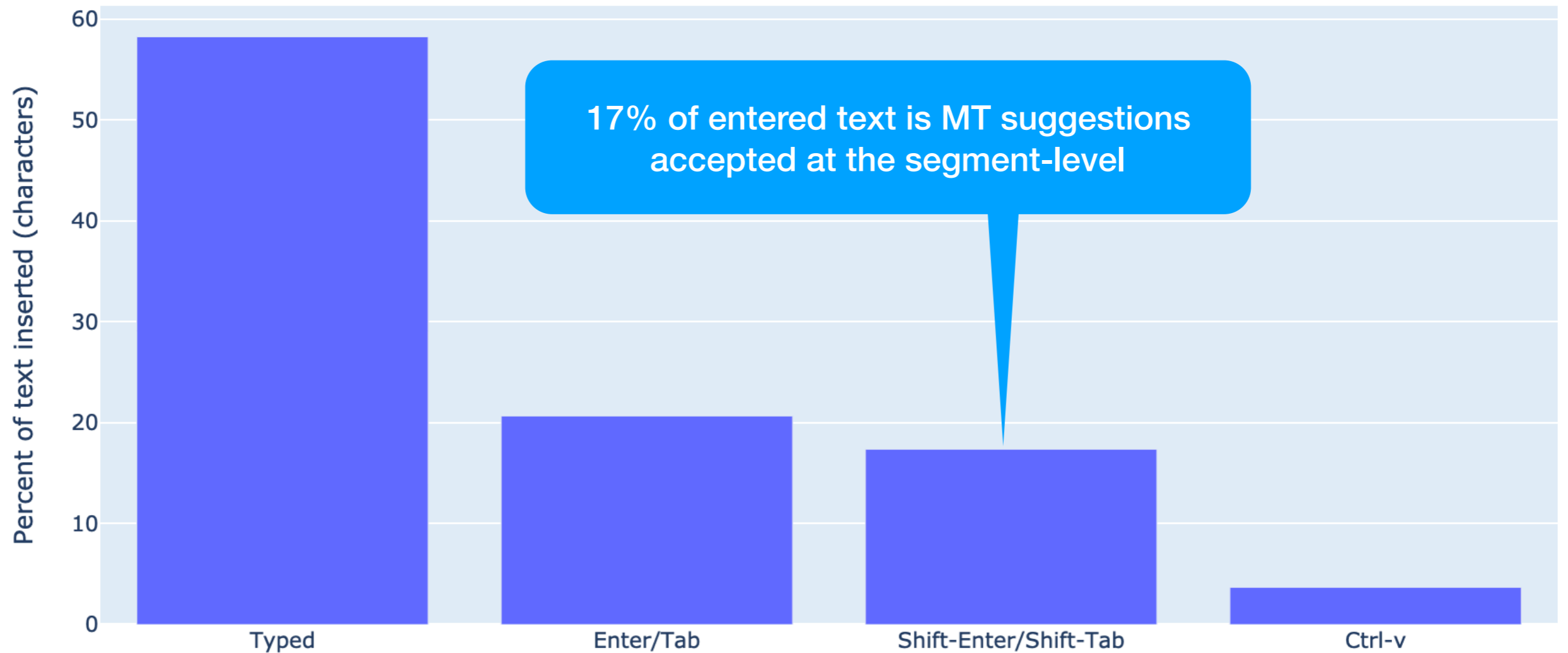
Keys through which text is inserted



Keys through which text is inserted



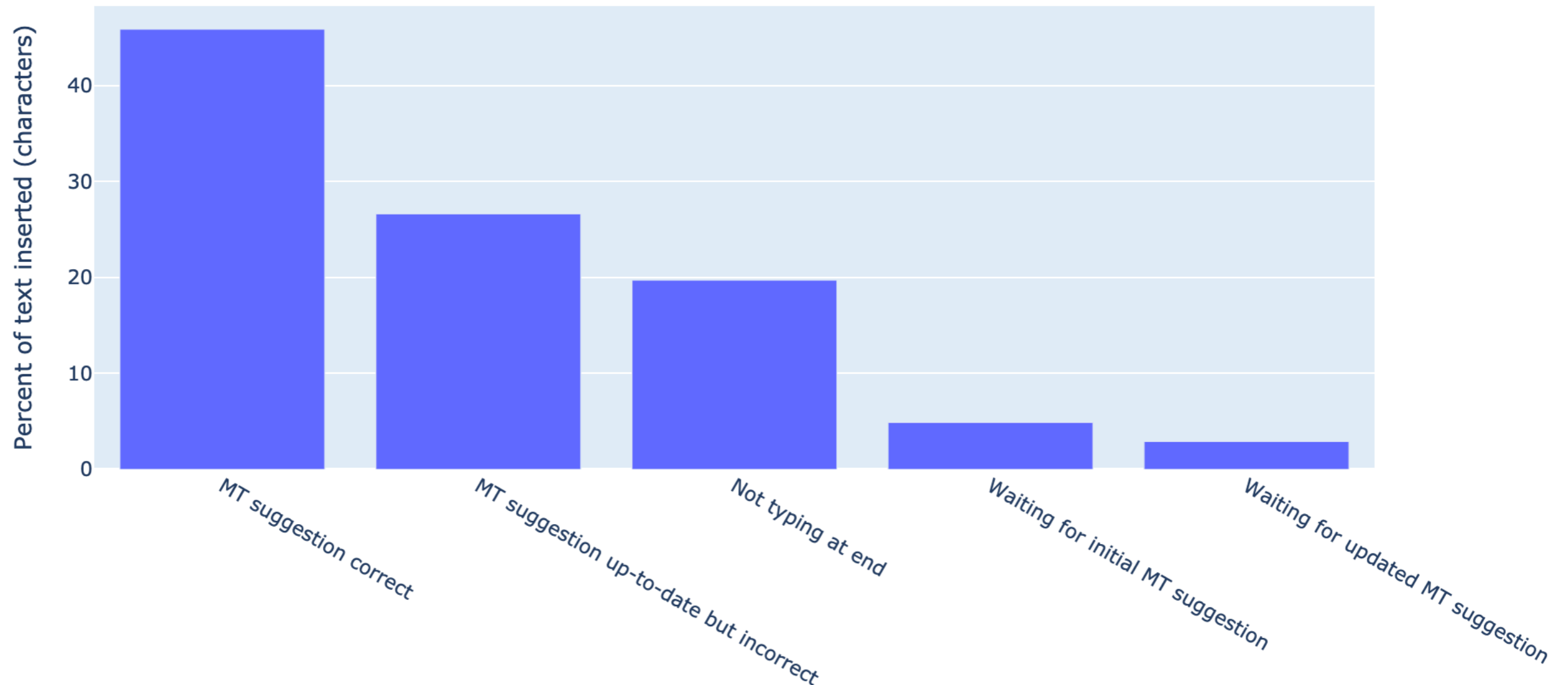
Keys through which text is inserted



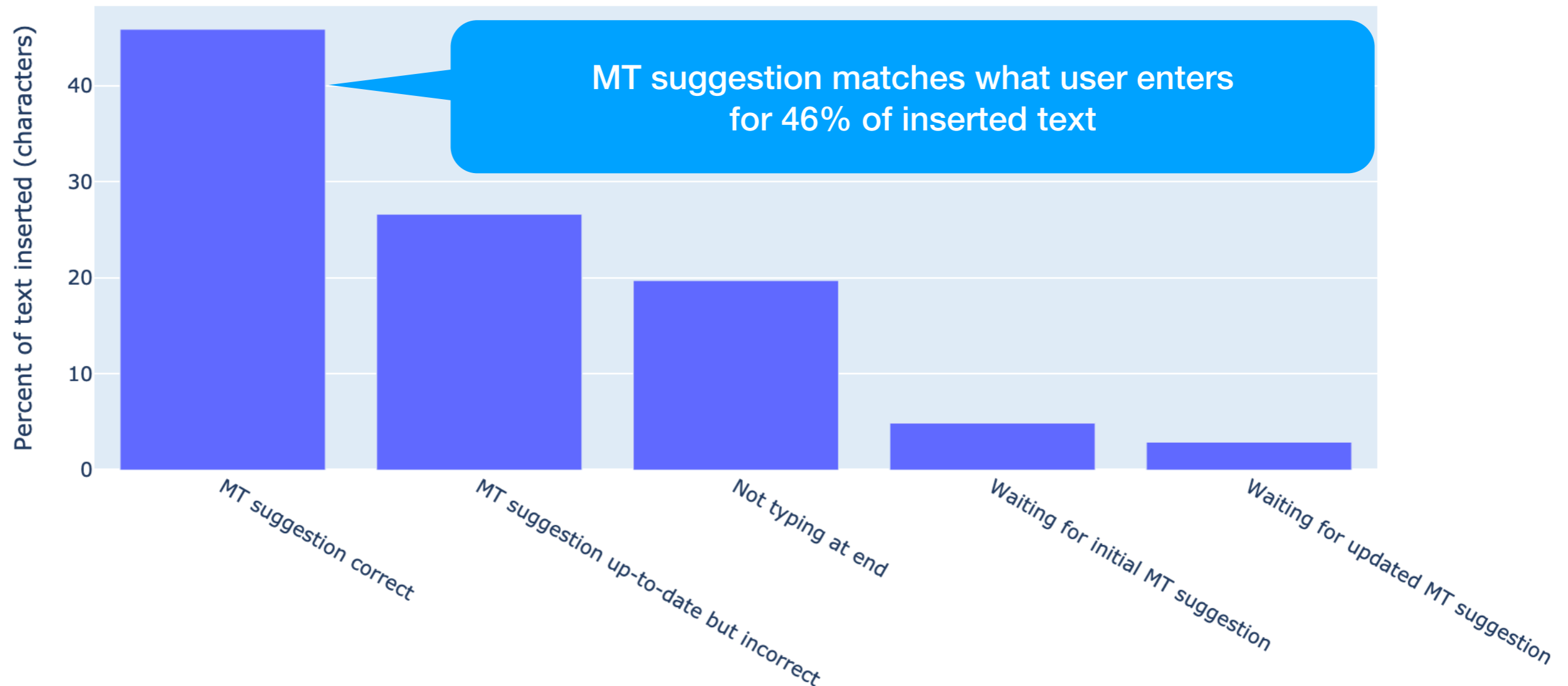
Why aren't translators using our MT suggestions more?

- Maybe translators aren't aware they can press Enter?
- Maybe they aren't editing at the end of the segment?
- Maybe the MT suggestion takes too long to show up?
- Maybe the MT suggestions don't match what the translator wants to type?

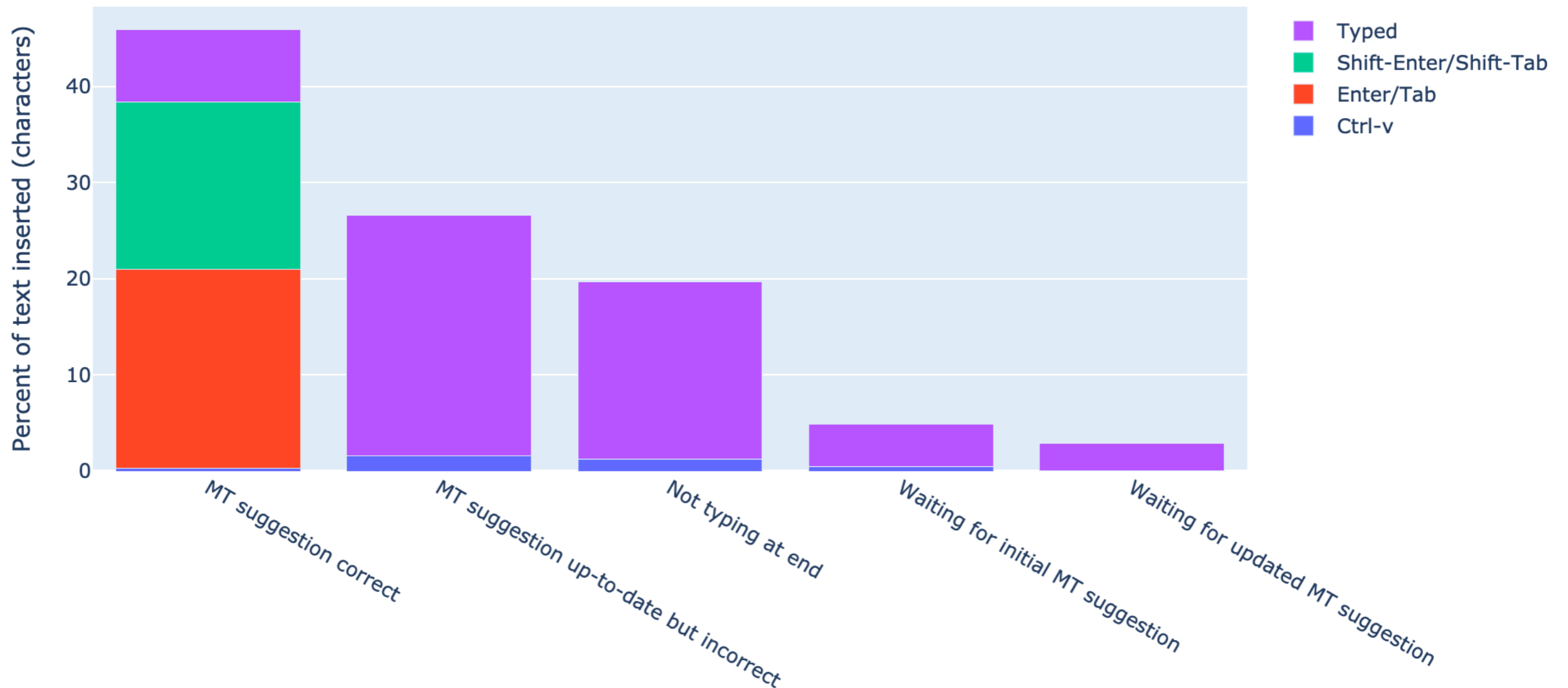
How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?



