# Slicer: Sliced Fine-Tuning for Low-Resource Cross-Lingual Transfer for Named Entity Recognition 

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#### Abstract

Large multilingual language models generally demonstrate impressive results in zero-shot cross-lingual transfer, yet often fail to successfully transfer to low-resource languages, even for token-level prediction tasks like named entity recognition (NER). In this work, we introduce a simple yet highly effective approach for improving zero-shot transfer for NER to lowresource languages. We observe that NER finetuning in the source language decontextualizes token representations, i.e., tokens increasingly attend to themselves. This increased reliance on token information itself, we hypothesize, triggers a type of overfitting to properties that NE tokens within the source languages share, but are generally not present in NE mentions of target languages. As a remedy, we propose a simple yet very effective sliced fine-tuning for NER (SLICER) that forces stronger token contextualization in the Transformer: we divide the transformed token representations and classifier into disjoint slices that are then independently classified during training. We evaluate SLICER on two standard benchmarks for NER that involve low-resource languages, WikiANN and MasakhaNER, and show that it (i) indeed reduces decontextualization (i.e., extent to which NE tokens attend to themselves), consequently (ii) yielding consistent transfer gains, especially prominent for low-resource target languages distant from the source language.


## 1 Introduction

In recent years, massively multilingual transformers (MMTs) have become the backbone of multilingual NLP. MMTs like mBERT (Devlin et al., 2019), XLM-R (Conneau et al., 2020), and mT5 (Xue et al., 2021), pretrained on corpora spanning 100+ languages, have become the main vehicle of cross-lingual transfer in NLP: fine-tuned using task annotations in the source language, an MMT can, conceptually, directly make predictions for all target languages seen in pretraining, for which little
or no annotated task data exists (Pires et al., 2019; Wu and Dredze, 2019; Dufter and Schütze, 2020).

Successful zero-shot transfer, however, has been shown to critically hinge on linguistic proximity between source and target languages as well the quality of target language representations, determined by the size of target language corpora used in the MMT pretraining (Lauscher et al., 2020; Zhao et al., 2021). Unfortunately, the transfer fails where it is needed the most - for low-resource languages linguistically distant from high-resource languages with annotated task data (Ebrahimi et al., 2021; Adelani et al., 2021; Ruder et al., 2021b). Zeroshot transfer of named entity recognition (NER) models to low-resource languages suffers from a particularly profound performance drop (Adelani et al., 2021; Lauscher et al., 2020). In this work, we identify the cause and propose an effective remedy.
Contributions. (1) We analyze the representation space of an MMT, before and after source-language NER fine-tuning, and discover that it decreases token contextualization in higher Transformer layers: after fine-tuning, tokens generally learn to put much more attention to themselves. Put differently, monolingual NER benefits from limiting higherlayer contextualization, which, we believe results with encoding more information from the token itself and less from the context. While this may be beneficial for monolingual NER, where NE tokens share features (e.g., capitalization, morphemes), we believe it has a negative effect in cross-lingual transfer, given that NE mentions in target languages generally do not exhibit the same features. (2) We devise a novel sliced fine-tuning Transformerbased NER (SLICER): we split the transformed token vectors into disjoint segments and classify each independently with a different subset of classification parameters. We show that SLICER leads to increased contextualization in higher Transformer layers. This, as our empirical evaluation on two established multilingual NER benchmarks shows


Figure 1: Average proportion of the attention that tokens put on themselves, across all Transformer layers, before and after monolingual NER fine-tuning of XLM-R on the English portion of WikiANN. For the latter, we display mean and standard deviation across ten fine-tuning runs. The proportions are averaged across sentences from the WikiANN English test set.
(Pan et al., 2017; Adelani et al., 2021), leads to substantially better transfer performance, especially for low-resource languages distant from the source.

Our work shows that, despite the task-agnostic nature of the current MMT-based paradigm for cross-lingual transfer, task-specific traits can be exploited to yield substantial performance gains. We hope it catalyzes more work on task-specific approaches to cross-lingual transfer with MMTs.

