Event2Mind: Commonsense Inference on Events, Intents, and Reactions Hannah Rashkin^{*}, Maarten Sap^{*}, Emily Allaway, Noah A. Smith, and Yejin Choi

Paul G. Allen School for Computer Science & Engineering University of Washington, Seattle, USA

*: equal contribution

Takeaways

In this work, we:

- introduce the **new task** of reasoning about and generating people's intents and reactions in relation to events
- create a new large knowledge graph of 77K nodes that supports this type of commonsense inference
- provide a novel way to analyze gender bias in movies using commonsense inference

Commonsense Inference

Pragmatic reasoning about the mental states of people in relation to events

- Numerous AI systems need to anticipate people's *intents* and emotional reactions (e.g., conversational AI, ad ranking, narrative understanding)
- This type of social commonsense reasoning goes far beyond the widely studied entailment tasks (e.g., SNLI).



Collecting Inference Data

Annotated dimensions

PersonX's Intent Why does X cause the event? **PersonX's Reaction** How does X feel after the event? **Others' Reaction** How do others feel after the event?

- Automatically extracted events from: ROC Stories, Google NGrams, Spinn3r, Wiktionary Idioms¹
- Annotated by 3 Amazon MTurkers
- Moderate agreement $\kappa = .45$

^LMostafazadeh et al., 2016; Goldberg & Orwant, 2013; Gordon & Swanson, 2008