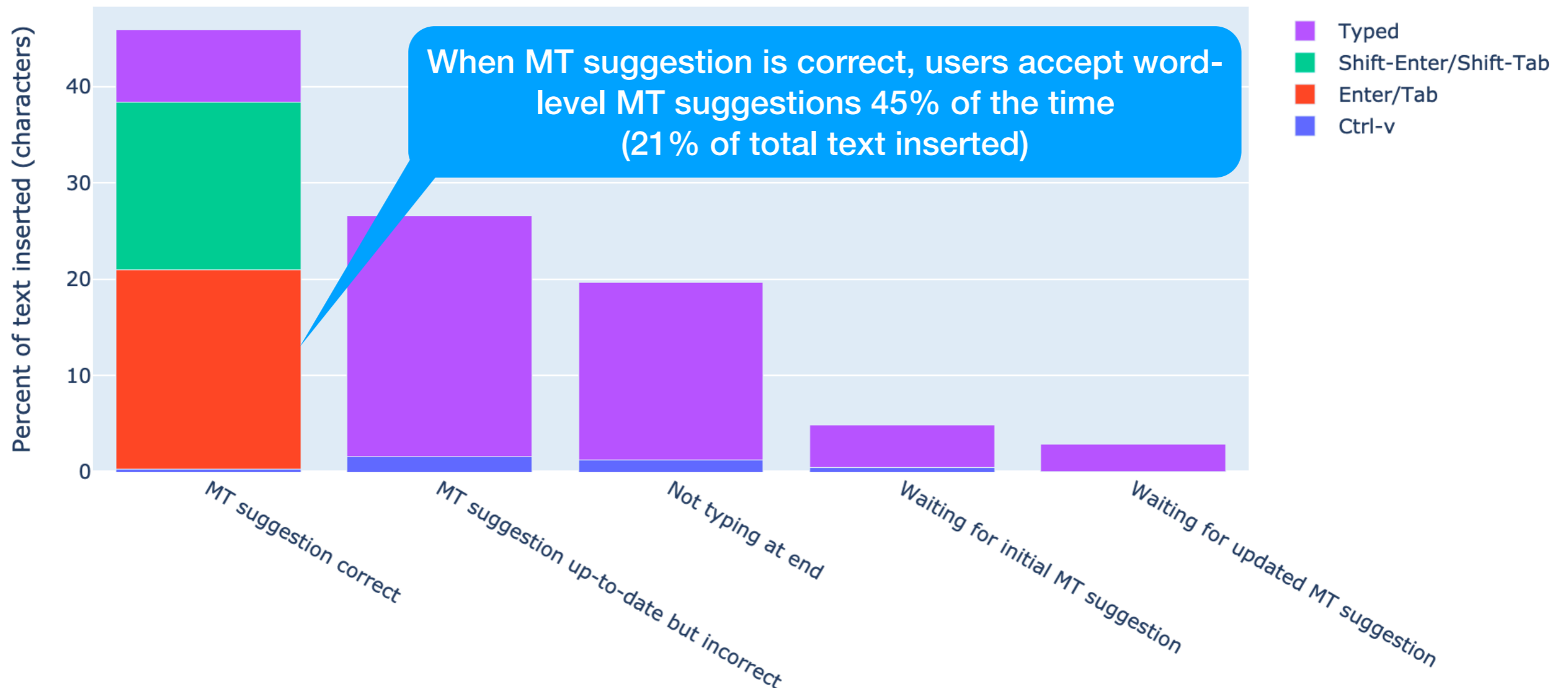
How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?



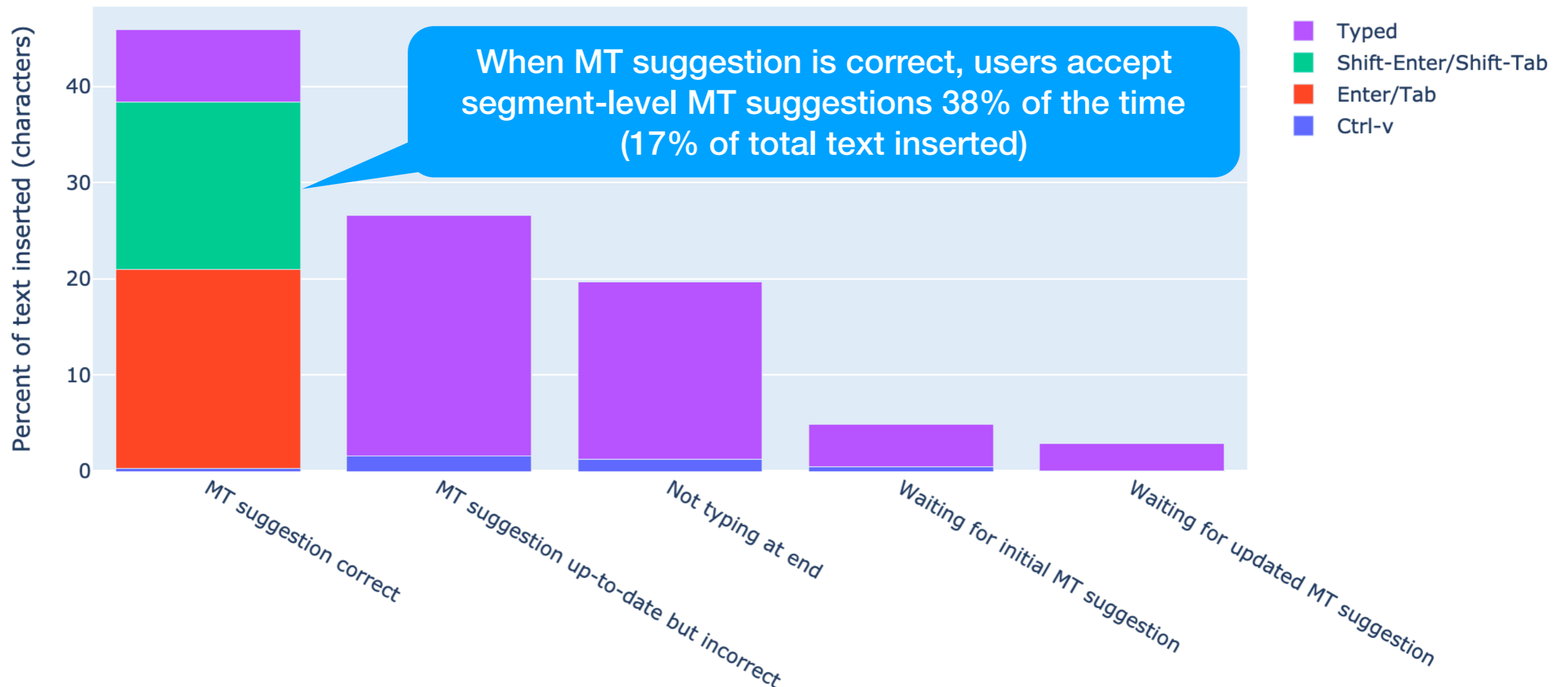
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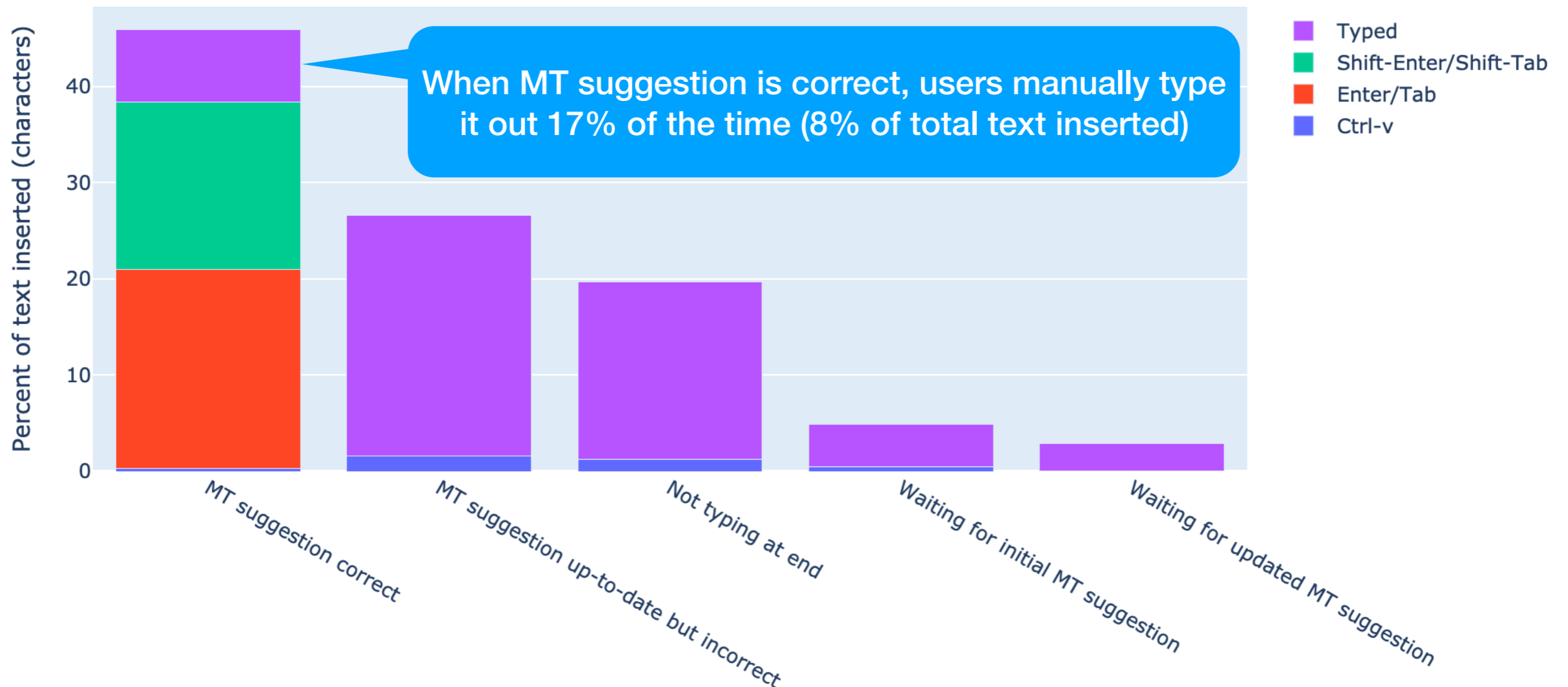
How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?



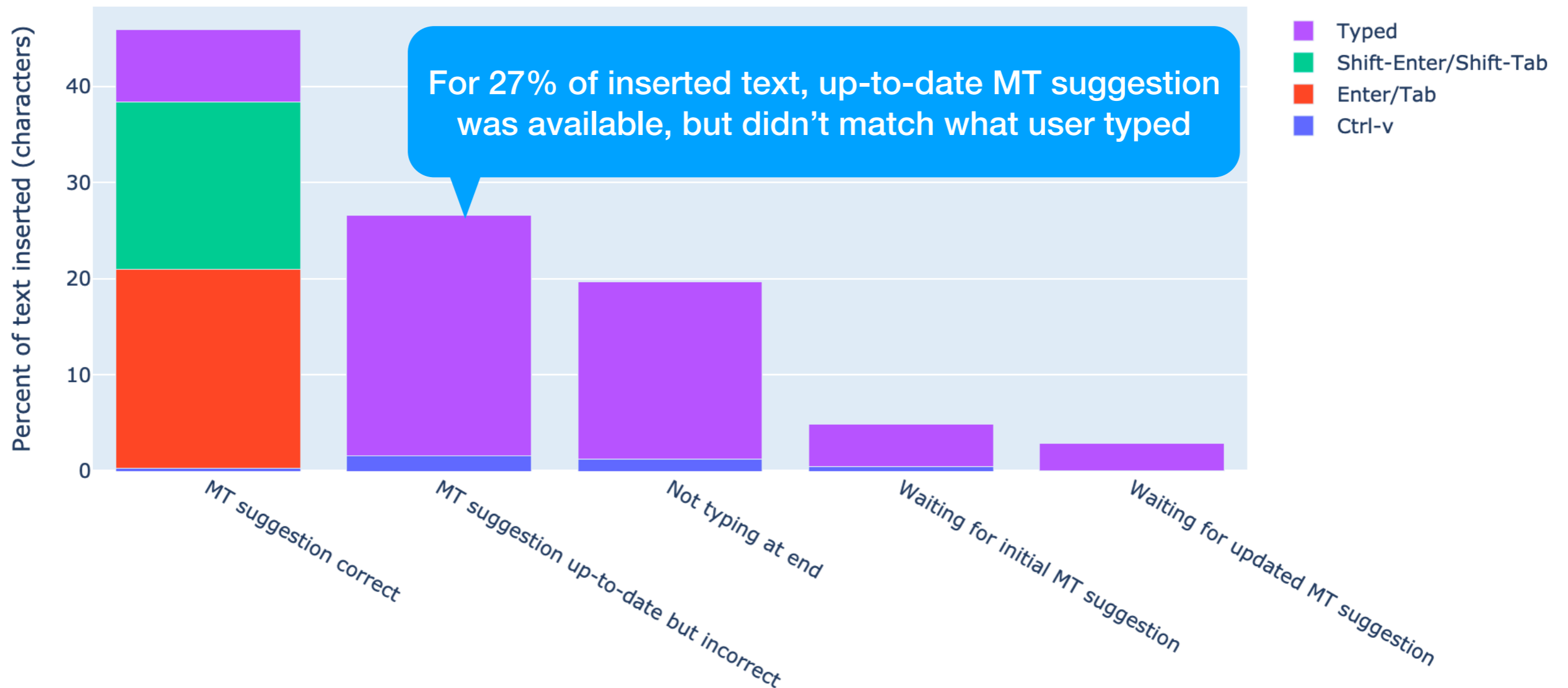
How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?



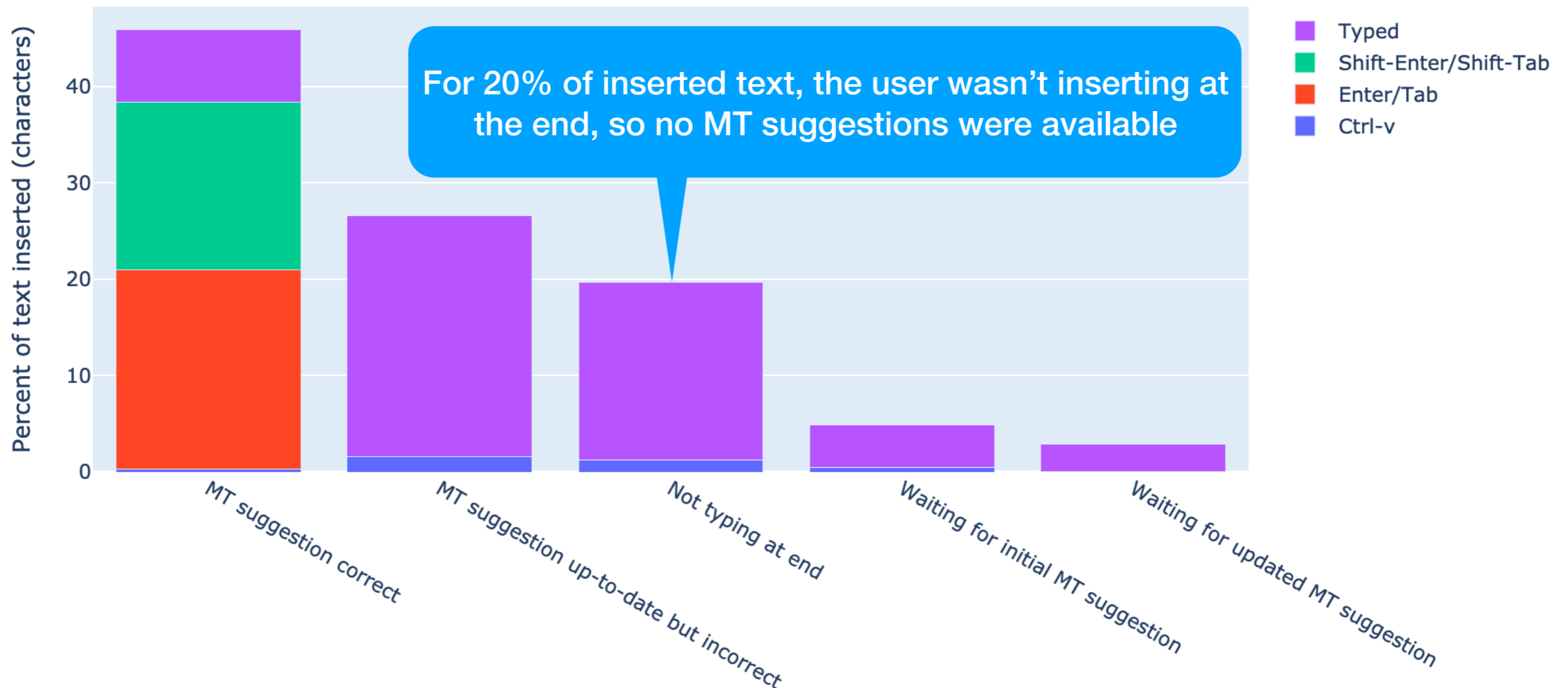
How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?



