

A Polynomial-Time Dynamic Programming Algorithm for Phrase-Based Decoding with a Fixed Distortion Limit

Yin-Wen Chang ¹
(Joint work with Michael Collins ^{1,2})

¹Google, New York

²Columbia University

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Introduction

Background:

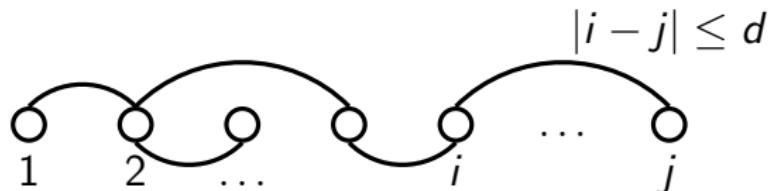
- ▶ Phrase-based decoding without further constraints is NP-hard
- ▶ Proof: reduction from the travelling salesman problem (TSP)[Knight(1999)]
- ▶ Hard distortion limit is commonly imposed in PBMT systems

Question:

- ▶ Is phrase-based decoding with a fixed distortion limit NP-hard or not?

Introduction

A related problem: bandwidth-limited TSP



This work: a new decoding algorithm

- ▶ Process the **source word** from **left-to-right**
- ▶ Maintain **multiple “tapes”** in the target side
- ▶ Run time: $O(nd!/\hbar^{d+1})$ n : source sentence length
 d : distortion limit

Overview of the proposed decoding algorithm

1 2 3 4 5 6
das muss unsere sorge gleichermaßen sein

$$\pi_1 = \epsilon$$

$$\pi_2 = \epsilon$$

- ▶ Process the **source word** from **left-to-right**
- ▶ Maintain **multiple “tapes”** in the target side

Overview of the proposed decoding algorithm

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$$\pi_1 \leftarrow \pi_1 \cdot (1, 2, \text{this must})$$

$$\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})$$

$$\pi_2 = \epsilon$$

- ▶ Process the source word from left-to-right
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Overview of the proposed decoding algorithm

1 2 3 4 5 6
das muss **unsere sorge** gleichermaßen sein

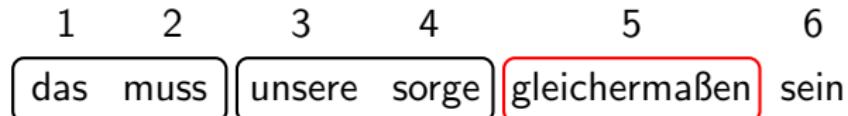
$$\pi_2 \leftarrow \pi_2 \cdot (3, 4, \text{our concern})$$

$$\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})$$

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- ▶ Process the **source word** from **left-to-right**
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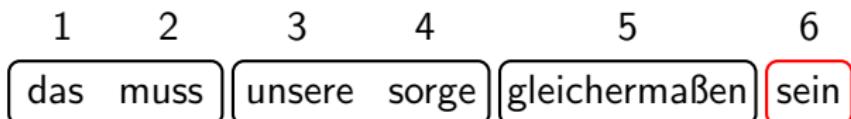
$$\pi_1 \leftarrow \pi_1 \cdot (5, 5, \text{also})$$

$$\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})(5, 5, \text{also})$$

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- ▶ Process the **source word** from **left-to-right**
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Overview of the proposed decoding algorithm



$$\pi_1 \leftarrow \pi_1 \cdot (6, 6, \text{be}) \cdot \pi_2$$

$\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})(5, 5, \text{also})(6, 6, \text{be})(3, 4, \text{our concern})$

$\pi_2 = \epsilon$

- ▶ Process the **source word** from **left-to-right**
- ▶ Maintain **multiple “tapes”** in the target side

Outline

Introduction of the phrase-based decoding problem

Target-side left-to-right: the usual decoding algorithm

Source-side left-to-right: the proposed algorithm

Time complexity of the proposed algorithm

Conclusion and future work

Phrase-based decoding problem

das muss unsere sorge gleichermaßen sein

Phrase-based decoding problem

das muss

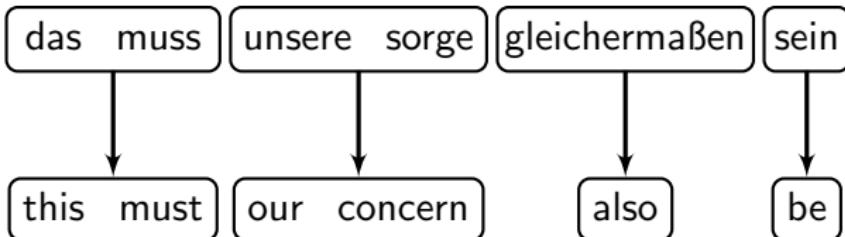
unsere sorge

gleichermaßen

sein

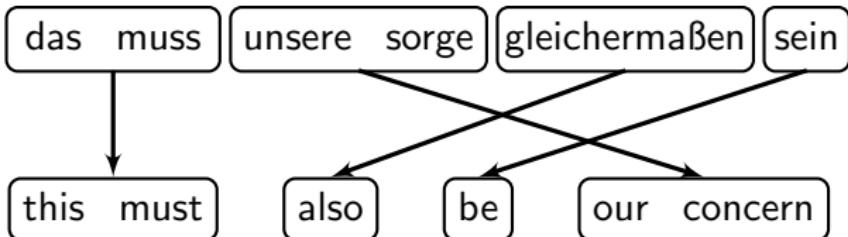
- ▶ Segment the German sentence into non-overlapping phrases

Phrase-based decoding problem



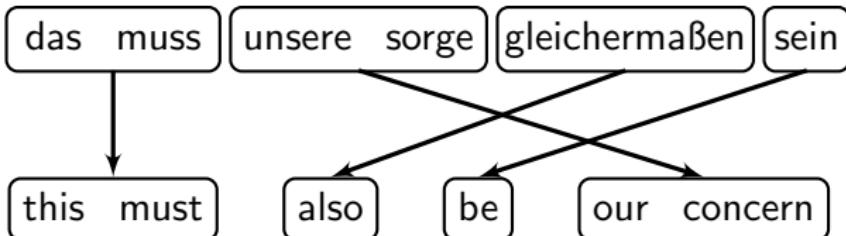
- ▶ Segment the German sentence into non-overlapping phrases
- ▶ Find an English translation for each German phrase