## 2 Token Contextualization in NER

Decontextualization in Monolingual NER. We first fine-tune one of the most widely used MMT models, XLM-R (Conneau et al., 2020), ${ }^{1}$ on the English training portion of WikiANN (Pan et al., 2017), a widely used multilingual NER dataset. Figure 1 shows the average proportion of the attention that tokens in each Transformer layer place on themselves, before (i.e., for vanilla XLM-R) and after standard NER fine-tuning. ${ }^{2}$ The proportion of attention that tokens put on themselves in vanilla XLM-R varies between 10 and $20 \%$ across the layers, with largest proportions in the first and last layer. The behavior of the corresponding XLMR fine-tuned on English NER closely mirrors this behavior in the lower Transformer layers. In the higher layers - parameters of which change the most through NER fine-tuning - tokens start placing much more attention to themselves than in

[^0]the vanilla XLM-R. The gap is particularly pronounced from the 9th layer onwards and amounts to roughly $10 \%$ more attending-to-self in the last layer, compared to the pretrained XLM-R. This suggests that monolingual NER favors (or, more precisely, requires) reduced contextualization in higher Transformer layers. This effectively means that the Transformer places more focus on token information itself, which, we hypothesize, leads to more similar representations for tokens with similar properties, regardless of their context. In monolingual NER, this is arguably beneficial because, within the same language, NE tokens generally share many token-level properties (e.g., morphosyntax and capitalization). Because of this, the same decontextualization effect, we argue, should have a detrimental effect in cross-lingual transfer to target languages in which NE tokens generally do not share token-level properties with NE tokens of the source language.
Sliced Fine-Tuning for Cross-Lingual NER. We next devise a novel fine-tuning approach that forces the Transformer to retain more contextualization, especially in its higher layers. Given a sequence of input tokens $t_{i=1, \ldots, N}$, let $v_{t_{i}} \in \mathbb{R}^{d}$ be the contextualized representation of the $i$-th token, output of the last Transformer layer. In standard fine-tuning for token-level tasks, contextualized token representations are forwarded into a classifier parameterized by a linear layer $W \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times|C|}$ and a bias $b \in \mathbb{R}^{|C|}$, which project $v_{t_{i}}$ into a vector of log-probabilities, one for each class $c \in C$.

Due to the observed decontextualization (see again Figure 1), we believe that NER fine-tuning on source language data leads to representations that are mutually more correlated (across tokens of same NE classes) for combinations of features that predominantly encode token-level information, and not contextual information. This, as discussed, is beneficial for monolingual NER performance, but we suspect is detrimental to crosslingual NER transfer. Aiming to decorrelate token representations, we propose sliced fine-tuning for NER (SLICER), in which we slice transformed token vectors $v_{t}$ into $d / h$ disjoint subsequences (i.e., smaller vectors) of size $h$ during training, where $h$ can be any integer divisor of $d$ : $\left\{v_{t}^{(i)}\right\}_{i=1}^{d / h}$ (cf. Figure 2). ${ }^{3}$ We then accordingly slice the classifier's matrix $W$ along the primary dimension, resulting in the classification tensor $W_{S} \in$

[^1]$\mathbb{R}^{\frac{d}{h} \times h \times|C|}=\left\{W_{S}^{(i)} \in \mathbb{R}^{h \times|C|}\right\}_{i=1}^{d / h}$. Each token vector slice is then independently classified by the corresponding slice of the classification tensor: $y^{(i)}=\operatorname{softmax}\left(v_{t}^{(i)} \cdot W_{S}^{(i)}+b\right)$. We then compute the standard cross-entropy loss per slice and update both the classifier's and Transformer's parameters by minimizing the average of slice losses. ${ }^{4}$

Consider $d=768$ with $h=2$ as illustrated in Figure 2: SLICER learns to pool 768-dimensional token embeddings, output of the last attention layer, to 384 (i.e., $\frac{d}{h}$ ) slices $\in \mathbb{R}^{2}$ in the last feed-forward layer. SLICER then computes the loss independently by slice (i.e., on subsequent pairs of features) and averages those slice losses $\{\mathcal{L}\}_{i=1}^{384}$ into the final loss. Such training forces the Transformer to self-sufficiently compress the information to classify NE into 2 features (for $h=1$ into 1 feature, for $h=8$ into 8 features, etc.) as correlations between features across slices cannot be exploited by design. The low capacity of slices further disables the model to retain simplest token-level cues (e.g., casing, suffixes) that discern between different NE classes within a language. We hypothesize that the model is thereby coerced to embed more contextual information in token vectors $v_{t}$ : since SLICER erodes token-idiosyncratic features, the class-independent dissimilarity between token representations decreases. This effect then propagates further backwards through the Transformer and materializes in increased contextualization via higher attention over surrounding tokens. Such improved contextualization then results in token representations that are more robust to distributional shift arising from language and domain transfer.

