Should Have, Would Have, Could Have



UPPSALA UNIVERSITET Investigating Verb Group Representations for Parsing with Universal Dependencies

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1. Introduction • problem: UD is believed to be suboptimal for parsing • solution: Create a parsing representation (de Marneffe et al., 2014) • focus of the study: verb groups



done have

Figure 1: *MS verb group: the auxiliary is the head*



Figure 2: UD/PDT verb group : the main verb is the head UD uses PDT style but MS is better for parsing

(Nilsson et al., 2006, 2007; Schwartz et al., 2012)

| Treebank | #S | #W | %A |
|---------------------|--------|--------|------|
| SDT | 1,936 | 35K | 9.45 |
| PDT | 80,407 | 1,382K | 1.38 |
| Basque | 7,194 | 97K | 8.51 |
| Bulgarian | 10,022 | 141K | 1.03 |
| Croatian | 3,757 | 84K | 3.87 |
| Czech | 77,765 | 1,333K | 0.92 |
| Danish | 5,190 | 95K | 2.29 |
| English | 14,545 | 230K | 2.85 |
| Estonian | 1,184 | 9K | 0.73 |
| Finnish | 12,933 | 172K | 1.49 |
| Finnish-FTB | 16,913 | 143K | 2.89 |
| French | 16,148 | 394K | 1.45 |
| German | 14,917 | 282K | 1.05 |
| Greek | 2,170 | 53K | 0.36 |
| Hebrew | 5,725 | 147K | 0.15 |
| Hindi | 14,963 | 316K | 3.27 |
| Italian | 12,188 | 260K | 1.87 |
| Norwegian | 18,106 | 281K | 2.60 |
| Old_Church_Slavonic | 5,782 | 52K | 0.35 |
| Persian | 5,397 | 137K | 1.40 |
| Polish | 7,500 | 76K | 0.97 |
| Portuguese | 9,071 | 207K | 0.20 |
| Romanian | 557 | 11K | 2.88 |
| Slovenian | 7,206 | 126K | 4.57 |
| Spanish | 15,739 | 424K | 0.89 |
| Swedish | 4,807 | 76K | 2.37 |
| Tamil | 480 | 8K | 5.30 |

1. Find main verb and collect auxiliaries set 2. Head of main verb becomes head of outermost auxiliary 3. Make a chain from outermost auxiliary to main verb



Figure 5: Intermediate representation



this could easily have done

Figure 6: MS representation

2.2 Back Transformation: MS to UD

1. Find main verb and collect auxiliaries set

2. Attach auxiliaries to main verb

Finnish-FTB

French

3. Attach auxiliaries dependents to main verb

We obtain 100% back transformation accuracy on all but 4 treebanks.

| 3. R | 3. Results | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|--------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 3.1 Effect of VG Transformation on Parsing | | | | | | | | | |
| UD language | A | В | С | D | | | | | |
| Basque | 64.4 | 63.8** | 64.0 | 64.4 | | | | | |
| Bulgarian | 83.4 | 83.2* | 82.5 | 82.9 | | | | | |
| Croatian | 75.9 | 74.6** | 73.7 | 75.9 | | | | | |
| Czech | 80 | 76.5** | 76.4 | 79.9 | | | | | |
| Danish | 75.9 | 75.2** | 74.8 | 75.8 | | | | | |
| English | 81.7 | 80.4** | 80.2 | 81.5 | | | | | |
| Estonian | 77.1 | 77.8 | 77.6 | 77.0 | | | | | |
| Finnish | 66.9 | 66.4* | 65.9 | 66.4 | | | | | |

71.3 70.4** 72.1 72.5

82.1 81.6** 81.3 81.8

2.5 Software

Т

- Parser: MaltParser (Nivre et al., 2006) with default settings and UD (coarse) PoS tags.
- Transformation algorithms: released as part of oDETTE (DEpendency Treebank Transformation and Evaluation). https://github.com/mdelhoneux/oDETTE

3.2 Error analysis

The baseline consistently outperforms the transformed model on the punctuation dependency relation. Punctuation is most often attached to the main verb. The transformed model is bad at identifying the main verb.



Model/Gold UD MS UD A B MS D C
 Table 2: Summary of Figure 7
 3.3 Role of POS tags ambiguity Were improvements in PDT and SDT the result of POS disambiguation? POS main verb aux 0.22 Verb-main 72.81 Verb-copula 22.30 95.95

 Table 3: 2 main verb group POS tags in SDT

 We modify POS tags to create 3 treebanks: • τ_o : original treebank • τ_d : disambiguated treebank • τ_a : ambiguous treebank SDT τ_d **67.8** 67.4 -0.4 SDT τ_o | 65.7 | 66.2 0.5 SDT τ_a | 64.2 | 65.4* 1.2 PDT τ_d 69.2 69.2 0.0 PDT *τ*_o | 68.5 | **68.8**** 0.3 PDT τ_a 68.2 68.4* 0.2 **Table 4:** LAS on (A) and (B) with different levels of POS tag ambiguity. $\Delta = (B) - (A)$ The hypothesis seems to hold for SDT.

| | German Greek Hebrew Hindi Italian Norwegian Old_Church_Slavonic Persian Polish Portuguese Romanian | 76.6 75.2 78.4 85.4 83.8 84.5 68.8 81.1 79.4 81.3 64.2 | 76.0** 75.3 77.9** 84.2** 83.6 82.0** 68.7 79.8** 79.1 81.5 62.5* | 75.4 75.1 77.9 84.9 83.3 81.7 68.7 79.8 79.0 81.6 64.0 | 76.1 75.2 78.5 85.2 83.6 84.5 68.9 81.1 79.3 81.3 64.6 | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Slovenian | 80.8 | 79.7** | 79.8 | | | | | |
| | Spanish Swadiah | 81.5 | 81.2** | 81.2 | | | | | |
| | Swedish Tamil | 76.8 67.2 | 75.7** 67.1 | 75.6 67.4 | 76.7 67.5 | | | | |
| | Table 6: LAS with the 4 versions of the treebank. | | | | | | | | |
| MS is better than UD for parsing MS is easier to learn than UD Symmetry in differences $B > A$ $C > A$ $A = B = C = D$ Table 7: Hypotheses | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Conclusion | | | | | | | | | |
| Verb groups should stay as is in UD. Gains from transforming from PDT style to MS style in previous studies were probably obtained because the approach helped disambiguate POS tags. | | | | | | | | | |

Future work

• Looking at other parsing models.



Less clear for PDT, maybe due to the use of predicted POS tags in experiments.

3.4 Predicted vs gold POS tags Can UD benefit from the transformation when using predicted POS tags? X It seems not. POS tag A B

76.8 75.7** -1.1 gold predicted 76.4 75.6** -0.8 **Table 5:** LAS on UD_Swedish. $\triangle = B - A$

• More in-depth error analysis.

• Looking at other representations (e.g. PPs).

References

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