Phrase-based decoding problem



- ▶ Segment the German sentence into non-overlapping phrases
- ▶ Find an English translation for each German phrase
- ▶ Reorder the English phrases to get a better English sentence

Phrase-based decoding problem

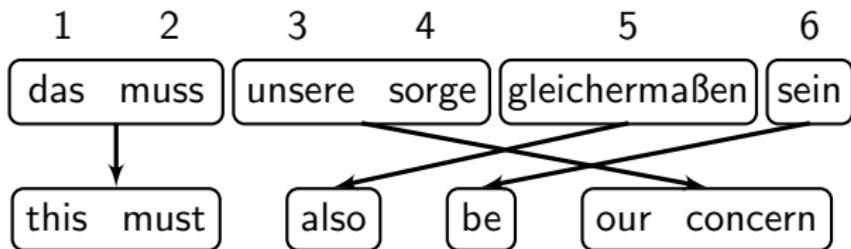


- ▶ Segment the German sentence into non-overlapping phrases
- ▶ Find an English translation for each German phrase
- ▶ Reorder the English phrases to get a better English sentence

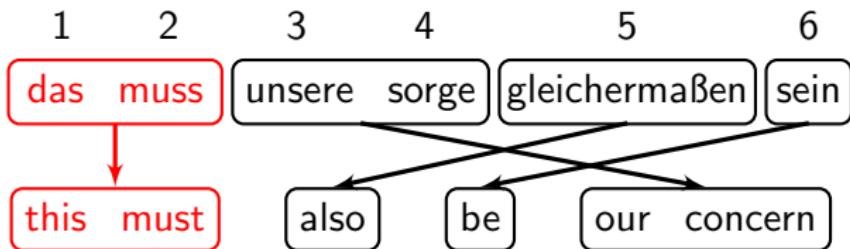
Derivation: complete translation with phrase mappings

Sub-derivation: partial translation

Score a derivation

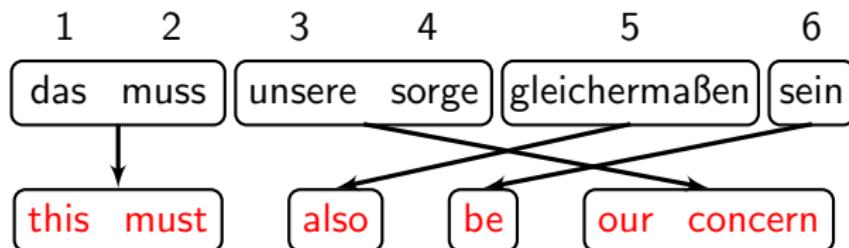


Score a derivation



- ▶ Phrase translation score: $\text{score}(\text{das muss}, \text{this must}) + \dots$

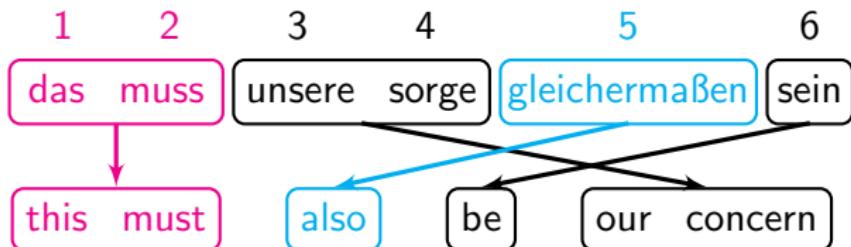
Score a derivation



- ▶ Phrase translation score: $\text{score}(\text{das muss}, \text{this must}) + \dots$
- ▶ Language model score:

$$\begin{aligned}& \text{score}(<\text{s}> \text{ this must also be our concern } </\text{s}>) \\&= \text{score}(\text{this}|<\text{s}>) + \text{score}(\text{must}|\text{this}) + \dots\end{aligned}$$

Score a derivation

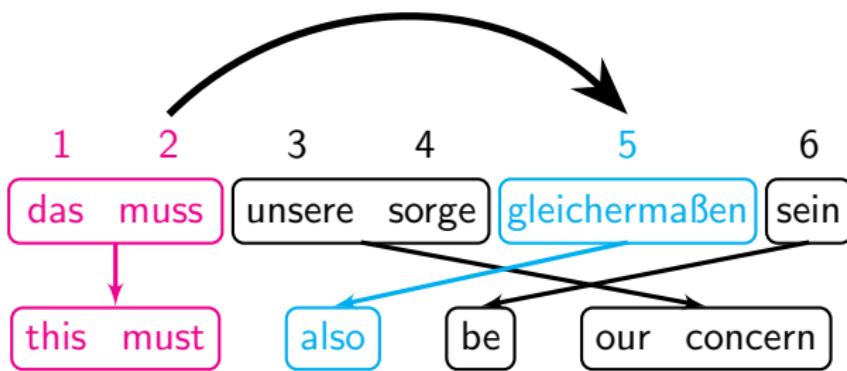


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- ▶ Reordering score: $\eta \cdot |2 + 1 - 5|$

Fixed distortion limit: distortion distance $\leq d$



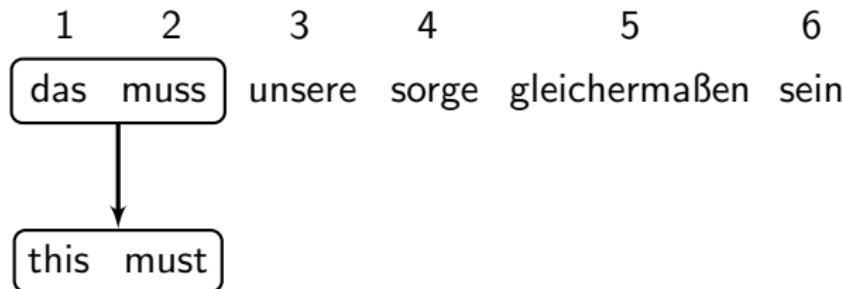
- ▶ Distortion distance: $|2 + 1 - 5| = 2$