## 3 Evaluation

Experimental Setup. Unless stated differently, we train on the English training portion of WikiANN (Pan et al., 2017). We then evaluate SLICER against standard fine-tuning (Standard FT) in zero-shot transfer to (i) 23 target languages from WikiANN and (ii) 10 African languages from MasakhaNER (Adelani et al., 2021). ${ }^{5}$ We finetune XLM-R (Base) with mixed precision, using AdamW with 0.05 weight decay (Loshchilov and

[^2]

Figure 2: SLICER illustrated on a single token: During training, the token output representation $v_{t} \in \mathbb{R}^{d}$ of the transformer and $|C|$ class column vectors for each class of the classification head $W \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times|C|}$ are first reshaped from $\mathbb{R}^{d}$ to $\mathbb{R}^{\frac{d}{h} \times h}$, i.e. $\frac{d}{h} h$-dimensional slices. SLICER then computes a loss $\{\mathcal{L}\}_{i=1}^{\frac{d}{h}}$ for each token slice and averages slices losses to a joint loss.

Hutter, 2019) for optimization. We train with three different learning rates $\left\{5 e^{-6}, 1 e^{-5}, 2 e^{-5}\right\}$ with $10 \%$ linear warmup and subsequent decay, for each setup of which we execute 10 fine-tuning runs with different random seeds. We apply $10 \%$ dropout and train in batches of size 32 for 10 epochs.

We compare Slicer against Standard FT under two common evaluation procedures for crosslingual transfer: (1) TRUE zero-shot transfer strictly assumes that there are no labeled instances in the target language; (2) ORACLE transfer assumes that a small validation set in the target language is available for model selection: in this setting, we select the model checkpoint that yields the best target language validation performance. For Slicer, we report the results for three different values of slice size, $h \in\{1,2,8\}$.

Results. Table 1 displays the performance of Slicer against standard fine-tuning, for three different learning rates, on MasakhaNER and WikiANN (mean and std. deviation aggregates across all 10 and 23 target languages, respectively; we present detailed per-language results in the Appendix §A.3). Our sliced fine-tuning outperforms standard source language training across the board (for both benchmarks, both evaluation protocols,

| LR | Model | WIKIANN |  |  |  | Masakhaner |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  |
|  |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 56.8 | $\pm 1.6$ | 58.6 | $\pm 1.5$ | 23.4 | $\pm 2.0$ | 28.7 | $\pm 3.5$ | 47.8 | $\pm 1.7$ | 49.8 | $\pm 2.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 57.2 | $\pm 1.5$ | 58.7 | $\pm 1.5$ | 32.6 | $\pm 3.3$ | 34.8 | $\pm 2.9$ | 50.7 | $\pm 2.0$ | 51.7 | $\pm 1.9$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 57.2 | $\pm 1.4$ | 58.8 | $\pm 1.3$ | 32.4 | $\pm 2.8$ | 35.1 | $\pm 2.8$ | 50.6 | $\pm 1.8$ | 51.9 | $\pm 1.8$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 57.3 | $\pm 1.5$ | 58.9 | $\pm 1.5$ | 32.3 | $\pm 3.2$ | 34.1 | $\pm 3.5$ | 50.7 | $\pm 2.0$ | 51.6 | $\pm 2.1$ |
| $1 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 56.1 | $\pm 1.9$ | 59.2 | $\pm 1.7$ | 23.1 | $\pm 2.4$ | 28.3 | $\pm 3.2$ | 47.2 | $\pm 2.0$ | 50.1 | $\pm 2.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 57.7 | $\pm 1.7$ | 59.8 | $\pm 1.5$ | 31.7 | $\pm 3.3$ | 35.9 | $\pm 3.6$ | 50.8 | $\pm 2.1$ | 52.8 | $\pm 2.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 57.6 | $\pm 1.6$ | 59.9 | $\pm 1.9$ | 32.2 | $\pm 3.0$ | 36.0 | $\pm 3.4$ | 50.9 | $\pm 2.0$ | 52.9 | $\pm 2.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 57.7 | $\pm 1.7$ | 59.8 | $\pm 2.0$ | 32.2 | $\pm 3.6$ | 35.5 | $\pm 4.2$ | 51.0 | $\pm 2.2$ | 52.6 | $\pm 2.7$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 54.6 | $\pm 2.2$ | 58.8 | $\pm 1.6$ | 22.0 | $\pm 2.1$ | 26.7 | $\pm 3.3$ | 45.8 | $\pm 2.1$ | 49.3 | $\pm 2.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 56.8 | $\pm 2.2$ | 59.5 | $\pm 2.6$ | 29.4 | $\pm 3.0$ | 36.1 | $\pm 4.4$ | 49.6 | $\pm 2.4$ | 52.6 | $\pm 3.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 56.6 | $\pm 2.2$ | 59.5 | $\pm 2.6$ | 29.8 | $\pm 3.9$ | 37.1 | $\pm 3.5$ | 49.5 | $\pm 2.7$ | 52.9 | $\pm 2.9$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 56.6 | $\pm 2.5$ | 59.6 | $\pm 2.1$ | 28.4 | $\pm 4.0$ | 35.9 | $\pm 5.1$ | 49.1 | $\pm 2.9$ | 52.6 | $\pm 3.0$ |