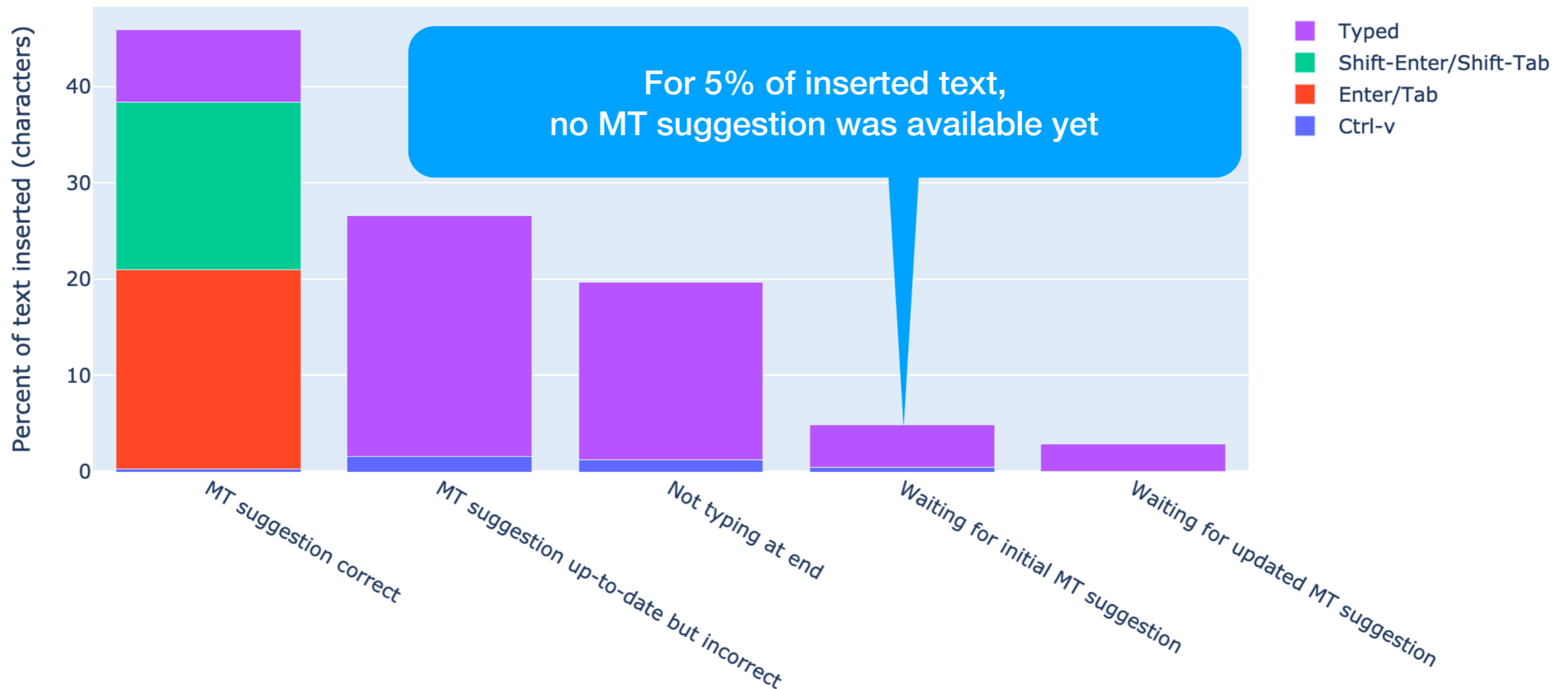
How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?



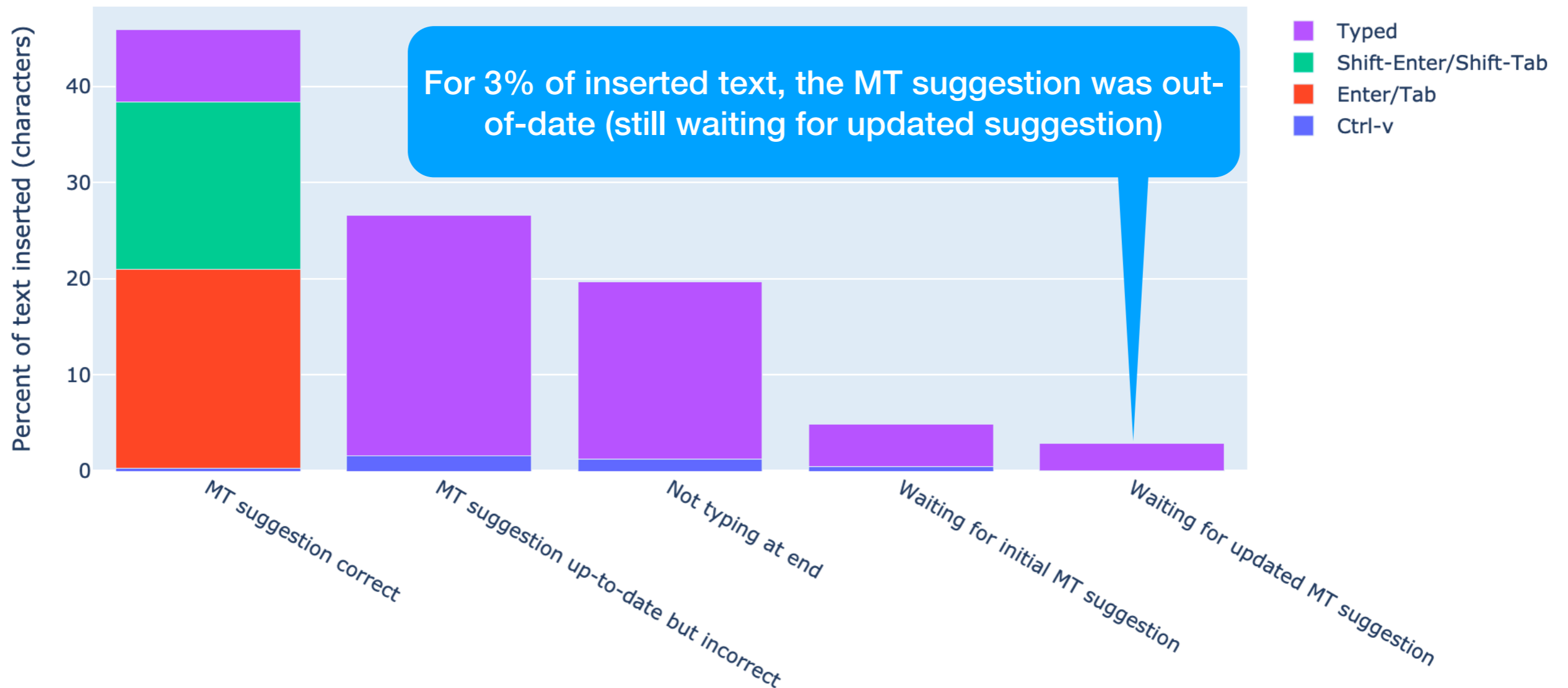
How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?



How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?



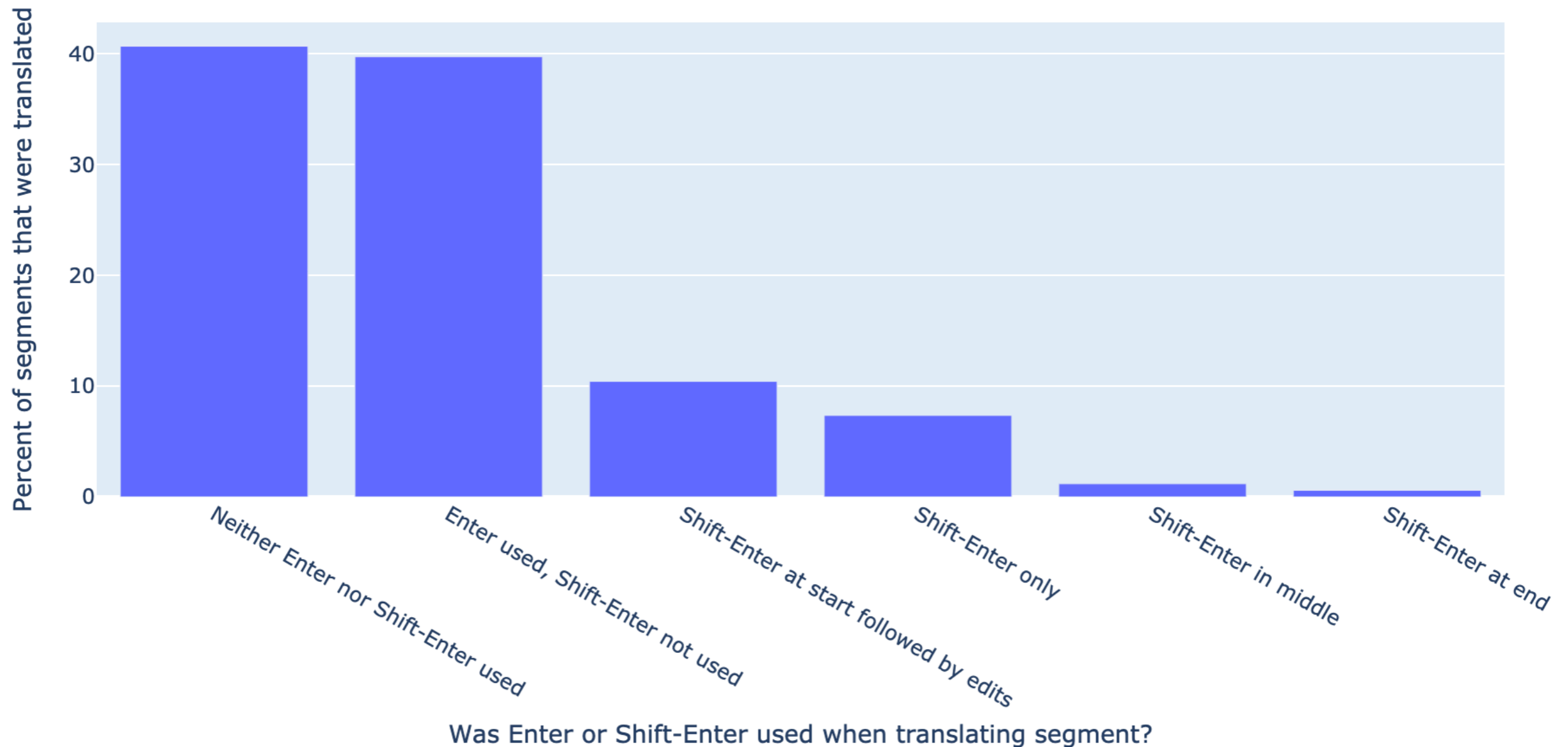
How often are our MT suggestions available and correct?



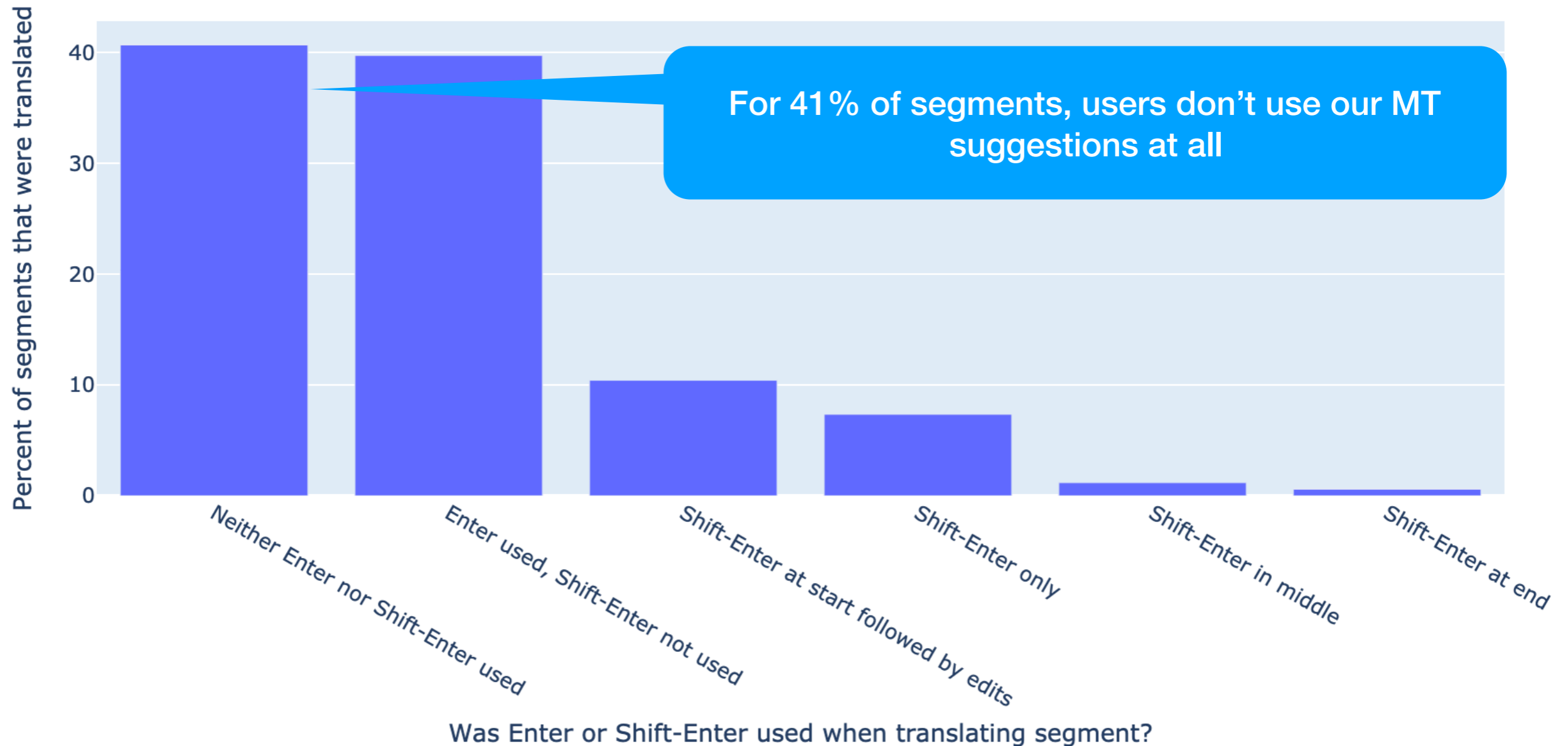
Are users using Lilt interactively, or as a post-editing system?