Target-side left-to-right: the usual decoding algorithm

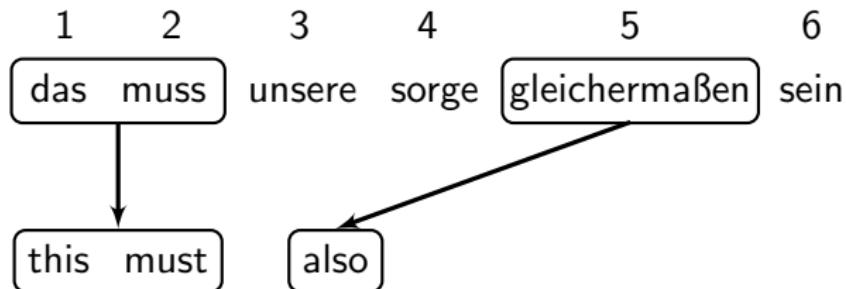
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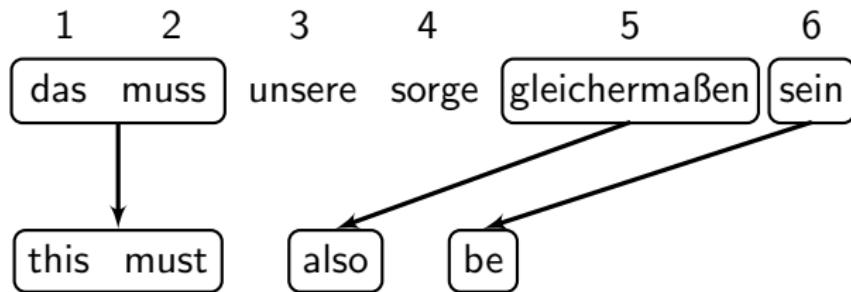
Target-side left-to-right: the usual decoding algorithm



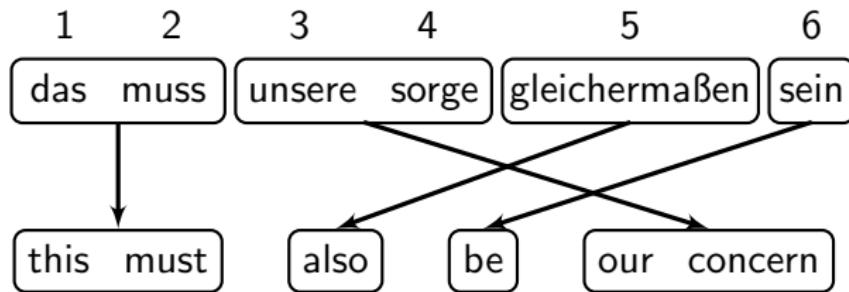
Target-side left-to-right: the usual decoding algorithm



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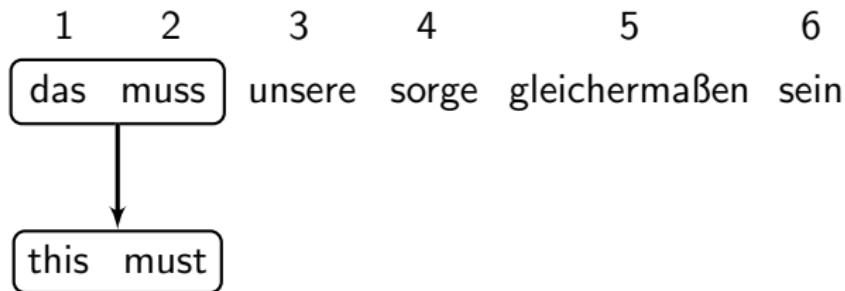
Target-side left-to-right: the usual decoding algorithm



Target-side left-to-right: dynamic programming algorithm

1 2 3 4 5 6
das muss unsere sorge gleichermaßen sein

Target-side left-to-right: dynamic programming algorithm

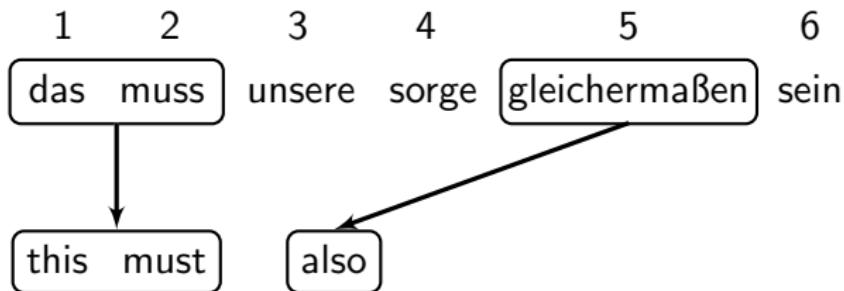


Sub-derivation:

(1, 2, this must)

DP state: (must, 2, 110000)

Target-side left-to-right: dynamic programming algorithm

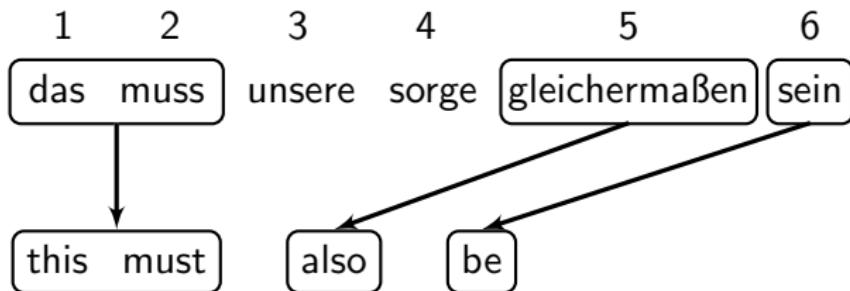


Sub-derivation:

(1, 2, this must)(5, 5, also)

DP state: (also, 5, 110010)