Table 1: Zero-shot cross-lingual transfer performance (micro-averaged F1) for NER with English as the source language. We report averages and standard deviations across all evaluated languages of MasakhaNER and WikiANN.


Figure 3: Comparison of cross-lingual transfer performance of SLICER ( $h=8, l r=1 e^{-5}$ ) against Standard FT for 5 high-resource Indo-European languages (EN, DE, FR, ES, and RU) and 5 non-Indo-European languages (AR, IG, QU, YO, and SW) from WikiANN. SLICER yields prominent gains on the latter group.
and all three learning rates): the gains are substantially more modest for WikiANN (between 0.5\% for the smaller learning rate and $2 \%$ for the largest). On MasakhaNER, SLICER consistently yields impressive gains of around $8 F_{1}$ points.

Delving deeper into per-language WikiANN results in Figure 3 reveals that SLICER performs on a par with Standard FT for English (source) and high-resource Indo-European target languages (e.g., German, French), but in most cases substantially outperforms Standard FT for low-resource languages from other language families. Figure 3 illustrates this, showing results on five high-resource Indo-European languages (English itself, German, French, Spanish, and Russian) and five non-IndoEuropean target languages (mostly low-resource: Arabic, Igbo, Quechua, Yoruba, and Swahili).

Given that we train the models on the English training portion of WikiANN (i.e., Wikipedia texts) and that MasakhaNER consists of sentences from newswire texts, transferring to MasakhaNER test sets represents not only language but also domain
transfer. We believe such a setup exacerbates even more the differences between train and test distributions of token-level information of NE tokens (i.e., test sentences are even more out-ofdistribution for the model) then in the case of language shift alone. The positive effect of SLICER w.r.t. to this additional domain shift becomes obvious when comparing the gap in performance (SLICER vs. Standard FT) for languages present in both MasakhaNER and WikiANN: ${ }^{6}$ e.g., for Igbo (IG, IBO; see the Appendix A.3), the moderate edge of $6-8 \% F_{1}$ points that SLICER has over Standard FT on WikiANN widens to enormous 16$19 \%$ advantage on MasakhaNER. ${ }^{7}$ The fact that SLICER achieves the largest gains exactly in chal-

[^3]

Figure 4: Average weights of tokens attending to themselves (mean and deviation across ten different finetuning runs), across all Transformer layers, after sliced source language fine-tuning (SLICER, shown for three different configurations, $h \in\{1,2,8\}$ ), compared against standard fine-tuning (Standard FT).

| Model | WikiANN <br> TRUE |  | MASAKHANER <br> TRUE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| Standard FT | 52.5 | $\pm 1.7$ | 32.8 | $\pm 2.6$ |
| SLICER, $h=1.0$ | 54.0 | $\pm 1.9$ | 37.7 | $\pm 3.2$ |

Table 2: Zero-shot cross-lingual transfer performance (micro-averaged F1) for NER with Russian as the source language for $l r=1 e^{-5}$. Numbers denote averages and standard deviations across all evaluated languages.
lenging transfer to hand-labeled MasakhaNER test sets corroborates our hypothesis that SLICER reduces reliance on context-independent token-level information and forces the Transformer to encode more information from the context.

