ACL 2019

TyP-NLP: The Workshop on Typology for Polyglot NLP

Proceedings of the First Workshop

August 1, 2019 Florence, Italy



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Introduction

The TyP-NLP workshop will be the first dedicated venue for typology-related research and its integration into multilingual Natural Language Processing (NLP). The workshop will be hosted by the 57th Annual Meeting of the Association for Computational Linguistics (ACL 2019) in Florence, Italy.

The ultimate goal of TyP-NLP is the development of robust language technology applicable across the world's languages. Long overdue, the workshop is specifically aimed at raising awareness of linguistic typology and its potential in supporting and widening the global reach of multilingual NLP. It will foster research and discussion on open problems relevant to the multilingual NLP community, but it will also invite input from leading researchers in linguistics and cognitive sciences.

The final program of TyP-NLP contains 5 keynote talks and 18 accepted posters, selected among a large number of non-archival submissions. This workshop would not have been possible without the hard work of its program committee. We would like to express our gratitude to them for writing meticulous reviews in a very constrained span of time. We should also thank our invited speakers, Isabelle Augenstein, Emily Bender, Balthasar Bickel, Jason Eisner, and Sabine Stoll, for their irreplaceable contribution to our program. The workshop is generously sponsored by Google and by the European Research Council (ERC) Consolidator Grant LEXICAL (no. 648909).

Find more details on the TyP-NLP 2019 website: https://typology-and-nlp.github.io/

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Invited Speakers:

Isabelle Augenstein, University of Copenhagen Emily M. Bender, University of Washington Balthasar Bickel, University of Zurich Jason Eisner, Johns Hopkins University Sabine Stoll, University of Zurich

Conference Program

Thursday, August 1, 2019

- 7:30–8:45 Breakfast
- 8:45–9:00 *Opening Remarks*
- 9:00–9:45 *Invited Talk* Emily M. Bender
- 9:45–10:30 *Invited Talk* Jason Eisner
- 10:30–11:00 Coffee Break

11:00–12:30 Poster Session

Unsupervised Document Classification in Low-resource Languages for Emergency Situations Nidhi Vyas, Eduard Hovy and Dheeraj Rajagopal

Polyglot Parsing for One Thousand and One Languages (and Then Some) Ali Basirat, Miryam de Lhoneux, Artur Kulmizev, Murathan Kurfalı, Joakim Nivre and Robert Östling

Dissecting Treebanks to Uncover Typological Trends. a Multilingual Comparative Approach

Chiara Alzetta, Felice Dell'Orletta, Simonetta Montemagni and Giulia Venturi

What Do Multilingual Neural Machine Translation Models Learn about Typology? Ryokan Ri and Yoshimasa Tsuruoka

Syntactic Typology from Plain Text Using Language Embeddings Taiqi He and Kenji Sagae

Typological Feature Prediction with Matrix Completion Annebeth Buis and Mans Hulden

Feature Comparison across Typological Resources Tifa de Almeida

Using Typological Information in WALS to Improve Grammar Inference Youyun Zhang, Tifa de Almeida, Kristen Howell and Emily M. Bender

Thursday, August 1, 2019 (continued)

Cross-linguistic Robustness of Infant Word Segmentation Algorithms: Oversegmenting Morphologically Complex Languages Georgia R. Loukatou

Cross-linguistic Semantic Tagset for Case Relationships Ritesh Kumar, Bornini Lahiri and Atul Kr. Ojha

AfricaSign - a Crowd-sourcing Platform for Lexical Documentation of African Sign Languages Abdelhadi Soudi, Kristof Van Laerhoven and Elmosta Bou-Souf

Predicting Continuous Vowel Spaces in the Wilderness Emily Ahn and David R. Mortensen

Towards a Multi-view Language Representation: A Shared Space of Discrete and Continuous Language Features Arturo Oncevay, Barry Haddow and Alexandra Birch

Cross-lingual CCG Induction: Learning Categorial Grammars via Parallel Corpora Kilian Evang

Towards a Computationally-Relevant Linguistic Typology for Polyglot/Multilingual NLP Ada Wan

Transfer Learning for Cognate Identification in Low-Resource Languages Eliel Soisalon-Soininen and Mark Granroth-Wilding

Contextualization of Morphological Inflection Ekaterina Vylomova, Ryan Cotterell, Timothy Baldwin, Trevor Cohn and Jason Eisner

Towards Unsupervised Extraction of Linguistic Typological Features from Language Descriptions Søren Wichmann and Taraka Rama

12:30-14:00 Lunch

- 14:00–14:45 *Invited Talk* Balthasar Bickel
- 14:45–15:30 *Invited Talk* Sabine Stoll

Thursday, August 1, 2019 (continued)

15:30–16:00 Coffee Break

16:00–16:45 *Invited Talk* Isabelle Augenstein

16:45–17:30 Panel Discussion

17:30–17:45 Best Paper Announcement and Closing Remarks

Biography of the Speakers

Isabelle Augenstein is a tenure-track assistant professor at the University of Copenhagen, Department of Computer Science since July 2017, affiliated with the Copenhagen NLP group and the Machine Learning Section, and work in the general areas of Statistical Natural Language Processing and Machine Learning. Her main research interests are weakly supervised and low-resource learning with applications including information extraction, machine reading and fact checking.

Emily M. Bender's primary research interests are in multilingual grammar engineering, the study of variation, both within and across languages, and the relationship between linguistics and computational linguistics. She is the LSA's delegate to the ACL. Her 2013 book *Linguistic Fundamentals for Natural Language Processing: 100 Essentials from Morphology and Syntax* aims to present linguistic concepts in an manner accessible to NLP practitioners.

Jason Eisner works on machine learning, combinatorial algorithms, probabilistic models of linguistic structure, and declarative specification of knowledge and algorithms. His work addresses the question, "How can we appropriately formalize linguistic structure and discover it automatically?"

Balthasar Bickel aims at understanding the diversity of human language with rigorously tested causal models, i.e. at answering the question what's where why in language. What structures are there, and how exactly do they vary? Engaged in both linguistic fieldwork and statistical modeling, he focuses on explaining universally consistent biases in the diachrony of grammar properties, biases that are independent of local historical events.

Sabine Stoll questions how children can cope with the incredible variation exhibited in the approximately 6000–7000 languages spoken around the world. Her main focus is the interplay of innate biological factors (such as the capacity for pattern recognition and imitation) with idiosyncratic and culturally determined factors (such as for instance type and quantity of input). Her approach is radically empirical, based first and foremost on the quantitative analysis of large corpora that record how children learn diverse languages.