

16th International Conference on Computational Semantics

Proceedings of the Conference

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ISBN 979-8-89176-316-6

Introduction

These are the proceedings of the 16h International Conference on Computational Semantics, held at Heinrich Heine University, Düsseldorf, Germany, from 22 to 24 September 2025.

The aim of IWCS is to bring together researchers interested in all areas of computational semantics and computational aspects of meaning of natural language within written, spoken, signed, or multimodal communication. As shown in these proceedings, covered topics embrace both symbolic and machine learning approaches to computational semantics, in relation with multimodality, external knowledge, cognitive analysis, and many resources, e.g., annotation and software. We invited three keynote speakers to present their work: Oana-Maria Camburu (Department of Computing, Imperial College London, UK), Alexander Koller (Department of Language Science and Technology, Saarland University, Germany), and Denis Paperno (Utrecht University, Netherlands). The program also includes five oral presentation sessions and two poster sessions. Three satellite workshops will be held on the day after the conference:

- Bridges and Gaps between Formal and Computational Linguistics (BriGap2);
- The Second International Workshop on Construction Grammars and Natural Language Processing (CxGs+NLP 2025);
- A workshop joining the Second Workshop on Multimodal Semantic Representations (MMSR II) and the 21st Joint ACL ISO Workshop on Interoperable Semantic Annotation (ISA-21).

We received 50 submissions (39 long and 11 short submissions) that each was assigned three reviewers. One long submission was withdrawn before review. Out of the remaining ones, 31 papers were accepted for the conference (25 long and 6 short), resulting in 14 oral presentations and 18 poster presentations, and a final acceptance rate of 63% (66% for long papers and 55% for short papers). Twp long paper were withdrawn after acceptance. We are very grateful to the reviewers for their work and discussions that allowed us to produce a high-quality program for the conference.

In addition to this scientific work, this conference was made possible thanks to the local organizing team and the support of Haus der Universität.

We hope that IWCS 2025 will be an exciting edition and a lively forum to the computational semantics community.

Kilian Evang, Laura Kallmeyer, and Sylvain Pogodalla September 2025

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Annie Zaenen, Stanford University

Alessandra Zarcone, Technische Hochschule Augsburg

Sina Zarrieß, Bielefeld University

Keynote Talk

Thoughts You Can Trust? Evaluating the Faithfulness of Model-Generated Explanations and Their Effects on Human Performance

Oana-Maria Camburu Imperial College London

Abstract: Large Language Models (LLMs) can readily generate natural language explanations—or chain-of-thoughts (CoTs)—to justify their outputs. In this talk, I will first introduce methods for evaluating whether such explanations faithfully reflect the decision-making processes of the models that produce them. Second, I present the results of a user study involving 85 clinicians and medical students diagnosing chest X-rays. The study compares the effectiveness of natural language explanations, saliency maps, and their combination in supporting clinical decision-making.

Bio: Oana-Maria Camburu is an Assistant Professor in the Department of Computing at Imperial College London. Prior to that, she was a Principal Research Fellow in the Department of Computer Science at the University College London, holding an Early Career Leverhulme Fellowship. Oana was also a postdoc at the University of Oxford, from where she obtained her PhD in "Explaining Deep Neural Networks". Her main research interests lie in explainability for deep learning models and AI safety and alignment.

Keynote Talk

Compositionality, Intensionality and LLMs: The Case of the Personal Relations Task

Denis Paperno

Utrecht University

Abstract: Semanticists have long considered compositionality to be at the heart of natural language interpretation. Modern large language models (LLMs) achieve impressive results at tasks involving semantics, but in most cases it is hard to judge to what extent they rely on compositional mechanisms. Since the training data is enormous and could contain many complex phrases, much of LLM's performance could potentially be attributed to non-compositional pattern memorization, leaving little space for compositional ability. For example, "mother of Elon Musk" could be processed by a language model as a holistic unit since the phrase occurs in this form in the training corpora. The talk will discuss ongoing work based on the Personal Relations task (Paperno, 2022), designed to assess semantic compositionality properly. The Personal Relations task relies on a small universe with randomly generated relations which can not be present in language model pretraining, therefore offering a testing ground for compositional abilities of models at phrase level. Furthermore, the Personal Relations task allows us to contrast intensional and extensional semantic interpretation. We find that language models (still) exhibit different compositional abilities than humans, with intensionality playing a substantial role.

Denis Paperno. 2022. On Learning Interpreted Languages with Recurrent Models. *Computational Linguistics*, 48(2):471–482.

Bio: Denis Paperno is assistant professor of computational linguistics at Utrecht University. He received a PhD in Linguistics from the University of California Los Angeles, and subsequently worked at the University of Trento (CLIC lab, Rovereto) as a postdoc and at the Loria lab (Nancy) as a CNRS researcher. Denis has published extensively in the fields of semantics, language model evaluation, and vector space representations of meaning. His research contributions include work on compositionality in computational models of semantics, visual grounding, and representation probing.

Solving Complex Problems with Large Language Models

Alexander Koller Saarland University

Abstract: One of the great promises that people connect with LLMs is that they can make complex problem-solving with computers accessible to lay users. Unlike traditional symbolic solvers (e.g. for planning or constraint solving), LLMs accept natural-language input and require no expert training; unlike earlier task-oriented dialogue systems, they can be applied across arbitrary domains. In my talk, I will explore the degree to which LLMs are fulfilling this promise. I will present recent work on whether current LLMs "reason" or "recite", discuss the role of symbolic representations in LLM-based problem-solving, and offer some thoughts on trustworthy problem-solving with LLMs.