Target-side left-to-right: dynamic programming algorithm

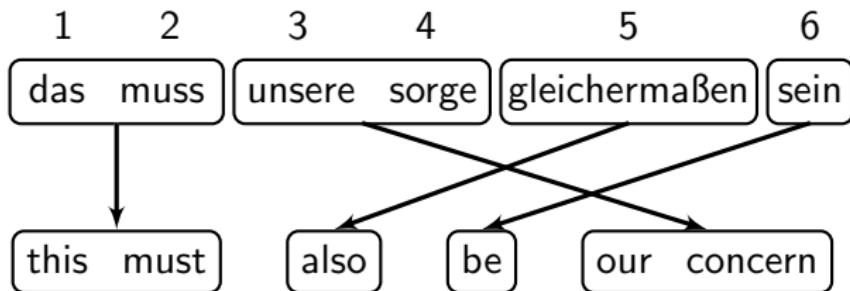


Sub-derivation:

(1, 2, this must)(5, 5, also)(6, 6, be)

DP state: (be, 6, 110011)

Target-side left-to-right: dynamic programming algorithm



Sub-derivation:

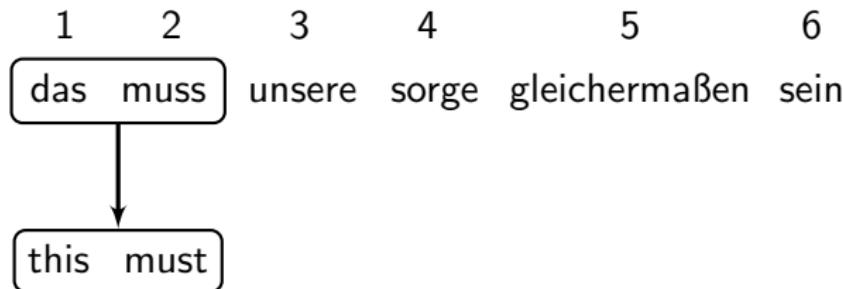
(1, 2, this must)(5, 5, also)(6, 6, be)**(3, 4, our concern)**

DP state: (concern, 4, 11**1111**)

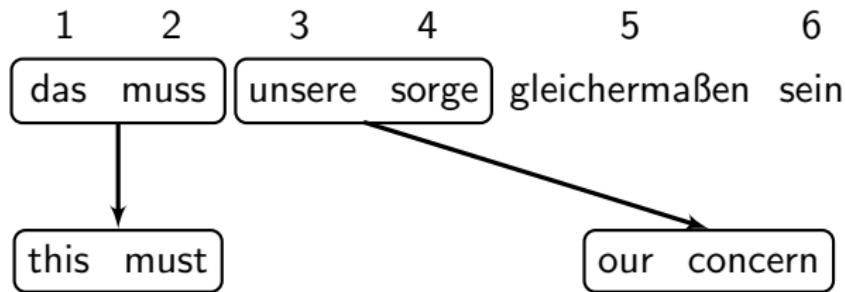
Source-side left-to-right: the proposed algorithm

1 2 3 4 5 6
das muss unsere sorge gleichermaßen sein

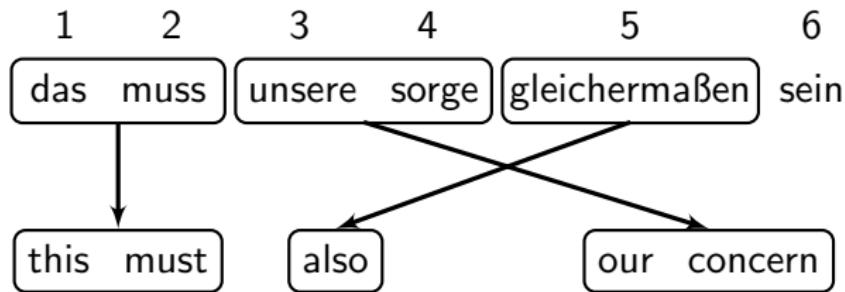
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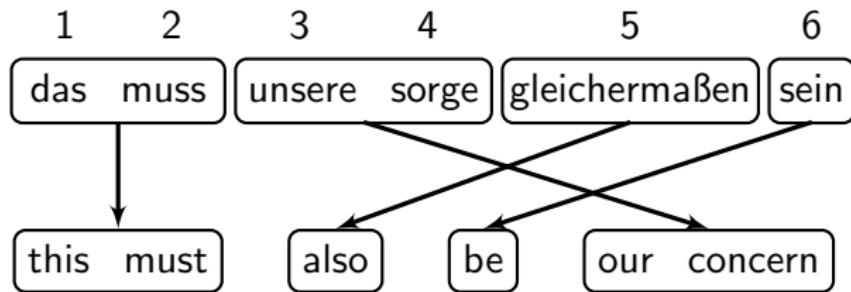
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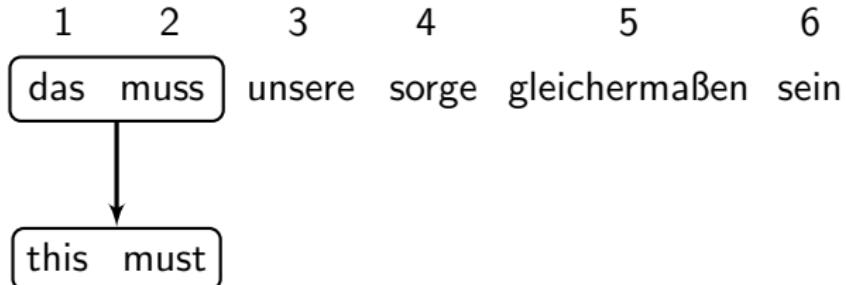
Source-side left-to-right: the proposed algorithm