- We see a lot of users are using Shift-Enter (accept the entire remaining MT suggestion)
- We also see a lot of users making insertions outside the end of the segment
- Are more users using Lilt in an interactive, suffix-suggestion style, or post-editing?

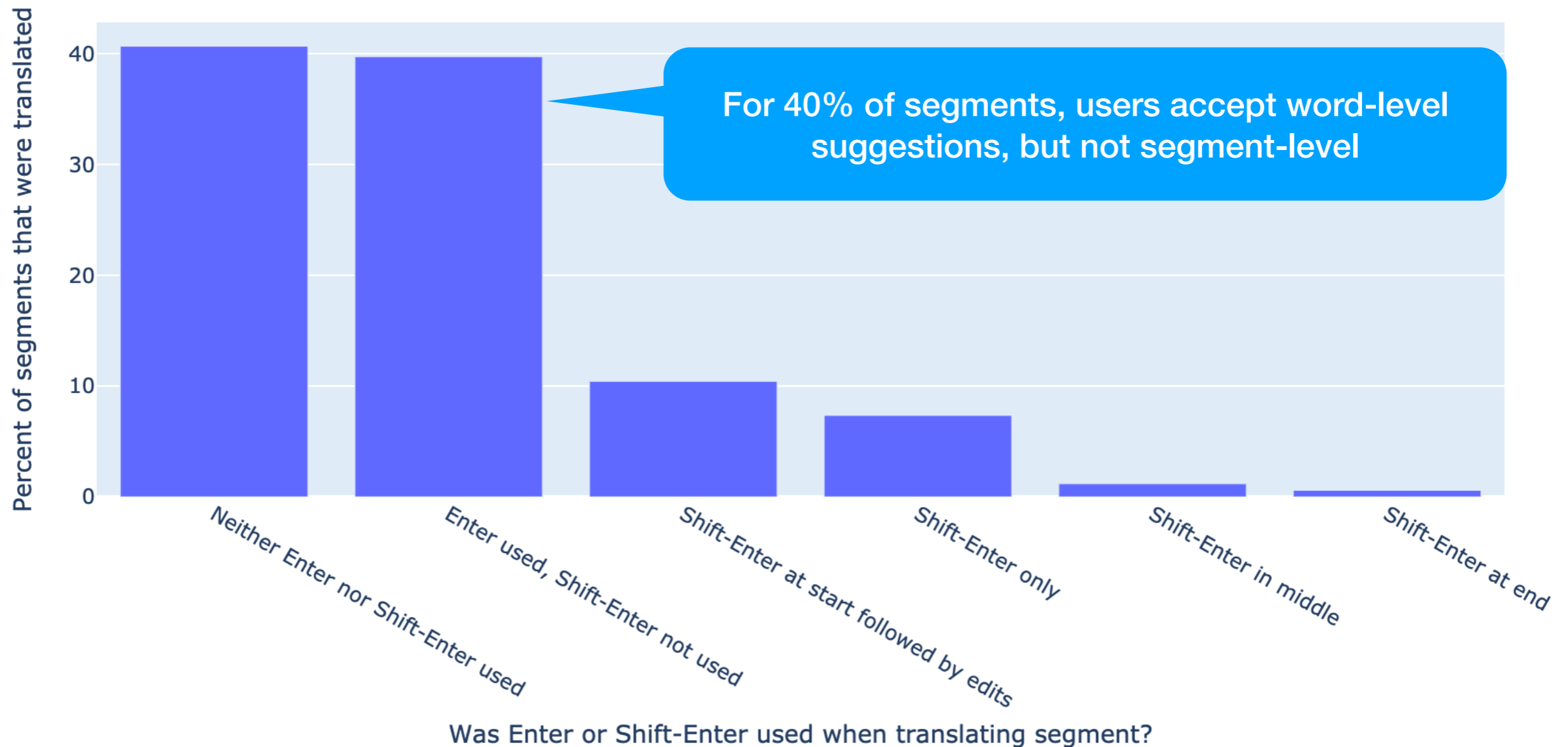
Are users using Lilt interactively, or as a post-editing system?



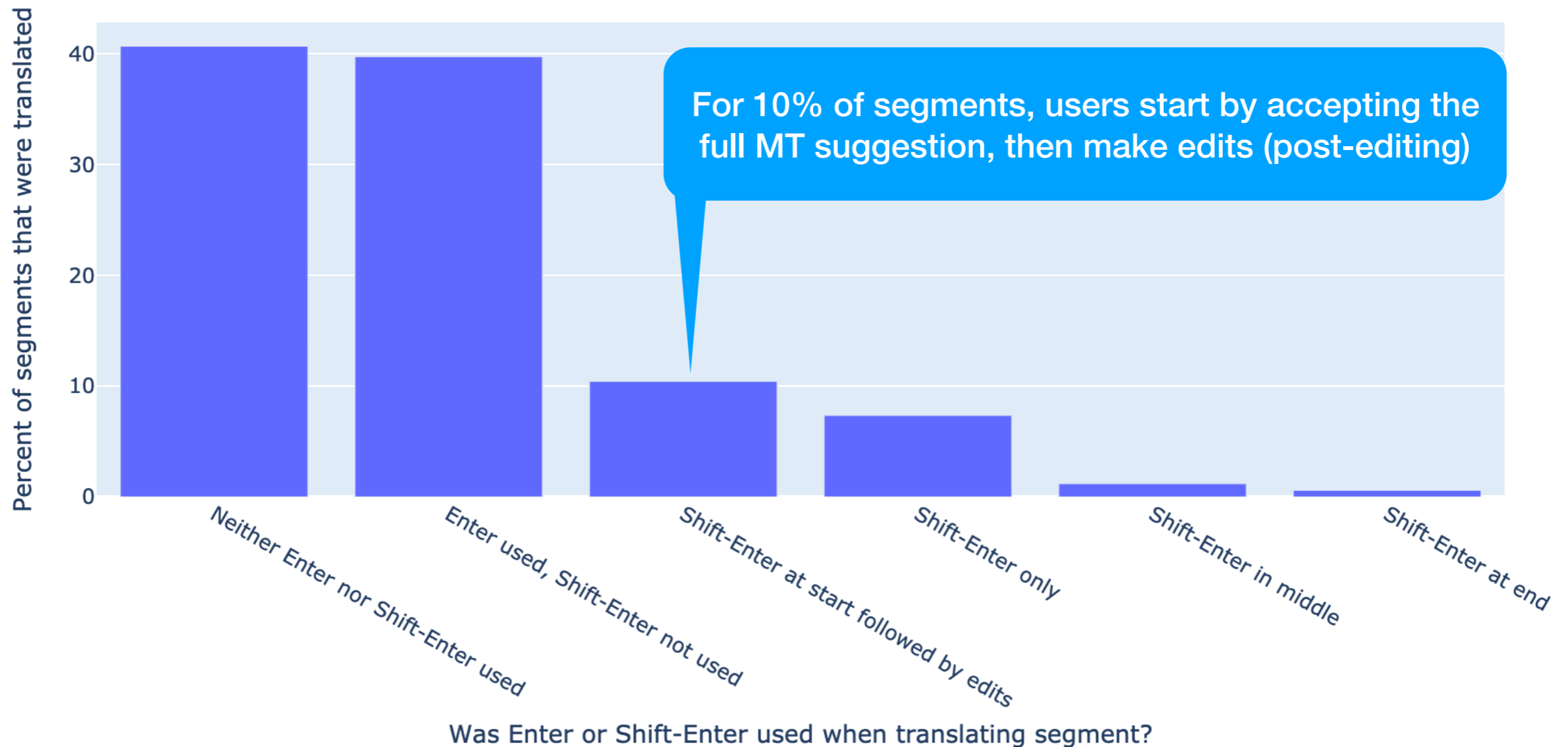
Are users using Lilt interactively, or as a post-editing system?



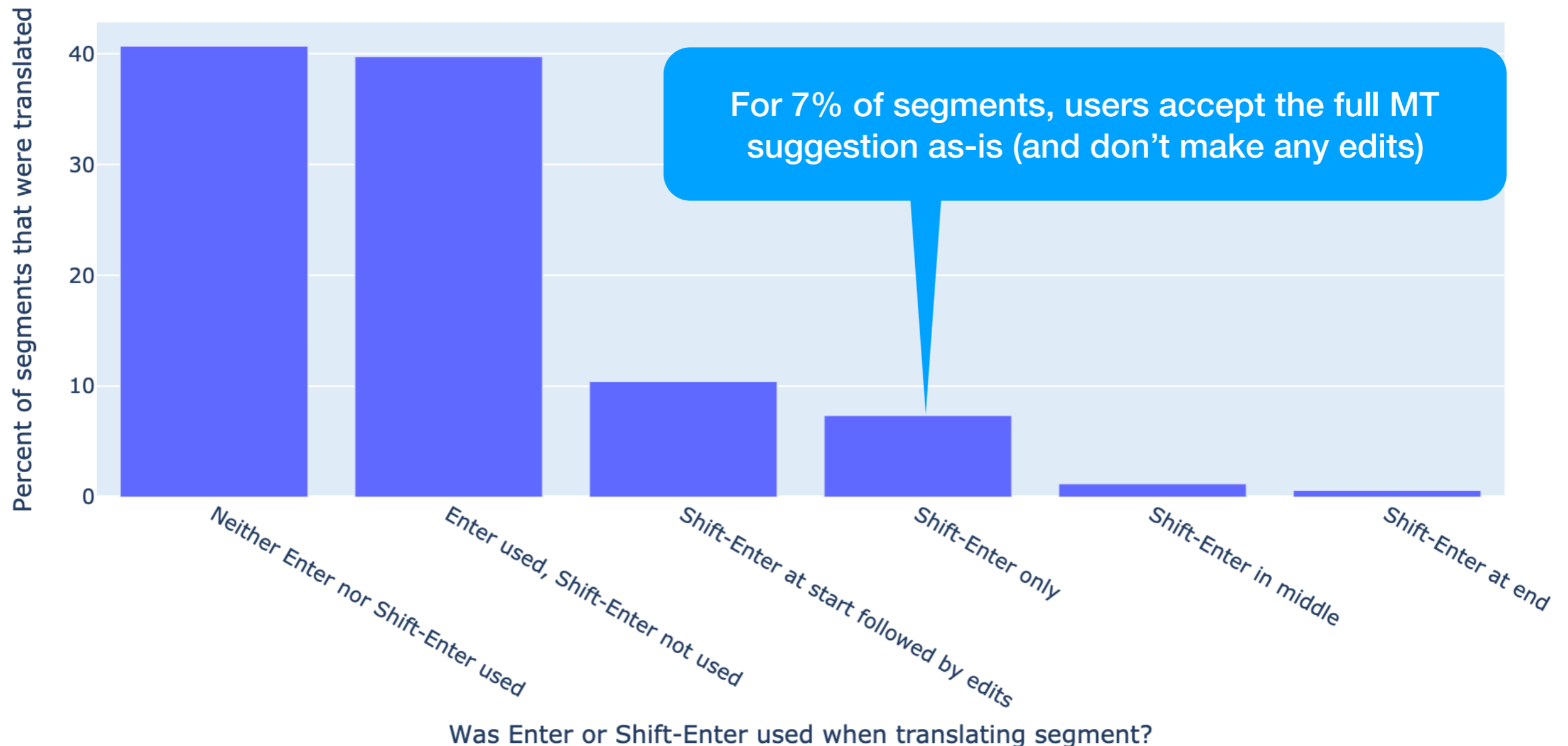
Are users using Lilt interactively, or as a post-editing system?



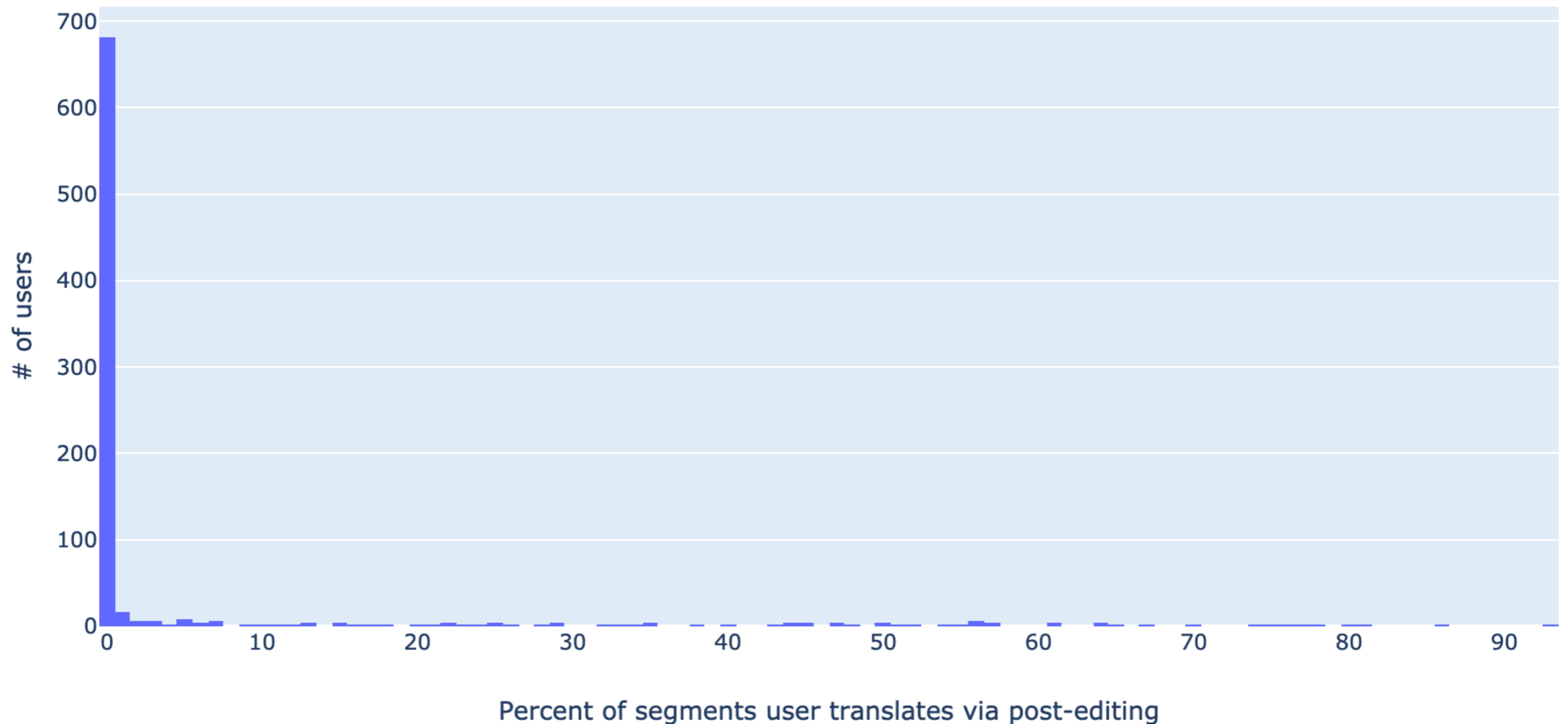
Are users using Lilt interactively, or as a post-editing system?