Further Analyses. We next test the hypothesis that SLICER prevents token decontextualization in Transformer layers, which is present with Standard FT (cf., Figure 1). Figure 4 displays the average proportion of attention mass that tokens place on themselves after sliced fine-tuning. We observe that SLICER indeed reduces the amount of attending-to-self in higher Transformer layers: this means that more attention is placed on other tokens, corresponding to stronger contextualization.

Finally, to verify that our findings are not limited to English as the source language, we rerun all our experiments with another source language: Russian. Table 2 summarizes the aggregate cross-lingual transfer results with RU as the source (detailed results in the Appendix). We note the same trends as before (EN as source, cf. Table 1): SLICER outperforms Standard FT on both datasets, with substantially larger gains on MasakhaNER.

## 4 Conclusion

In this focused research effort, we show that (monolingual) fine-tuning for NER introduces token decontextualization in higher Transformer layers which, we hypothesize, has a negative effect on (zero-shot) cross-lingual NER transfer with MMTs. We devise a novel sliced fine-tuning approach, dubbed SLICER, that reduces this decontextualization effect by splitting transformed token vectors into disjoint slices which are then independently classified. We demonstrate on WikiANN and MasakhaNER that this yields substantial transfer gains, especially when transferring to low-resource languages. We additionally show that gains do not stem from a particular choice of source language. Our work shows that, despite the task-agnostic nature of the predominant MMT-based cross-lingual transfer paradigm, task specificities can still be leveraged to improve the cross-lingual transfer.

## Limitations and Ethical Considerations

The main limitation of our work stems from the fact that the benefits of its methodological proposal are limited to a single task: Named Entity Recognition. This is in contrast with the vast majority of existing work that aims to improve the multilingual representation spaces and consequently boost downstream transfer performance across a wide range of tasks (Ruder et al., 2021a). We have preliminarily investigated the effects of sliced finetuning in cross-lingual transfer for other sequence labeling tasks, namely part of speech tagging and event trigger extraction. For those tasks, however, we observed (i) much less decontextualization (i.e., smaller increase in average attention-to-self proportions) after source language fine-tuning. and (ii) its presence in fewer Transformer layers (last or last two layers). Our sliced fine-tuning thus does not bring any substantial gains compared to Standard FT on those tasks.

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## A Appendix

## A. 1 Further Reproducibility Details

Hardware \& Infrastructure. We train our models on a cluster that provides virtual machines on which each model was trained on a single NVIDIA Tesla V100 32GB GPU. Each model (incl. evaluation) requires a runtime of c.1.5 hrs, on average.
Additional Hyperparameters. We train on 10 random seeds ( $\{42, \ldots, 51\}$ ) as set by Pytorch Lightning's seed_everything. For other hyperparameters, please refer to $\S 3$.
Code. Our implementation is publicly available at https://github.com/fdschmidt93/SLICER.

| Language | ISO code | Validation | Test |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Afrikaans | af | 1000 | 1000 |
| Amharic | am | 100 | 100 |
| Aymara | ay | 100 | 100 |
| Bulgarian | bg | 10000 | 10000 |
| German | de | 10000 | 10000 |
| Greek | el | 10000 | 10000 |
| English | en | 10000 | 10000 |
| French | fr | 10000 | 10000 |
| Hebrew | he | 10000 | 10000 |
| Hindi | hi | 1000 | 1000 |
| Japanese | ia | 100 | 100 |
| Igbo | ig | 100 | 100 |
| Japanese | ja | 10000 | 10000 |
| Quechua | qu | 100 | 100 |
| Russian | ru | 10000 | 10000 |
| Rwanda | rw | 100 | 100 |
| Swahili | sw | 1000 | 1000 |
| Tamil | ta | 1000 | 1000 |
| Telegu | te | 1000 | 1000 |
| Turkish | tr | 10000 | 10000 |
| Urdu | ur | 1000 | 1000 |
| Vietnamese | vi | 10000 | 10000 |
| Yoruba | yo | 100 | 100 |
| Chinese | zh | 10000 | 10000 |

Table 3: WikiANN: list of languages included in our experiments.