Source-side left-to-right: dynamic programming state

1	2	3	4	5	6
das	muss	unsere	sorge	gleichermaßen	sein

Source-side left-to-right: dynamic programming state



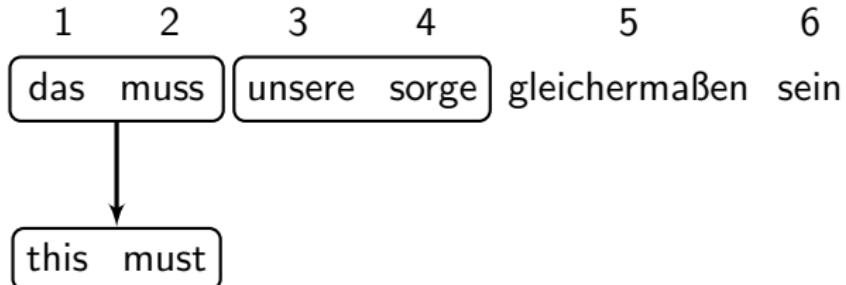
Sub-derivation:

$$\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})$$

DP state: $j = 2$,

$$\sigma_1 = \langle 1, \text{this}, 2, \text{must} \rangle$$

Source-side left-to-right: dynamic programming state



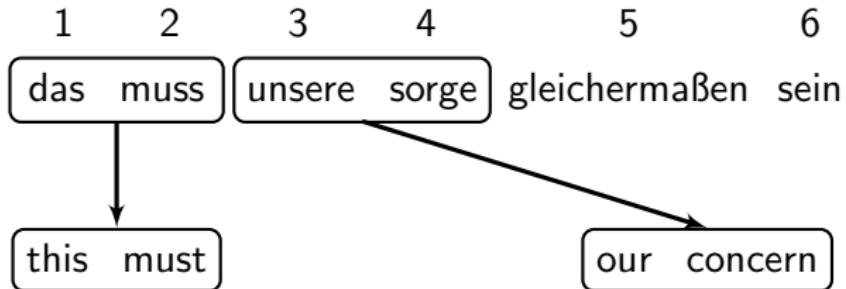
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Sub-derivation:

$$\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})$$

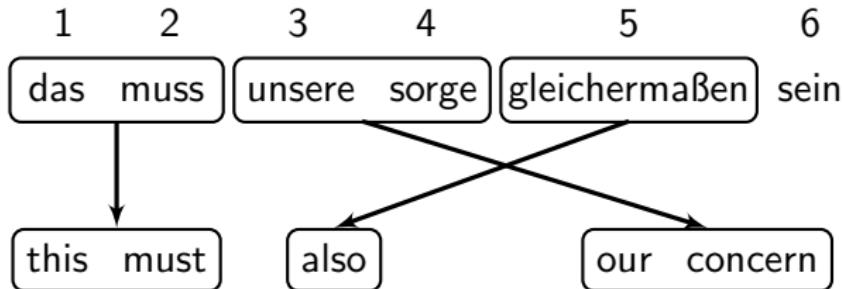
$$\pi_2 = (3, 4, \text{our concern})$$

DP state: $j = 4$,

$$\sigma_1 = \langle 1, \text{this}, 2, \text{must} \rangle,$$

$$\sigma_2 = \langle 3, \text{our}, 4, \text{concern} \rangle$$

Source-side left-to-right: dynamic programming state



Sub-derivation:

$$\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})(5, 5, \text{also})$$

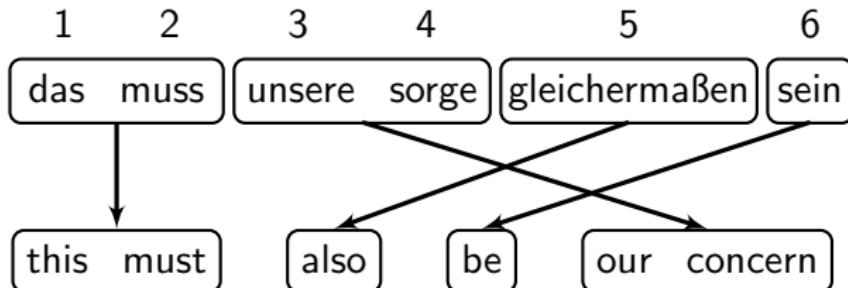
$$\pi_2 = (3, 4, \text{our concern})$$

DP state: $j = 5$,

$$\sigma_1 = \langle 1, \text{this}, 5, \text{also} \rangle,$$

$$\sigma_2 = \langle 3, \text{our}, 4, \text{concern} \rangle$$

Source-side left-to-right: dynamic programming state



Sub-derivation:

$\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})(5, 5, \text{also})(6, 6, \text{be})(3, 4, \text{our concern})$

DP state: $j = 6$,

$\sigma_1 = \langle 1, \text{this}, 4, \text{concern} \rangle$

The number of DP states (fixed distortion limit d)

State: $(j, \{\sigma_1, \sigma_2 \dots \sigma_r\})$ r : number of “tapes”

- ▶ $j \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ n : source sentence length

The number of DP states (fixed distortion limit d)

State: $(j, \{\sigma_1, \sigma_2 \dots \sigma_r\})$ r : number of “tapes”

- $j \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ n : source sentence length $\rightarrow O(n)$

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 $= (s(\sigma), w_s(\sigma), t(\sigma), w_t(\sigma))$

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- ▶ s, t : source word indices
- ▶ w_s, w_t : translated target words