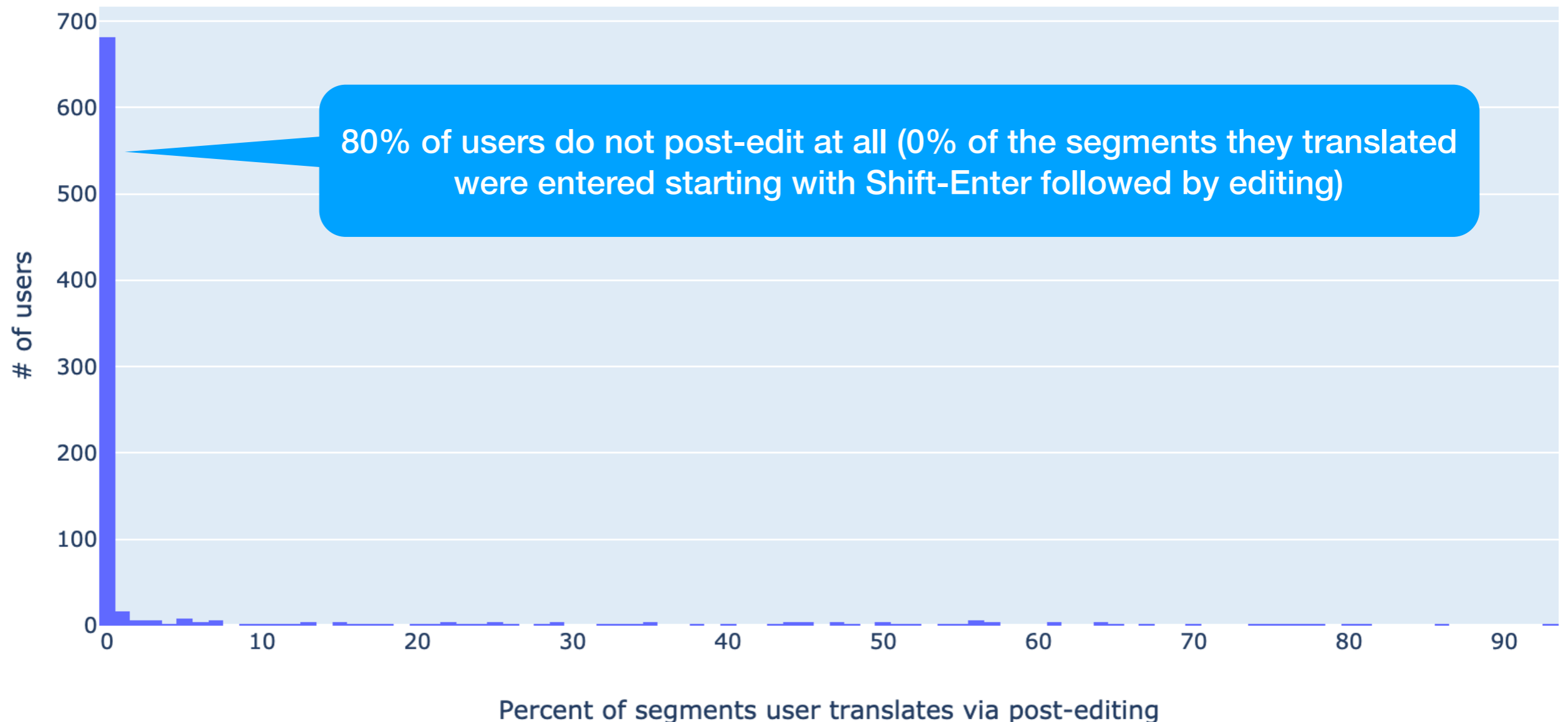
Are users using Lilt interactively, or as a post-editing system?



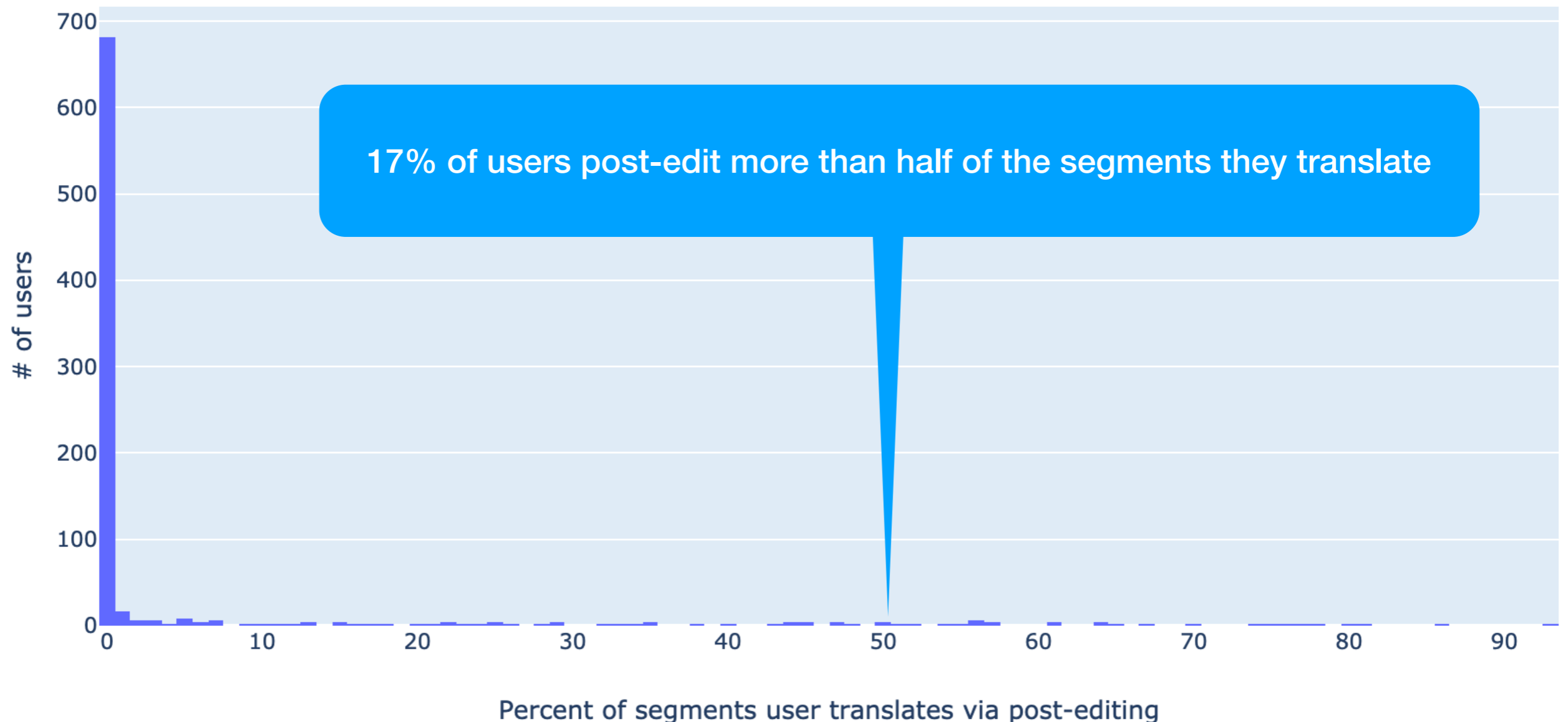
Histogram of users by percent of segments they post-edit



Histogram of users by percent of segments they post-edit



Histogram of users by percent of segments they post-edit

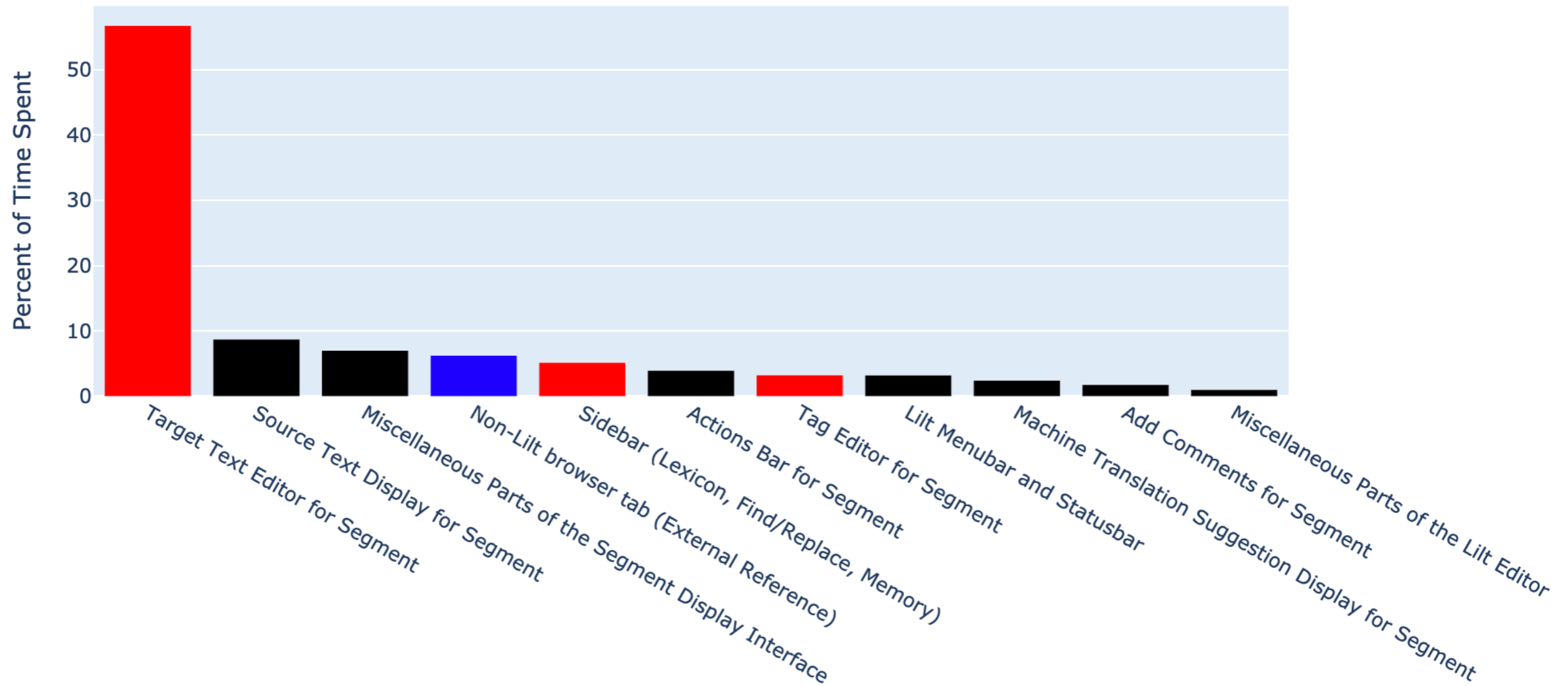


How do translators spend their time on Lilt?

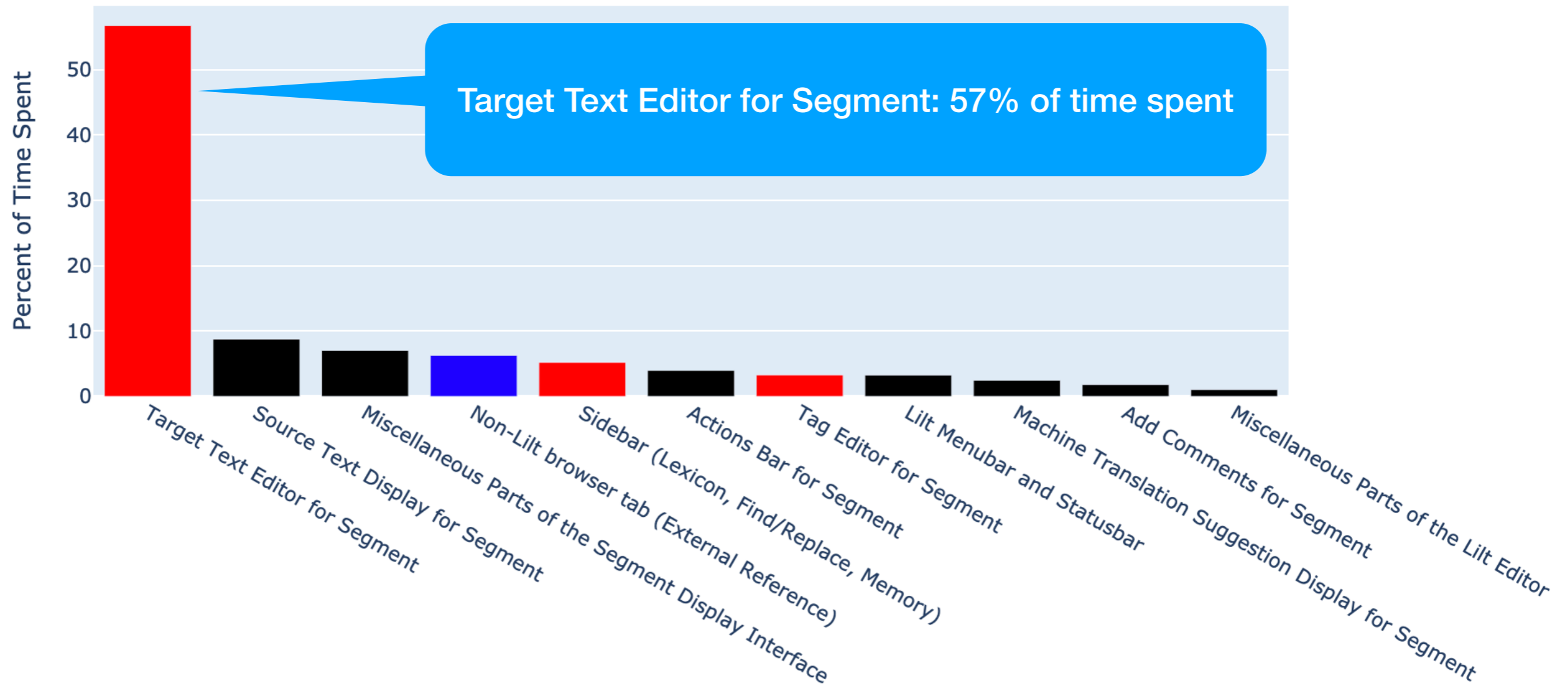
Our efforts have focused on helping translators type translations faster via interactive MT. Is that actually most time-consuming part?