## A. 2 List of Target Languages

We access both WikiANN and MasakhaNER via the Huggingface datasets library (Lhoest et al., 2021). Table 3 and 4 list the number of sentences for validation and testing by language.

| Language | ISO code | Validation | Test |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amharic | am | 250 | 500 |
| Hausa | hau | 272 | 545 |
| Igbo | ibo | 319 | 638 |
| Kinyarwanda | kin | 301 | 604 |
| Luganda | lug | 200 | 401 |
| Luo | luo | 92 | 185 |
| Nigerian-Pidgin | pcm | 300 | 600 |
| Swahili | kin | 300 | 602 |
| Wolof | wol | 267 | 536 |
| Yoruba | yo | 303 | 608 |

Table 4: MasakhaNER: list of languages included in our experiments.

## A. 3 Full Results By Target Language

A.3.1 MasakhaNER

| LR Model |  | AMH |  |  |  | HAU |  |  |  | IBO |  |  |  | KIN |  |  |  | LUG |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | Oracle |  |
|  |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 32.4 | $\pm 1.5$ | 35.7 | $\pm 2.6$ | 38.7 | $\pm 1.6$ | 40.3 | $\pm 2.6$ | 14.5 | $\pm 2.9$ | 25.9 | $\pm 4.7$ | 11.4 | $\pm 1.6$ | 16.0 | $\pm 4.0$ | 14.0 | $\pm 2.0$ | 19.3 | $\pm 2.9$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 33.6 | $\pm 1.9$ | 36.8 | $\pm 2.3$ | 44.9 | $\pm 2.4$ | 46.7 | $\pm 2.8$ | 33.5 | $\pm 3.4$ | 36.7 | $\pm 3.6$ | 20.6 | $\pm 4.2$ | 22.7 | $\pm 3.3$ | 22.3 | $\pm 3.6$ | 23.9 | $\pm 2.7$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 33.7 | $\pm 2.0$ | 37.5 | $\pm 2.2$ | 45.1 | $\pm 2.4$ | 46.5 | $\pm 2.6$ | 33.5 | $\pm 3.3$ | 38.3 | $\pm 3.2$ | 20.3 | $\pm 3.5$ | 23.1 | $\pm 2.9$ | 21.9 | $\pm 3.0$ | 24.6 | $\pm 2.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 33.6 | $\pm 2.6$ | 37.0 | $\pm 3.7$ | 45.4 | $\pm 2.6$ | 47.0 | $\pm 1.9$ | 33.4 | $\pm 3.7$ | 37.0 | $\pm 2.6$ | 20.8 | $\pm 3.5$ | 22.6 | $\pm 2.2$ | 22.2 | $\pm 3.0$ | 23.2 | $\pm 2.2$ |