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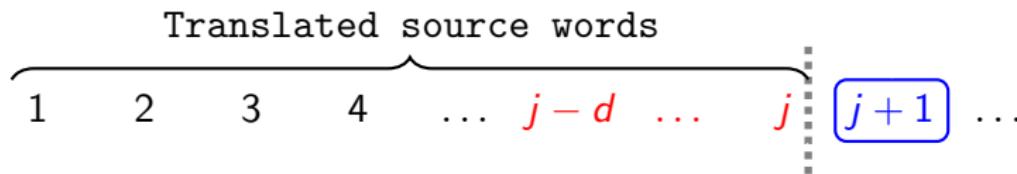
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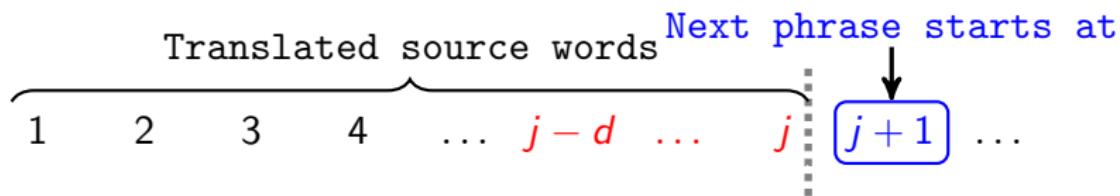
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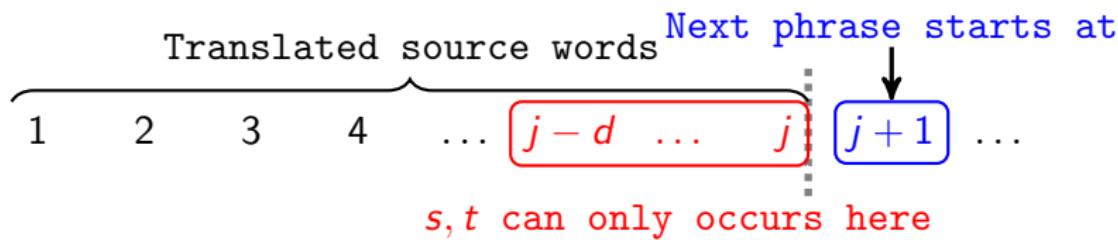
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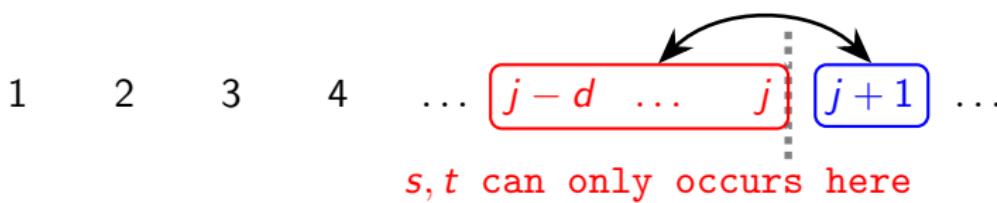
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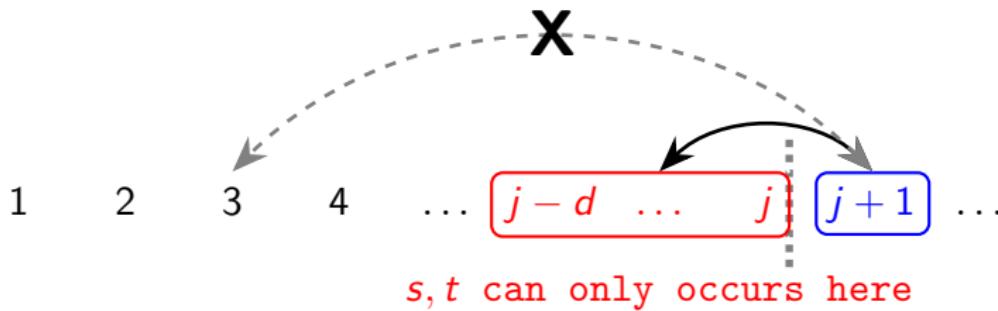
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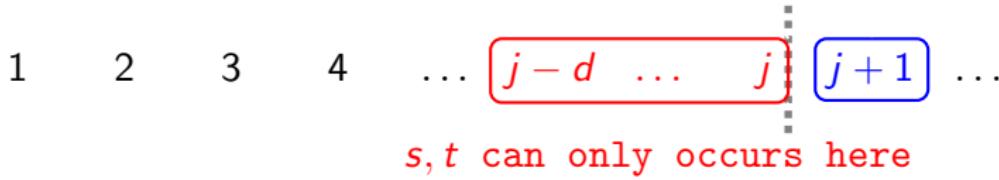
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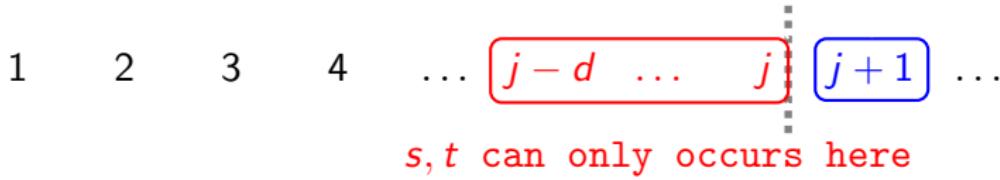


- ▶ $s(\sigma_1) = 1$
- ▶ $s(\sigma_i) \in \{j - d + 2 \dots j\} \quad \forall i \in \{2 \dots r\}$
- ▶ $t(\sigma_i) \in \{j - d \dots j\} \quad \forall i \in \{1 \dots r\}$

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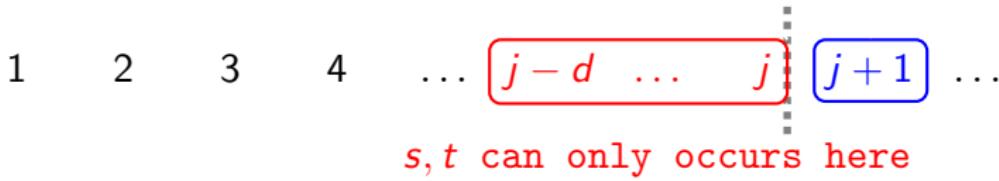


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- ▶ r is bounded by $d + 1$.

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 $= (s(\sigma), w_s(\sigma), t(\sigma), w_t(\sigma)) \rightarrow O(g(d) \cdot h^{d+1})$

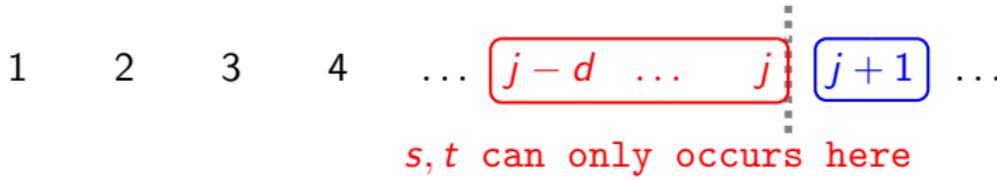


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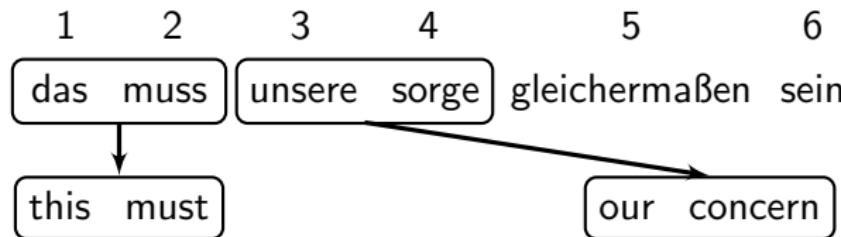
Number of states: $O(n \cdot g(d) \cdot h^{d+1})$

