KnowFM 2025

The 3rd Workshop on Towards Knowledgeable Foundation Models

Proceedings of the Workshop

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Introduction

Welcome to KnowFM 2025, the 3rd workshop on knowledgeable foundation models. Co-located with ACL 2025, this workshop is scheduled for August 1, 2025, and will be held in Vienna, Austria.

Knowledge has been an important prerequisite for a variety of NLP applications and is typically sourced from either structured knowledge sources such as knowledge bases and dictionaries, or unstructured sources such as Wikipedia documents. More recently, researchers have discovered that language models already possess a significant amount of knowledge through pretraining: LLMs can be used to generate commonsense and factual knowledge for question answering. While the results are encouraging, there are still lingering questions: Where does this knowledge come from? How much do language models know? Is this knowledge reliable? If some knowledge is wrong, can we fix it?

In response to these questions, the KnowFM workshop examines the lifecycle of knowledge within foundation models: The emergence of knowledge through language model pretraining; Injection of external knowledge; Updating and modification of knowledge; Probing and generation of knowledge.

Currently, researchers focusing on different stages of this lifecycle are scattered across various sub-communities within NLP. For example, probing and editing knowledge is often associated with the interpretability track, while injecting knowledge is typically application-specific and discussed within dialog, open-domain QA, IE, or summarization tracks. This workshop seeks to bring these researchers together and facilitate collaboration to create a more holistic view of the problem.

The KnowFM workshop also addresses core challenges in LM research: reducing hallucination, improving interpretability, and enhancing model extensibility. Although these challenges remain open, knowledge clearly plays a key role: Attribution to sources or providing relevant knowledge during generation can mitigate hallucination; Locating and tracing knowledge provides insights into the LM's inner workings; Efficiently adapting to domain knowledge or integrating updated facts improves extensibility.

This year, we received a total of 62 archival and non-archival submissions to the KnowFM workshop, of which 55 were accepted. Among these, 12 have been included in our proceedings, and 7 are included in ACL Findings.

In addition to oral and poster sessions where accepted works will be presented, the workshop will also host talks and a panel discussion with invited speakers.

Finally, we would like to express our gratitude to all the authors, committee members, invited speakers, and participants for helping make this workshop possible.

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