| $1 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 32.9 | $\pm 1.6$ | 35.9 | $\pm 2.5$ | 39.4 | $\pm 1.8$ | 41.3 | $\pm 2.2$ | 13.7 | $\pm 3.8$ | 25.2 | $\pm 5.2$ | 11.4 | $\pm 2.6$ | 15.9 | $\pm 2.7$ | 12.7 | $\pm 3.0$ | 18.7 | $\pm 3.5$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 32.0 | $\pm 2.3$ | 36.3 | $\pm 3.1$ | 46.0 | $\pm 3.3$ | 47.9 | $\pm 2.4$ | 31.8 | $\pm 3.8$ | 37.2 | $\pm 3.3$ | 21.0 | $\pm 3.2$ | 25.7 | $\pm 4.6$ | 21.7 | $\pm 3.4$ | 27.0 | $\pm 4.5$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 31.2 | $\pm 1.8$ | 36.5 | $\pm 2.7$ | 46.2 | $\pm 2.5$ | 47.6 | $\pm 3.2$ | 33.1 | $\pm 3.1$ | 38.1 | $\pm 2.6$ | 21.2 | $\pm 3.6$ | 25.2 | $\pm 4.3$ | 22.4 | $\pm 4.0$ | 27.0 | $\pm 5.3$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 31.8 | $\pm 2.5$ | 39.0 | $\pm 3.2$ | 45.6 | $\pm 2.2$ | 47.1 | $\pm 2.9$ | 32.3 | $\pm 4.1$ | 37.1 | $\pm 4.9$ | 20.6 | $\pm 4.7$ | 23.4 | $\pm 5.2$ | 21.3 | $\pm 3.4$ | 24.1 | $\pm 5.1$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 29.9 | $\pm 3.1$ | 33.6 | $\pm 1.9$ | 38.6 | $\pm 2.1$ | 41.8 | $\pm 1.9$ | 12.4 | $\pm 2.7$ | 20.1 | $\pm 5.2$ | 10.0 | $\pm 1.6$ | 14.7 | $\pm 3.8$ | 11.6 | $\pm 1.7$ | 18.3 | $\pm 3.9$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 29.2 | $\pm 2.5$ | 33.9 | $\pm 4.3$ | 44.2 | $\pm 1.6$ | 48.4 | $\pm 3.0$ | 28.1 | $\pm 4.1$ | 37.4 | $\pm 5.2$ | 18.4 | $\pm 2.8$ | 24.1 | $\pm 4.7$ | 20.4 | $\pm 2.8$ | 26.2 | $\pm 3.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 28.3 | $\pm 3.0$ | 34.8 | $\pm 3.0$ | 44.4 | $\pm 2.2$ | 49.0 | $\pm 2.5$ | 27.8 | $\pm 6.2$ | 38.8 | $\pm 3.6$ | 18.3 | $\pm 3.1$ | 26.3 | $\pm 3.8$ | 20.0 | $\pm 3.1$ | 26.5 | $\pm 2.7$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 28.1 | $\pm 2.4$ | 33.5 | $\pm 3.5$ | 43.7 | $\pm 2.5$ | 47.1 | $\pm 1.8$ | 25.5 | $\pm 5.7$ | 38.0 | $\pm 4.7$ | 16.6 | $\pm 3.8$ | 25.0 | $\pm 6.6$ | 18.6 | $\pm 3.8$ | 26.0 | $\pm 6.1$ |