Extend a sub-derivation by four operations

Current sub-derivation: $j, \langle \pi_1, \pi_2, \dots, \pi_r \rangle$

Consider a new phrase starting at source position $j + 1$

- ▶ **New segment** $\pi_{r+1} = \langle p \rangle$
- ▶ **Append** $\pi_i = \pi_i, p$
- ▶ **Prepend** $\pi_i = p, \pi_i$
- ▶ **Concatenate** $\pi_i = \pi_i, p, \pi_{i'}$



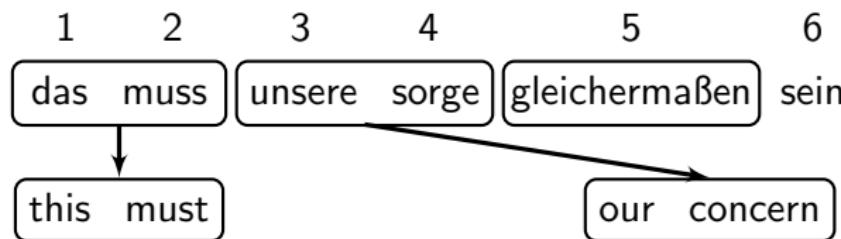
Sub-derivation: $\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})$
 $\pi_2 = (3, 4, \text{our concern})$

Extend a sub-derivation by four operations

Current sub-derivation: $j, \langle \pi_1, \pi_2, \dots, \pi_r \rangle$

Consider a new phrase starting at source position $j + 1$

- ▶ **New segment** $\pi_{r+1} = \langle p \rangle$
- ▶ **Append** $\pi_i = \pi_i, p$
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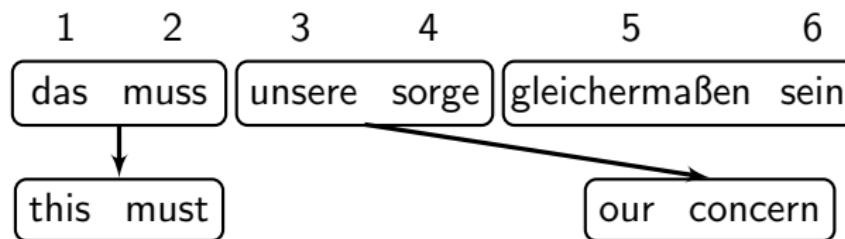
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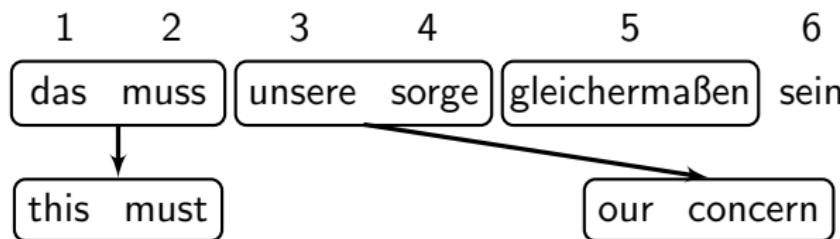
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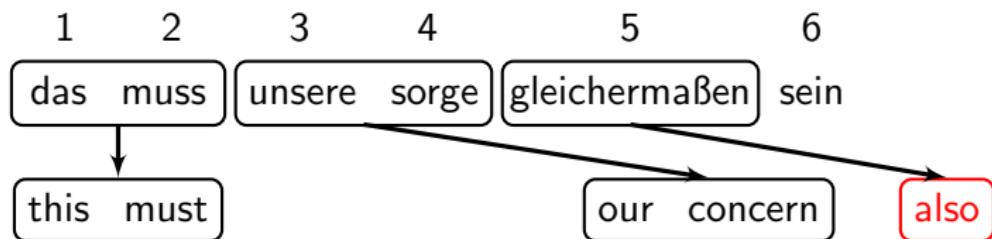
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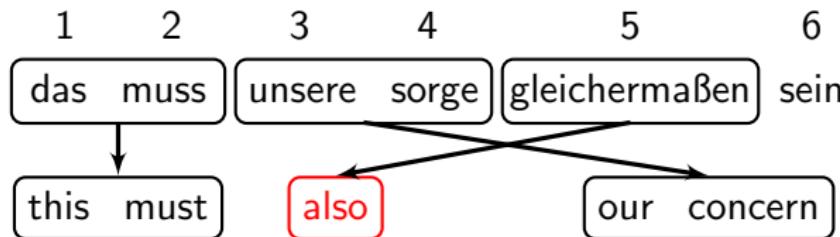
Sub-derivation: $\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})$
 $\pi_2 = (3, 4, \text{our concern})$
 $\pi_3 = (5, 5, \text{also})$

Extend a sub-derivation by four operations

Current sub-derivation: $j, \langle \pi_1, \pi_2, \dots, \pi_r \rangle$

Consider a new phrase starting at source position $j + 1$

- ▶ **New segment** $\pi_{r+1} = \langle p \rangle$
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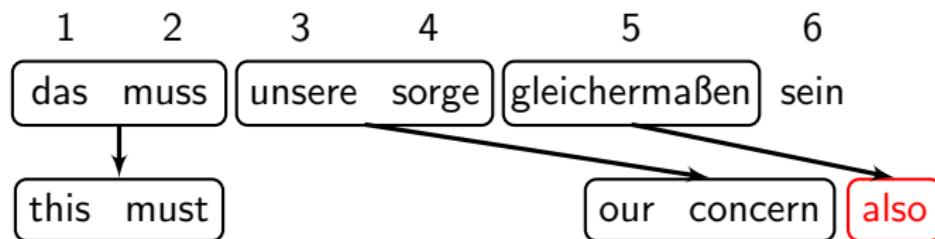
Sub-derivation: $\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})(5, 5, \text{also})$
 $\pi_2 = (3, 4, \text{our concern})$