Data based on mouse and keyboard activity while using Lilt in translation mode, permitting up to 30 seconds of idle time between events

How do translators spend their time on Lilt?



How do translators spend their time on Lilt?



1 Support for Tumblr Photo Sets

2 Support for Tumblr Photo Sets

3 Overview

4 Publishing Photo Sets to Tumblr is now supported.

5 Use this feature to publish a collection of photos to Tumblr in one post.

6 1 Note: /1 To learn more about this feature, contact your Success Manager.

Nota: Para

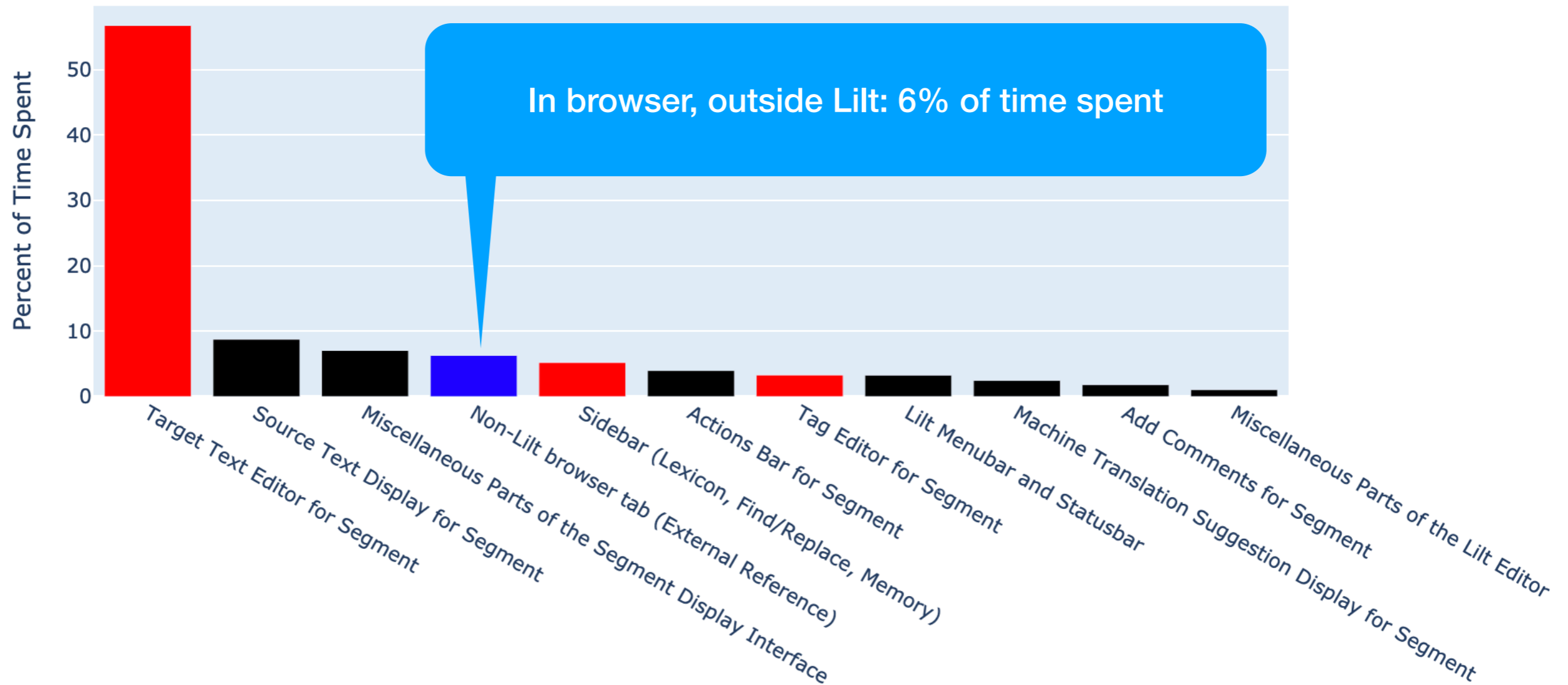
Links available

Nota: Para obtener más información sobre esta función, póngase en contacto con su Administrador de Éxito.

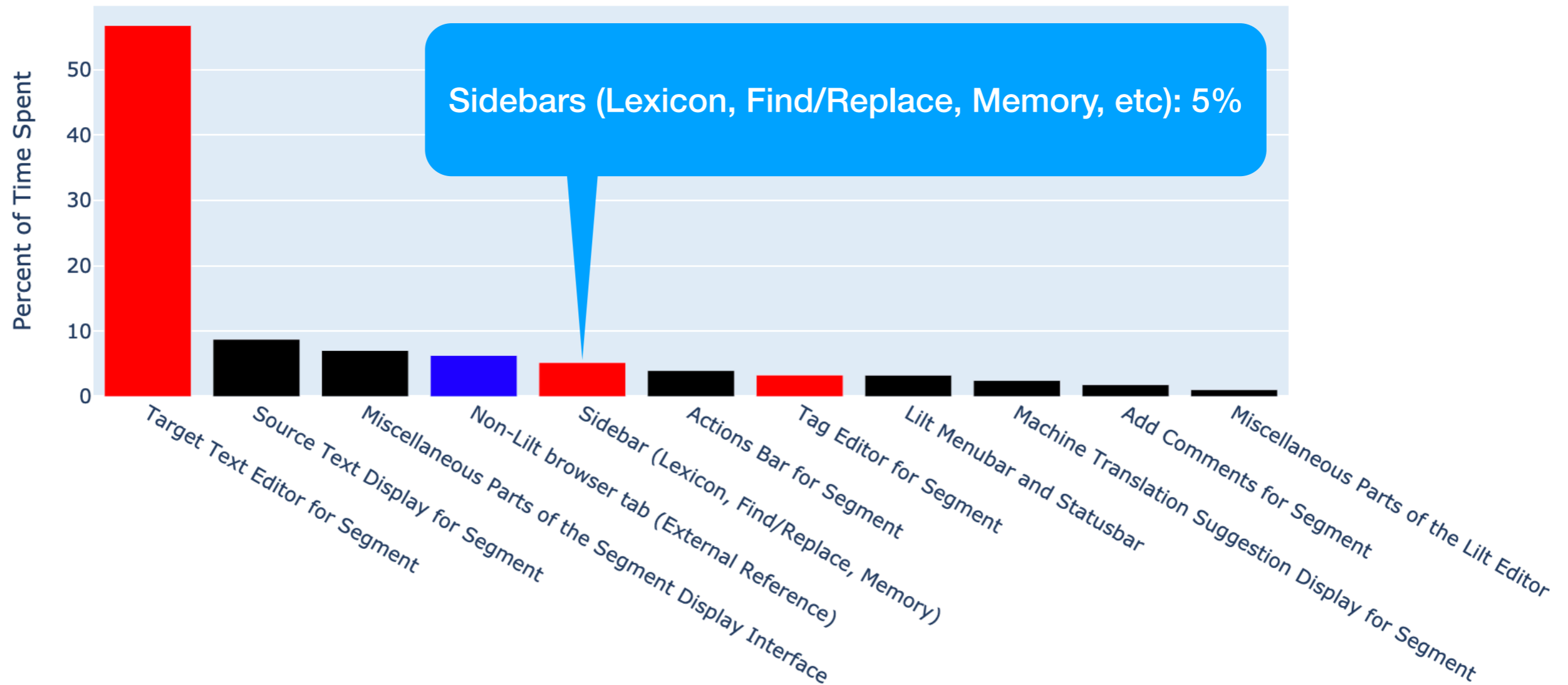
7 Publish a Photo Set to Tumblr

Target Text Editor for Segment: 57% of time spent

How do translators spend their time on Lilt?



How do translators spend their time on Lilt?



Sidebars (Lexicon, Find/Replace, Memory, etc): 5%



Lexicon

ENGLISH SPANISH

note

Search

English

note

Spanish

nota

- notar 🔍
- billete 🔍
- anotar 🔍
- observar 🔍
- apuntar 🔍
- bilete 🔍
- boleto 🔍
- constatar 🔍
- cupón 🔍
- comentario 🔍
- eminencia 🔍
- distinguir 🔍
- comentar 🔍
- advertir 🔍
- glosa 🔍
- anotación 🔍
- percibir 🔍

? 帮助

5 Use this feature to publish a collection of photos to Tumblr in one post.

6 1 Note: /1 To learn more about this feature, contact your Success Manager.

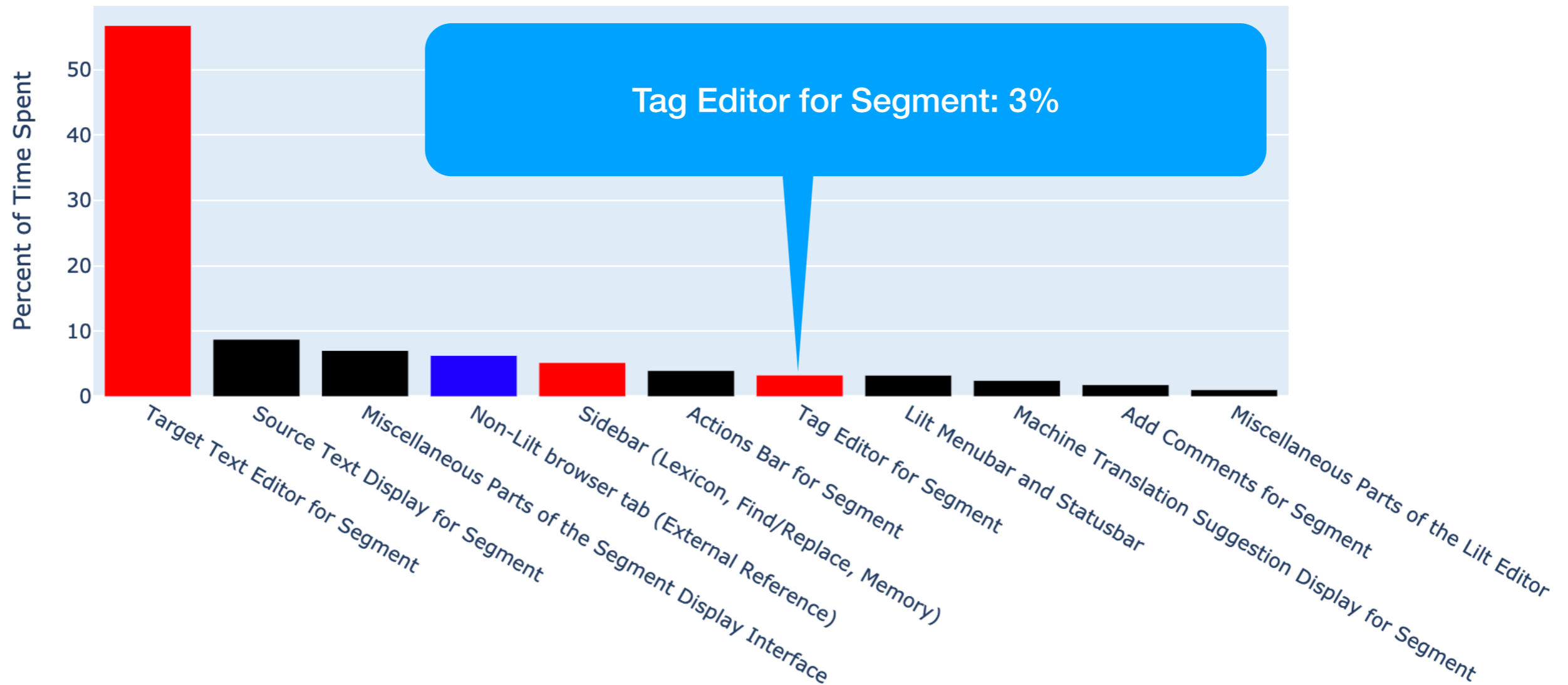
Nota: Para

Links available

Nota: Para obtener más información sobre esta función, póngase en contacto con su Administrador de Éxito.

7 Publish a Photo Set to Tumblr

How do translators spend their time on Lilt?



