Spoken Language Understanding for Conversational Systems and Higher Level Linguistic Information for Speech Processing

Proceedings of the HLT-NAACL 2004 Workshop

7 May 2004 Boston, USA

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Co-chairs: Srinivas Bangalore Yuqing Gao Hong-Kwang Jeff Kuo Andreas Stolcke Dilek Hakkani-Tür Gokhan Tur

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Published by the Association for Computational Linguistics http://www.aclweb.org

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Preface

This volume contains the papers accepted for presentation at the workshop on *Spoken Language Understanding in Conversational Systems and Higher Level Linguistic Knowledge for Speech Processing* organized at the Human Language Technology conference/North American chapter of the Association for Computational Linguistics annual meeting (HLT/NAACL 2004).

The success of a conversational system depends on a synergistic integration of technologies such as speech recognition, spoken language understanding (SLU), dialog modeling, natural language generation, speech synthesis and user interface design. In this workshop, we address the issue of improving the *robustness* of the speech recognition and SLU components by exploiting higher level linguistic knowledge, meta-information and machine learning techniques.

The challenging robustness issues in speech recognition such as compensation for acoustic confusability resulting from noisy environments and unexpected channel and speaker mismatch can potentially be aided by the use of higher-level linguistic information such as prosody, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics and even high-level meta-information, such as personal information stored in a database or dialogue and pragmatic coherence constraints. However, current state-of-the-art speech recognizers do not explicitly use such information and rely mainly on information encoded in statistical N-gram language models. Furthermore, high-level information is typically crucial when the ultimate goal is to interpret the spoken input (i.e., the same sequence of words can mean different things depending on prosodic and syntactic features, as well as pragmatic constraints).

The topic of robust SLU has received much attention during the DARPA funded ATIS program of the 1990s and more recently the DARPA Communicator program. In parallel to that research, a number of real-world conversational systems have been deployed to date. However, the techniques for robust SLU have branched out in many different directions. They have been influenced by many recent areas such as information extraction, question answering and machine learning. Data driven approaches to understanding are rapidly gaining prominence. There has been substantial increase in interest in information extraction from the NLP community, question-answering in the information retrieval community, and spoken dialog systems in the speech processing community. Spoken language understanding is an especially attractive topic for cross-fertilization of ideas between Speech, IR and NLP communities.

We thank Prof. Renato de Mori, University of Avignon and Dr. Roberto Pieraccini, IBM, for accepting our invitation to share their ideas on spoken language processing and conversational systems. We thank the program committee members for their informative reviews of the submitted papers. We thank the authors for electing to present their work at this forum. We finally thank the HLT/NAACL for supporting this workshop.

INVITED SPEAKERS:

Renato de Mori, University of Avignon, France Roberto Pieraccini, IBM TJ Watson Research Center, USA

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CONFERENCE WEBSITES:

http://www.research.att.com/dtur/NAACL04-Workshop/ http://www.speech.sri.com/hlt-workshop/

CONFERENCE PROGRAM

Friday, May 7

8:45-9:00	Welcome
9:00-9:50	Invited Talk: Sentence Interpretation using Stochastic Finite State Transducers Renato De Mori
9:50-10:00	Break
10:00-10:30	Hybrid Statistical and Structural Semantic Modeling for Thai Multi-Stage Spoken Language Understanding Chai Wutiwiwatchai and Sadaoki Furui
10:30-11:00	Interactive Machine Learning Techniques for Improving SLU Models Lee Begeja, Bernard Renger, David Gibbon, Zhu Liu and Behzad Shahraray
11:00-11:30	Virtual Modality: a Framework for Testing and Building Multimodal Applications Péter Pál Boda and Edward Filisko
11:30-12:00	Automatic Call Routing with Multiple Language Models Qiang Huang and Stephen Cox
12:00-1:00	Lunch
1:00-1:30	Error Detection and Recovery in Spoken Dialogue Systems Edward Filisko and Stephanie Seneff
1:30-2:00	Robustness Issues in a Data-Driven Spoken Language Understanding System Yulan He and Steve Young
2:00-2:50	Invited Talk: Spoken Language Understanding: the Research/Industry Chasm Roberto Pieraccini
2:50-3:00	Break
3:00-3:30	Using Higher-level Linguistic Knowledge for Speech Recognition Error Correction in a Spoken Q/A Dialog Minwoo Jeong, Byeongchang Kim and Gary Geunbae Lee
3:30-4:00	Speech Recognition Models of the Interdependence Among Syntax, Prosody, and Segmental Acoustics Mark Hasegawa-Johnson, Jennifer Cole, Chilin Shih, Ken Chen, Aaron Cohen, Sandra Chavarria, Heejin Kim, Taejin Yoon, Sarah Borys and Jeung-Yoon Choi
4:00-4:30	Modeling Prosodic Consistency for Automatic Speech Recognition: Preliminary Investigations Ernest Pusateri and James Glass
4:30-5:00	Assigning Domains to Speech Recognition Hypotheses Klaus Rüggenmann and Iryna Gurevych
5:00-5:30	Context Sensing using Speech and Common Sense Nathan Eagle and Push Singh

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