Extend a sub-derivation by four operations

Current sub-derivation: $j, \langle \pi_1, \pi_2, \dots, \pi_r \rangle$

Consider a new phrase starting at source position $j + 1$

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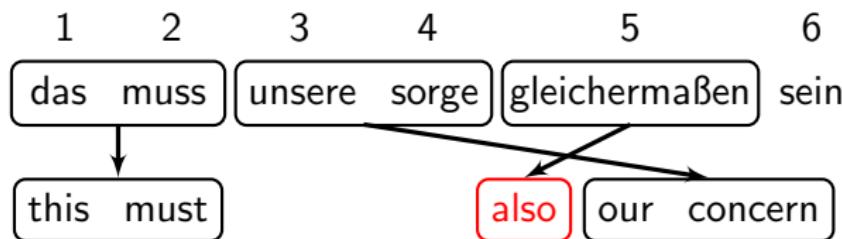
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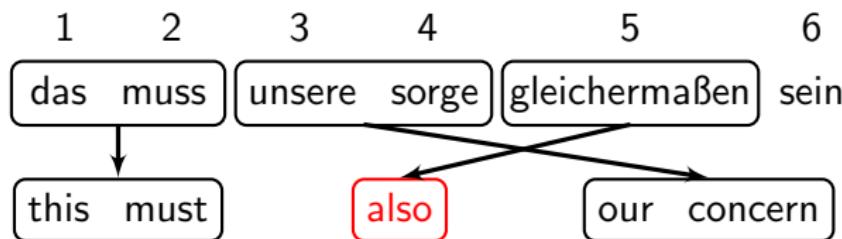
Sub-derivation: $\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})$
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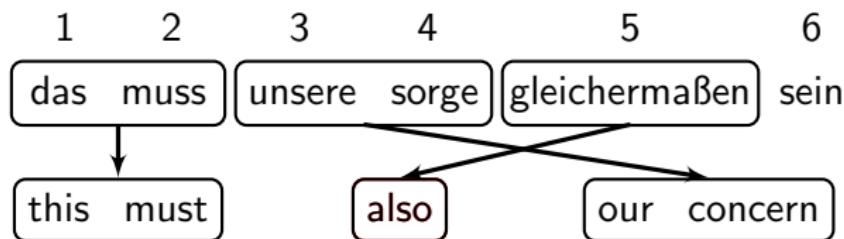
Sub-derivation: $\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})(5, 5, \text{also})(3, 4, \text{our concern})$

Extend a sub-derivation by four operations

Current sub-derivation: $j, \langle \pi_1, \pi_2, \dots, \pi_r \rangle$

Consider a new phrase starting at source position $j + 1 \rightarrow O(l)$

- ▶ **New segment** $\pi_{r+1} = \langle p \rangle$
- ▶ **Append** $\pi_i = \pi_i, p$
- ▶ **Prepend** $\pi_i = p, \pi_i$
- ▶ **Concatenate** $\pi_i = \pi_i, p, \pi_{i'} \rightarrow O(r^2) = O(d^2)$



Sub-derivation: $\pi_1 = (1, 2, \text{this must})(5, 5, \text{also})(3, 4, \text{our concern})$

Bound on running time $O(nd!lh^{d+1})$

DP states: $O(n \cdot g(d) \cdot h^{d+1})$

transition: $O(d^2 \cdot l)$

- ▶ n : source sentence length
- ▶ d : distortion limit
- ▶ l : bound on the number of phrases starting at any position
- ▶ h : bound on the maximum number of target translations for any source word

Summary

Problem: Phrase-based decoding with a fixed distortion limit

- ▶ A new decoding algorithm with $O(nd!lh^{d+1})$ time
- ▶ Operate from left to right on the source side
- ▶ Maintain multiple “tapes” on the target side

Follow-up paper in EMNLP discussing experimental results

To appear in EMNLP 2017:

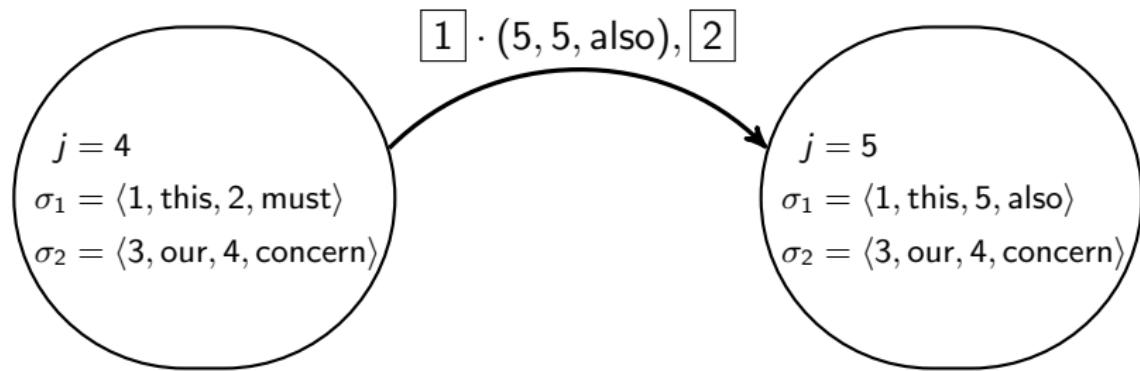
“Source-side left-to-right or target-side left-to-right?

An empirical comparison of two phrase-based decoding algorithms”

- ▶ Beam search with a trigram language model
- ▶ Constraints on the number of “tapes”
- ▶ Achieve similar efficiency and accuracy as Moses

Future work

Finite state transducer (FST) formulation



Neural machine translation

- ▶ An NMT system using this kind of approach?
- ▶ Replace the attention model by absolving source words strictly left-to-right?