5 Use this feature to publish a collection of photos to Tumblr in one post.

6 **1** Note: **/1** To learn more about this feature, contact your Success Manager. **QA**

1 Nota: **/1** Para obtener más información sobre esta función, póngase en contacto con su Administrador de Éxito. **X**

7 Publish a Photo Set to Tumblr

8 1. Click on the **<1 />** icon in the top navigation bar and select **2** Quick Publish **QA**

/2 <3 /> 4 /4 <5 /> 99

1. Haga clic en el **<1 />** icono de the en la barra de navegación superior y seleccione **2** Publicación rápida **/2 <3 /> 4 /4 <5 />**

Links available **X**

Tag Editor for Segment: 3%

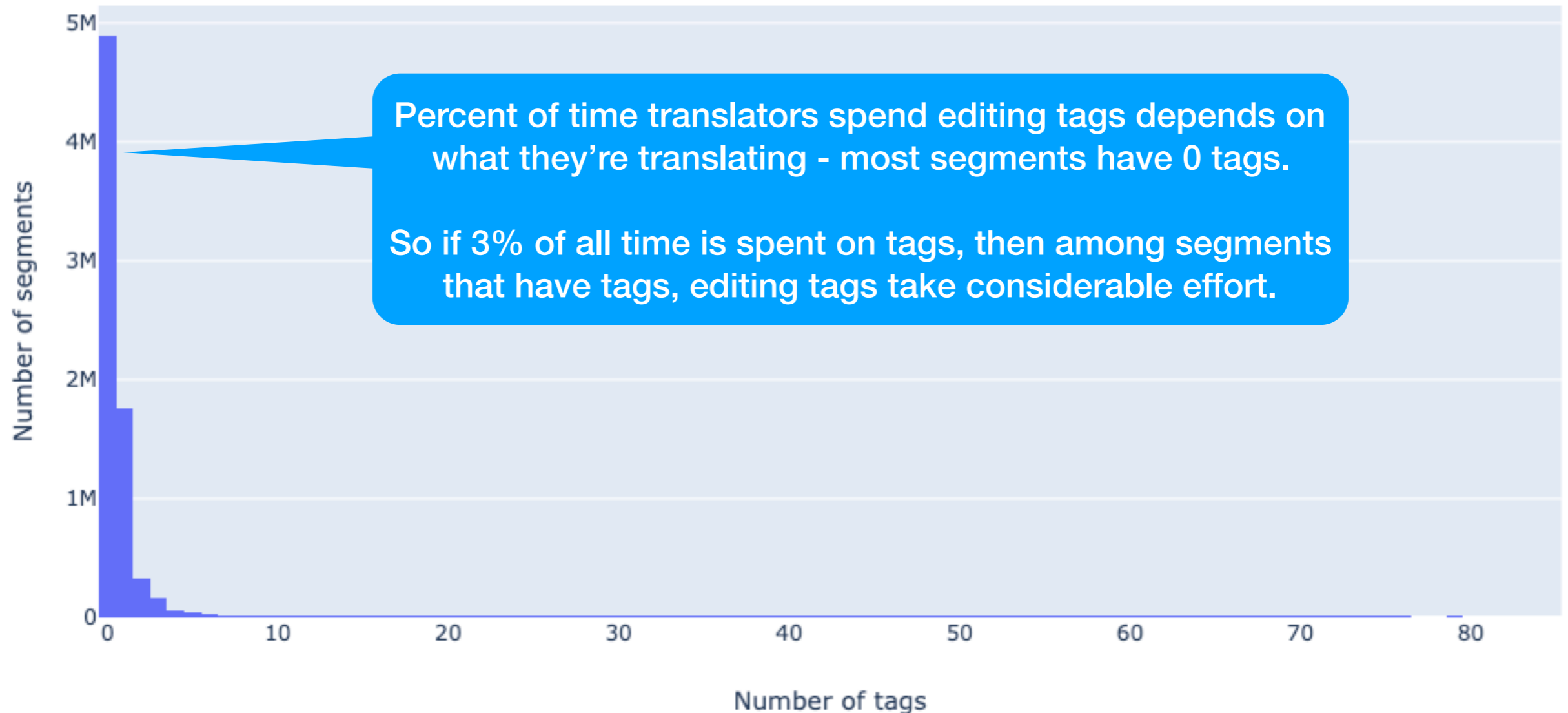
9 2. In the Select Accounts field, select the Tumblr account you would like to publish from **<1 /> 2 /2 <3 />**

10 3. Click Photo to open the **1** Add Photos **/1** window **<2 /> 3 /3 <4 />**

11 4. In the **1** Add Photos **/1** window, click on the photos you would like to include in your photo set. Selected images will have a check mark in the upper right corner.



Histogram of segments by the number of tags



45 Dólar

46 La empresa operaba, en 1 mayo de 2014 /1, más de 408 tiendas propias en nueve países, 2 3 4 [/4 4 5] /2 /3 /5 miles de distribuidores (destacándose los distribuidores premium o 6 Apple Premium Resellers /6) y una tienda en línea (disponible en varios países) donde se venden sus productos y se presta asistencia técnica.

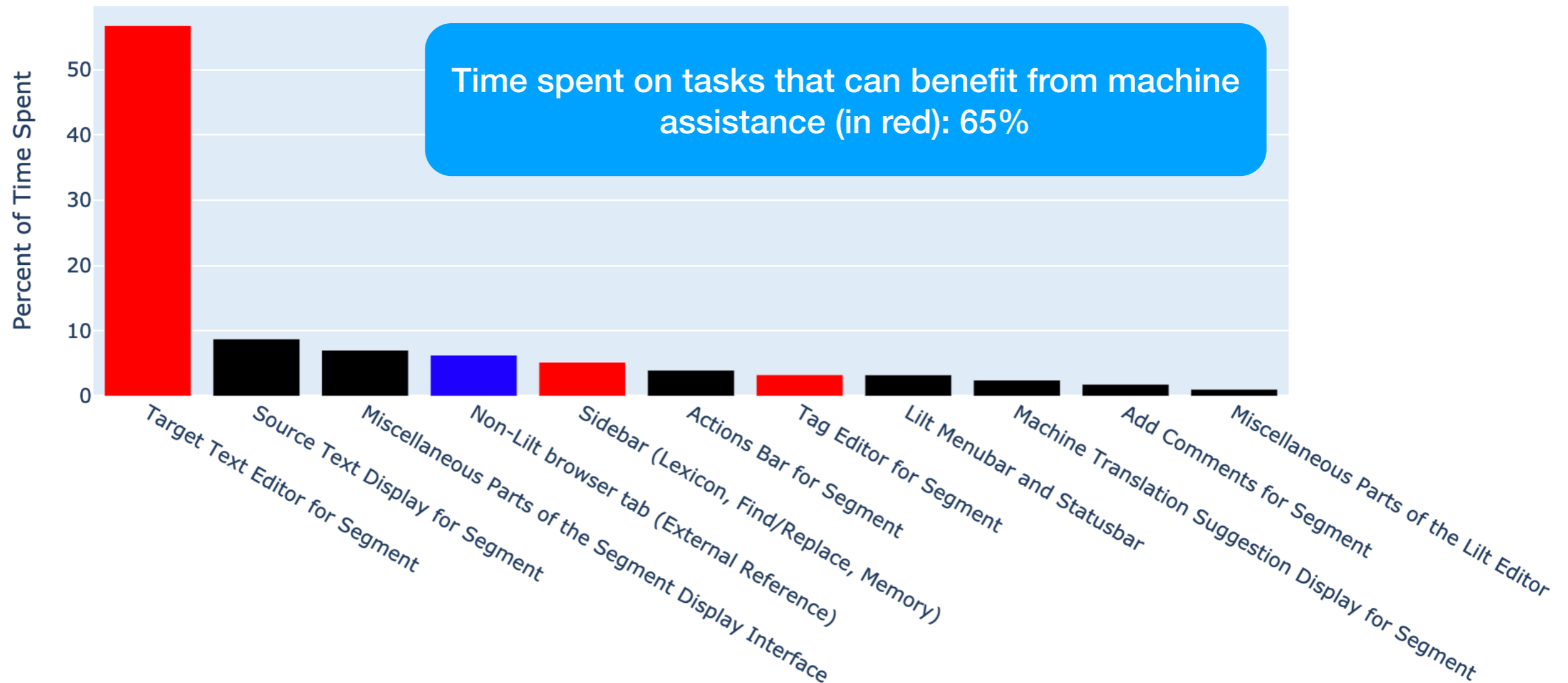


Lilt does automatic tag placement when segments are confirmed, which users can correct. See lilt.com/research for details (Zenkel 2020)

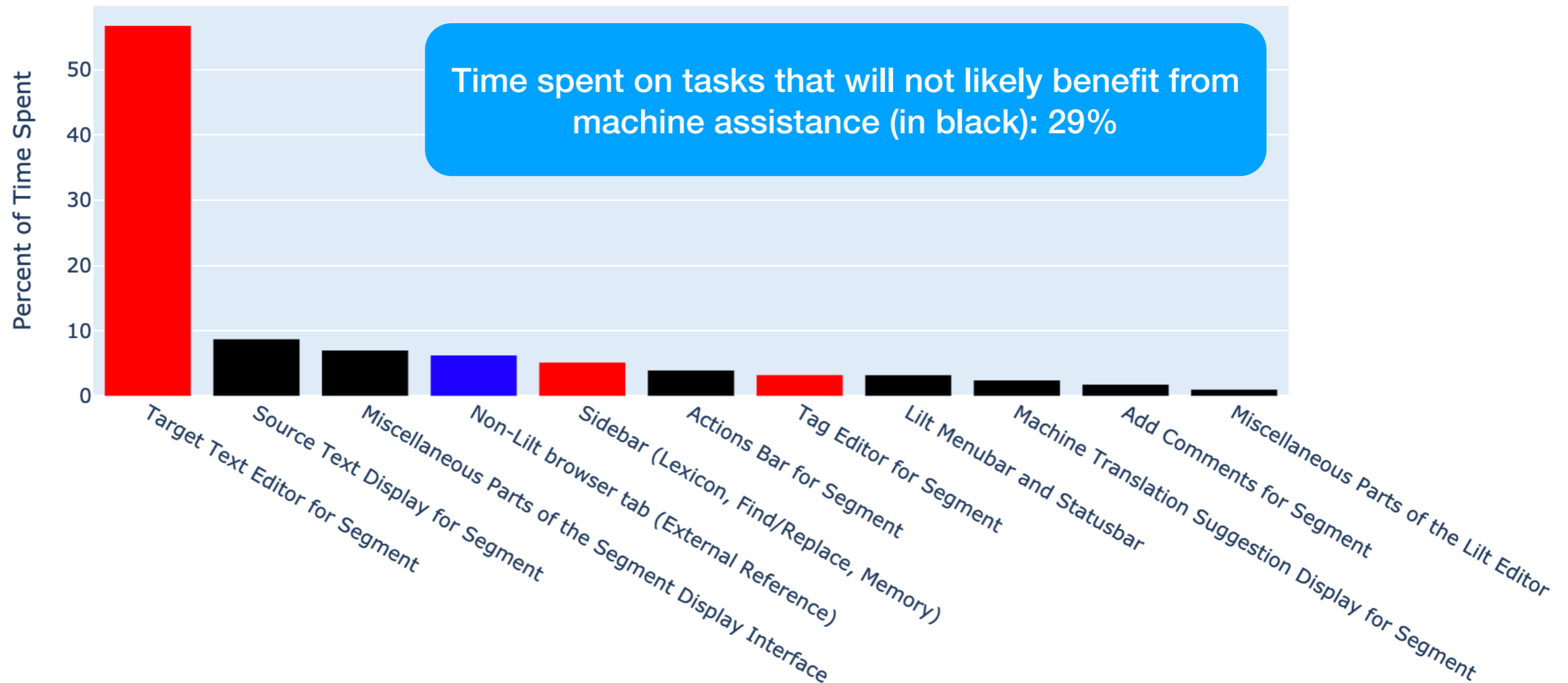


47 De acuerdo con la revista 1 Fortune /1 /2, Apple fue la

How do translators spend their time on Lilt?



How do translators spend their time on Lilt?