Bio: Alexander Koller is a Professor of Computational Linguistics at Saarland University in Saarbrücken, Germany. His research interests include planning and reasoning with LLMs, syntactic and semantic processing, natural language generation, and dialogue systems. He is particularly interested in neurosymbolic models that bring together principled linguistic modeling and correctness guarantees with the coverage and robustness of neural approaches. Alexander received his PhD from Saarland University and was previously a postdoc at Columbia University and the University of Edinburgh, faculty at the University of Potsdam, and Visiting Senior Research Scientist at the Allen Institute for AI.

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Disentangling lexical and grammatical information in word embeddings Li Liu and François Lareau

ProgramHaus der Universität, Schadowplatz 14, 40212 Düsseldorf

Monday, September 22, 2025

08:30 - 09:15	Registration (Level 0)
09:15 - 09:30	Opening remarks (Level -1)
09:30 - 10:30	Invited speaker: Oana-Maria Camburu (Level -1)
10:30 - 11:00	Coffee break (Level 0)
11:00 - 12:30	Main session 1 (semantic parsing, linguistic phenomena) (Level -1)
	Neurosymbolic AI for Natural Language Inference in French: combining LLMs and theorem provers for semantic parsing and natural language reasoning Maximos Skandalis, Lasha Abzianidze, Richard Moot, Christian Retoré and Simon Robillard
	Is neural semantic parsing good at ellipsis resolution, or isn't it? Xiao Zhang and Johan Bos
	Retrieval-Augmented Semantic Parsing: Improving Generalization with Lexical Knowledge Xiao Zhang, Qianru Meng and Johan Bos
12:30 - 14:00	Lunch break
14:00 - 15:00	Invited speaker: Denis Paperno (Level -1)
15:00 - 16:30	Coffee break (Level 0)
15:00 - 16:30	Poster session 1a (LLMs) (Level 2)
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	LLMs Struggle with NLI for Perfect Aspect: A Cross-Linguistic Study in Chinese and Japanese

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Monday, September 22, 2025 (continued)

Assessing LLMs' Understanding of Structural Contrasts in the Lexicon Shuxu LI, Antoine Venant, Philippe Langlais and François Lareau

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On the Role of Linguistic Features in LLM Performance on Theory of Mind Tasks Ekaterina Kozachenko, Gonçalo Guiomar and Karolina Stanczak

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Extracting Behaviors from German Clinical Interviews in Support of Autism Spectrum Diagnosis

Margareta A. Kulcsar, Ian Paul Grant and Massimo Poesio

Semantic Analysis Experiments for French Citizens' Contribution: Combinations of Language Models and Community Detection Algorithms

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FRIDA to the Rescue! Analyzing Synthetic Data Effectiveness in Object-Based Common Sense Reasoning for Disaster Response

Mollie Shichman, Claire Bonial, Austin Blodgett, Taylor Pellegrin, Francis Ferraro and Rachel Rudinger

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Context Effects on the Interpretation of Complement Coercion: A Comparative Study with Language Models in Norwegian

Matteo Radaelli, Emmanuele Chersoni, Alessandro Lenci and Giosuè Baggio

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Tuesday, September 23, 2025

08:30 - 09:30	Registration (Level 0)
09:30 - 10:30	Invited speaker: Alexander Koller (Level -1)
10:30 - 11:00	Coffee break (Level 0)
11:00 - 12:30	Main session 3 (language models and linguistic knowledge) (Level -1)
	Disentangling lexical and grammatical information in word embeddings Li Liu and François Lareau
	The Proper Treatment of Verbal Idioms in German Discourse Representation Structure Parsing Kilian Evang, Rafael Ehren and Laura Kallmeyer
	SemToken: Semantic-Aware Tokenization for Efficient Long-Context Language Modeling Dong Liu and Yanxuan Yu
12:30 - 14:00	Lunch break
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	Which Model Mimics Human Mental Lexicon Better? A Comparative Study of Word Embedding and Generative Models Huacheng Song, Zhaoxin Feng, Emmanuele Chersoni and Chu-Ren Huang
	Finding Answers to Questions: Bridging between Type-based and Computational Neuroscience Approaches Staffan Larsson, Jonathan Ginzburg, Robin Cooper and Andy Lücking
15:00 - 16:30	
	Coffee break (Level 0)
15:00 - 16:30	Coffee break (Level 0) Poster session 2a (resources) (Level 2)

Tuesday, September 23, 2025 (continued)

FAMWA: A new taxonomy for classifying word associations (which humans improve at but LLMs still struggle with)

Maria A. Rodriguez, Marie Candito and Richard Huyghe

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Dominik Künkele and Simon Dobnik

A Graph Autoencoder Approach for Gesture Classification with Gesture AMR Huma Jamil, Ibrahim Khebour, Kenneth Lai, James Pustejovsky and Nikhil Krishnaswamy

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Not Just Who or What: Modeling the Interaction of Linguistic and Annotator Variation in Hateful Word Interpretation

Sanne Hoeken, Özge Alacam, Dong Nguyen, Massimo Poesio and Sina Zarrieß

A Model of Information State in Situated Multimodal Dialogue

Kenneth Lai, Lucia Donatelli, Richard Brutti and James Pustejovsky

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09:00 - 18:00	ISA-21, The 21st Joint ACL - ISO Workshop on Interoperable Semantic Annotation (Level 2)
09:00 - 18:00	Bridges and Gaps between Formal and Computational Linguistics (BriGap2) (Level 3)
10:30 - 11:00	Coffee break (Level 0)
15:30 - 16:00	Coffee break (Level 0)