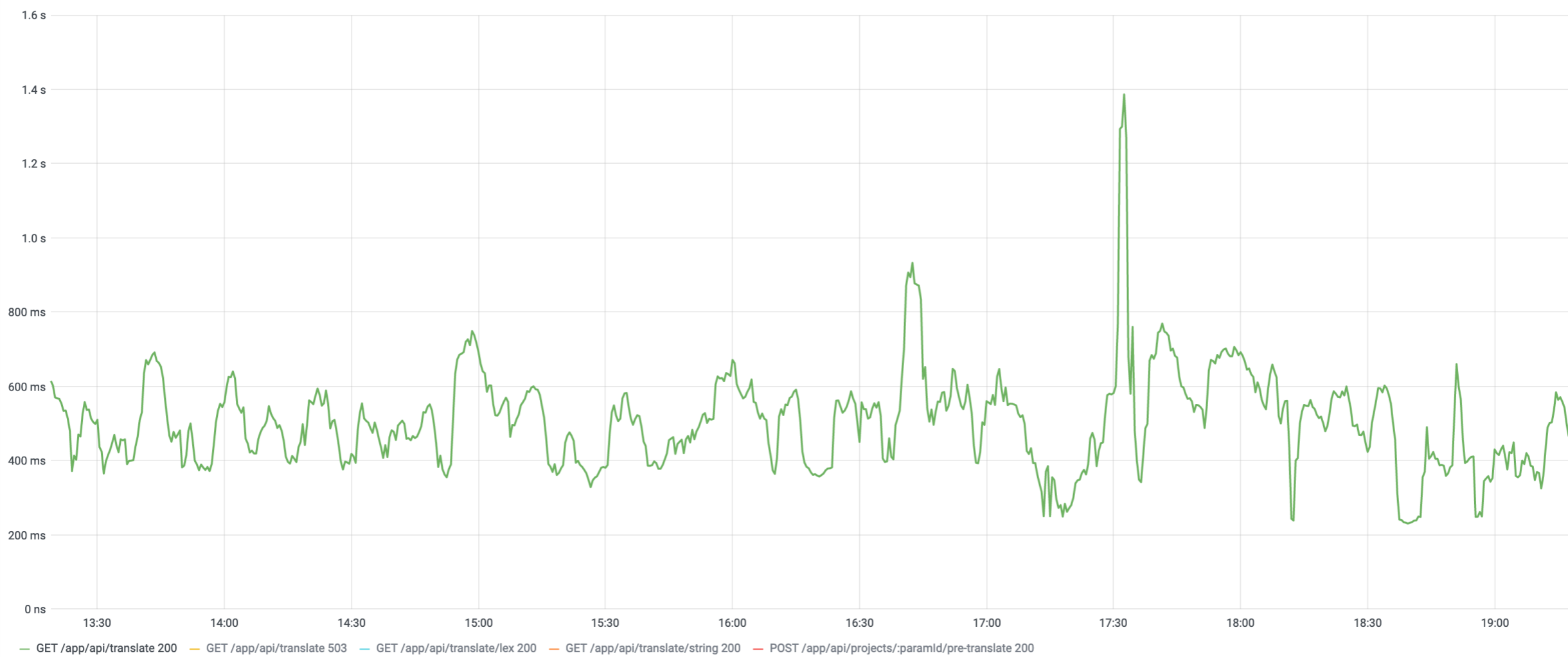


Conclusion: A Study of Interactive Machine Translation Use on Lilt

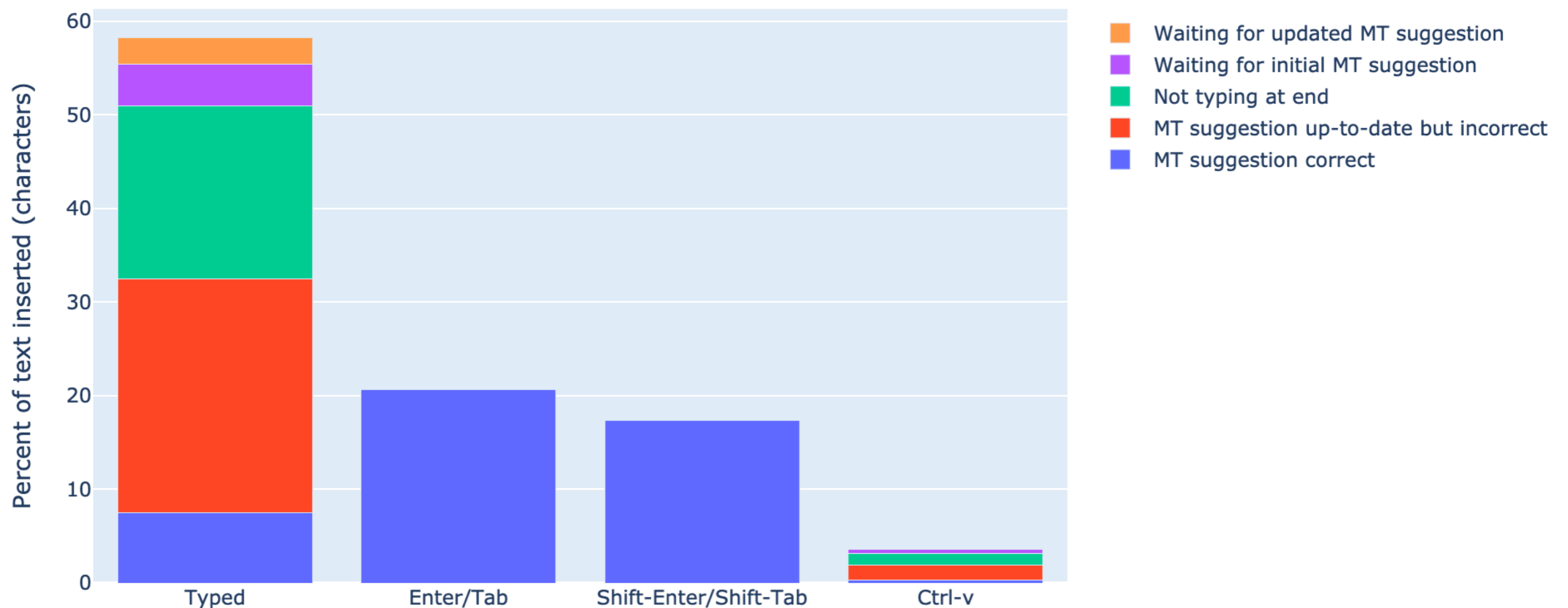
- 57% of translator time is spent on actually writing the translation, which we can optimize with interactive MT.
- Our prefix-constrained interactive MT shows the correct suggestion to translators for 46% of the text they type. Of this, they use our autocompletion for 83% of the text.
- Main areas for improvement are MT quality and showing suggestions when user isn't typing at the end. Latency is very good (< 500ms).
- While Lilt is used in an interactive style 4x more than post-editing, 17% of our users primarily use it for post-editing.

Backup slides

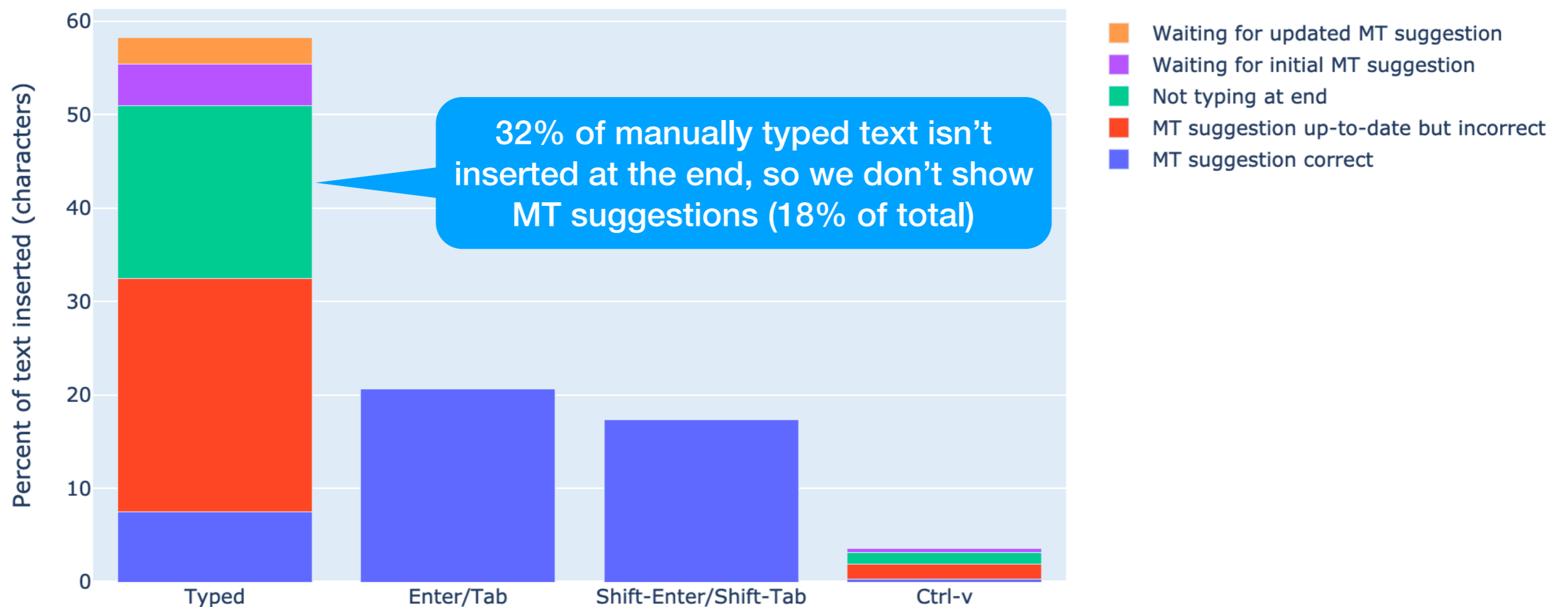
latency's 90th percentile [5m]



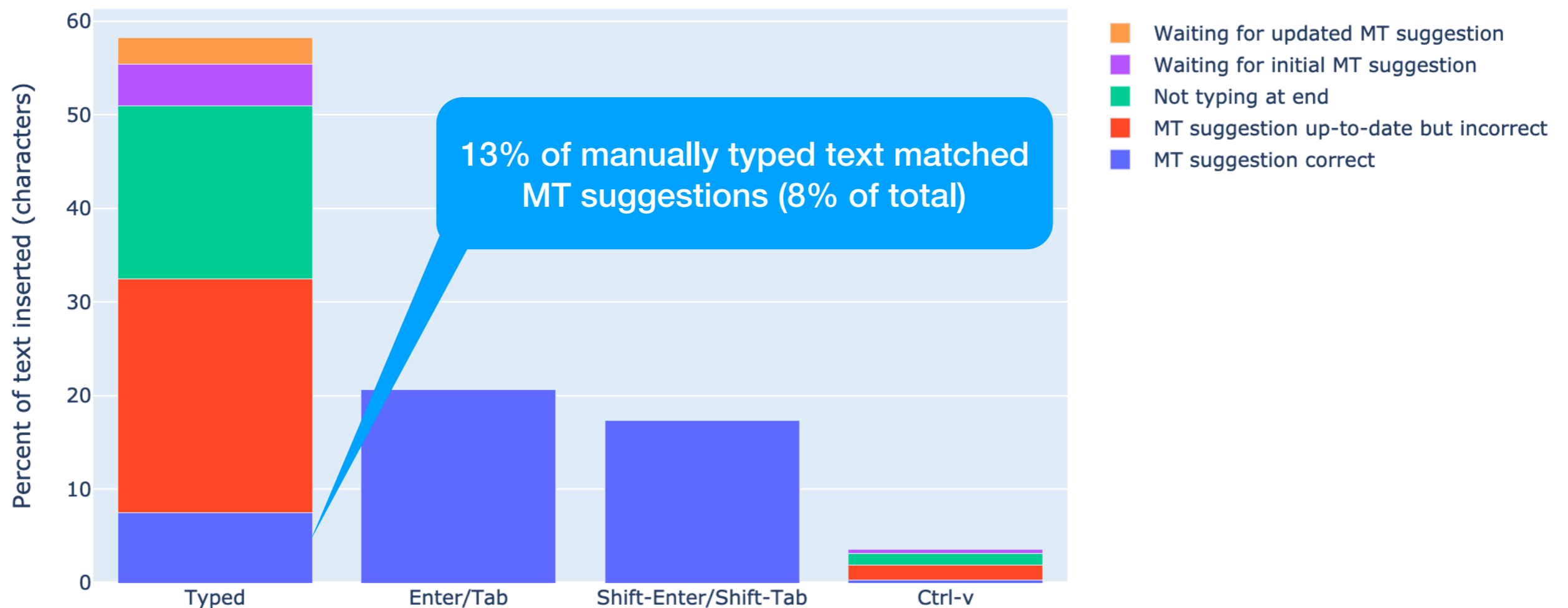
Keys through which text is inserted, broken down by MT state



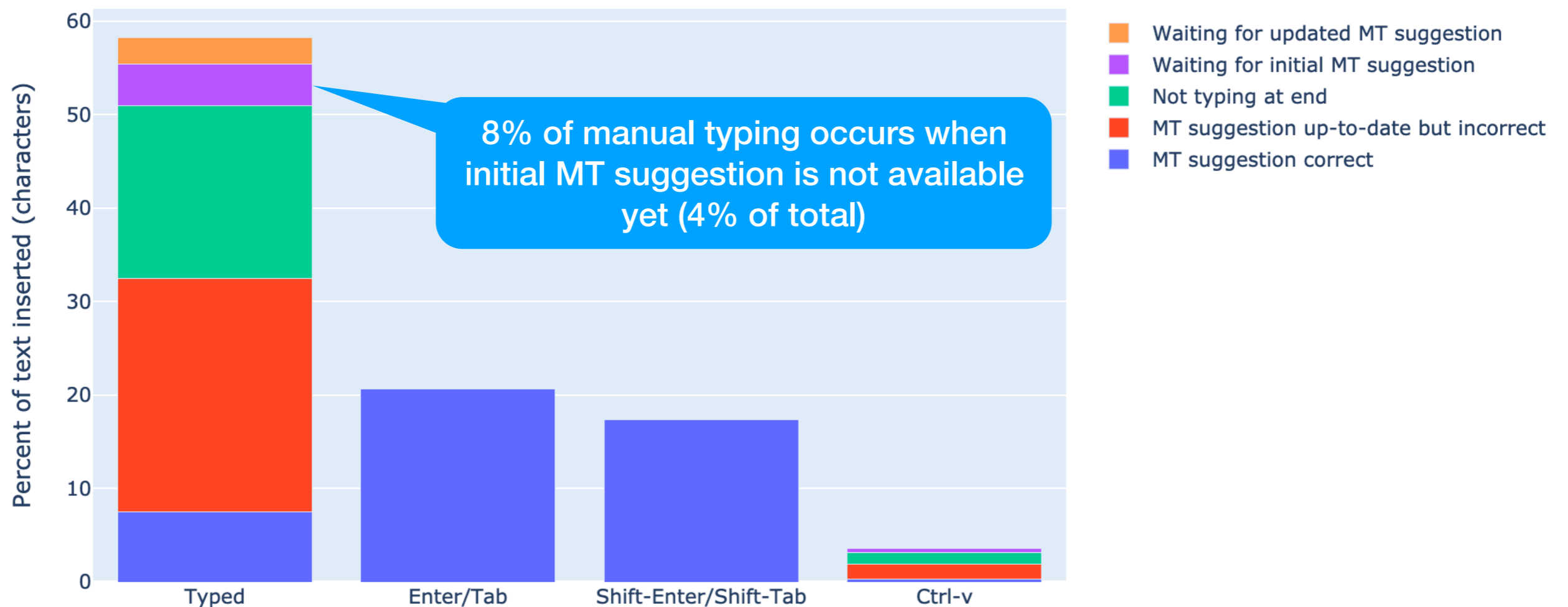
Keys through which text is inserted, broken down by MT state



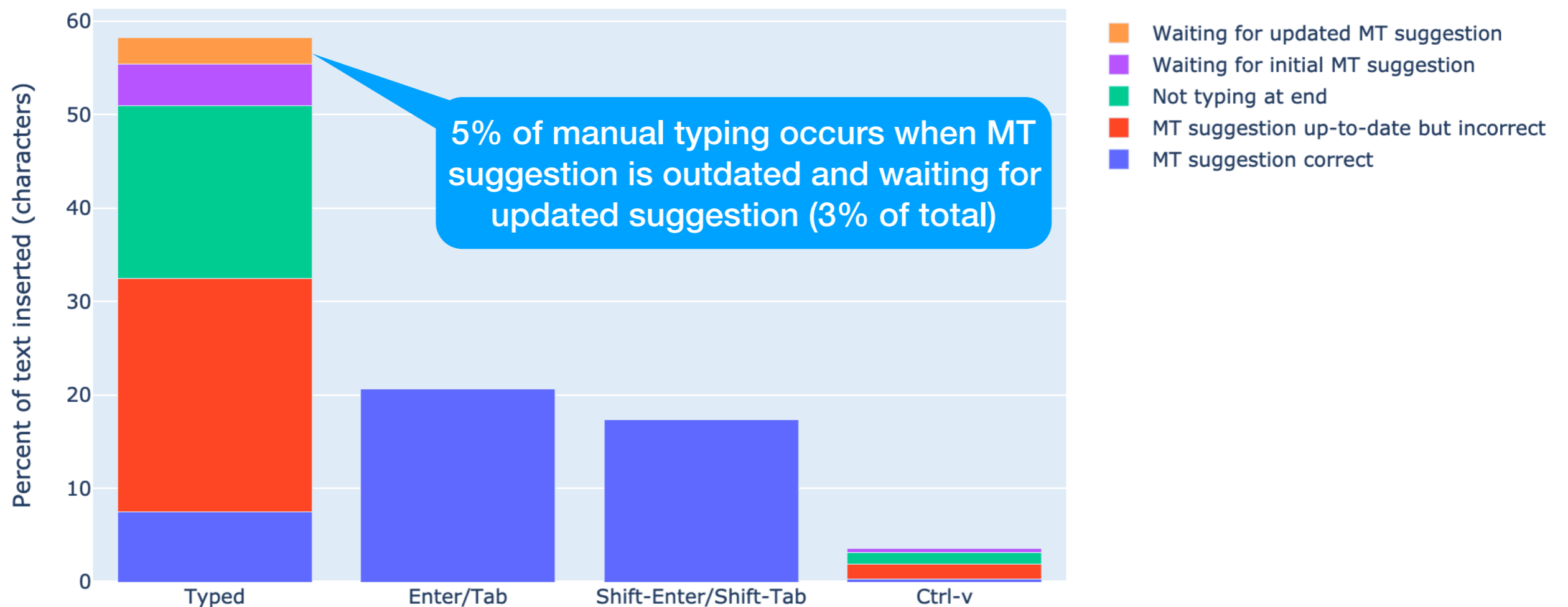
Keys through which text is inserted, broken down by MT state



Keys through which text is inserted, broken down by MT state



Keys through which text is inserted, broken down by MT state



Keys through which text is inserted, broken down by MT state