| LR Model |  | LUO |  |  |  | PCM |  |  |  | SWA |  |  |  | WOL |  |  |  | YOR |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | Oracle |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | Oracle |  |
|  |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 0.3 | $\pm 1.8$ | 14.7 | $\pm 2.0$ | 39.1 | $\pm 1.2$ | 41.7 | $\pm 2.2$ | 48.3 | $\pm 1.4$ | 51.2 | $\pm 1.8$ | 10.6 | $\pm 2.1$ | 19.0 | $\pm 5.5$ | 14.4 | $\pm 3.5$ | 23.6 | $\pm 6.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 7.1 | $\pm 2.5$ | 17.7 | $\pm 2.2$ | 41.5 | $\pm 1.9$ | 42.4 | $\pm 2.8$ | 53.0 | $\pm 2.1$ | 54.8 | $\pm 2.9$ | 25.9 | $\pm 5.1$ | 30.3 | $\pm 3.1$ | 33.4 | $\pm 5.8$ | 35.8 | $\pm 3.7$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 7.5 | $\pm 1.3$ | 18.0 | $\pm 1.9$ | 41.3 | $\pm 1.6$ | 42.7 | $\pm 1.9$ | 53.5 | $\pm 1.5$ | 55.4 | $\pm 2.0$ | 25.1 | $\pm 4.4$ | 30.0 | $\pm 4.7$ | 32.2 | $\pm 5.2$ | 35.0 | $\pm 4.2$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 7.3 | $\pm 1.2$ | 17.5 | $\pm 3.7$ | 41.8 | $\pm 1.6$ | 43.1 | $\pm 2.1$ | 53.2 | $\pm 2.3$ | 55.4 | $\pm 2.7$ | 25.1 | $\pm 5.5$ | 26.9 | $\pm 7.0$ | 30.5 | $\pm 6.0$ | 31.3 | $\pm 6.9$ |
| $1 e-5$ | Standard FT | 0.0 | $\pm 1.6$ | 13.1 | $\pm 1.1$ | 39.9 | $\pm 1.8$ | 42.1 | $\pm 2.7$ | 48.6 | $\pm 2.1$ | 51.5 | $\pm 2.7$ | 9.7 | $\pm 1.7$ | 17.2 | $\pm 2.9$ | 12.8 | $\pm 4.1$ | 21.6 | $\pm 6.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 5.8 | $\pm 3.0$ | 19.1 | $\pm 4.3$ | 42.1 | $\pm 1.3$ | 44.5 | $\pm 4.0$ | 52.7 | $\pm 2.0$ | 55.8 | $\pm 1.9$ | 21.9 | $\pm 4.8$ | 31.6 | $\pm 5.3$ | 32.4 | $\pm 5.4$ | 33.9 | $\pm 3.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 6.5 | $\pm 2.3$ | 20.2 | $\pm 2.6$ | 42.8 | $\pm 1.6$ | 43.9 | $\pm 2.3$ | 52.9 | $\pm 1.5$ | 56.1 | $\pm 2.4$ | 24.1 | $\pm 4.3$ | 30.7 | $\pm 3.5$ | 31.9 | $\pm 5.6$ | 34.9 | $\pm 5.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 7.1 | $\pm 3.9$ | 18.7 | $\pm 3.0$ | 42.5 | $\pm 1.8$ | 43.6 | $\pm 3.0$ | 52.6 | $\pm 1.7$ | 54.3 | $\pm 2.7$ | 24.0 | $\pm 5.7$ | 32.0 | $\pm 6.0$ | 34.2 | $\pm 6.1$ | 36.0 | $\pm 5.7$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 9.7 | $\pm 1.5$ | 13.6 | $\pm 1.8$ | 39.3 | $\pm 1.6$ | 40.5 | $\pm 3.5$ | 48.2 | $\pm 1.7$ | 52.5 | $\pm 1.9$ | 9.2 | $\pm 1.2$ | 14.6 | $\pm 3.7$ | 11.4 | $\pm 3.3$ | 16.8 | $\pm 5.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 4.7 | $\pm 2.5$ | 19.6 | $\pm 4.1$ | 42.0 | $\pm 1.6$ | 46.1 | $\pm 3.8$ | 51.7 | $\pm 2.2$ | 55.8 | $\pm 2.7$ | 17.7 | $\pm 4.2$ | 32.4 | $\pm 7.4$ | 28.1 | $\pm 5.7$ | 37.2 | $\pm 5.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 5.0 | $\pm 3.1$ | 20.6 | $\pm 2.9$ | 43.0 | $\pm 1.3$ | 46.4 | $\pm 3.1$ | 51.9 | $\pm 1.7$ | 56.6 | $\pm 3.0$ | 19.8 | $\pm 7.0$ | 33.7 | $\pm 6.2$ | 29.7 | $\pm 8.4$ | 38.3 | $\pm 4.3$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 3.2 | $\pm 3.1$ | 20.2 | $\pm 4.6$ | 42.9 | $\pm 2.3$ | 47.5 | $\pm 3.1$ | 51.0 | $\pm 1.9$ | 54.4 | $\pm 2.7$ | 16.3 | $\pm 6.3$ | 31.2 | $\pm 8.8$ | 28.2 | $\pm 7.7$ | 35.8 | $\pm 9.1$ |

## A.3.2 WikiANN

| LR | Model | AM |  |  |  | AR |  |  |  | AY |  |  |  | BG |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  |
|  |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 43.9 | $\pm 2.3$ | 44.8 | $\pm 3.3$ | 49.1 | $\pm 1.6$ | 51.5 | $\pm 2.3$ | 40.8 | $\pm 0.9$ | 41.3 | $\pm 0.5$ | 78.4 | $\pm 0.5$ | 78.5 | $\pm 0.5$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 46.8 | $\pm 4.1$ | 48.0 | $\pm 3.7$ | 51.7 | $\pm 2.3$ | 53.9 | $\pm 2.2$ | 41.7 | $\pm 0.4$ | 40.8 | $\pm 1.6$ | 78.4 | $\pm 0.4$ | 78.5 | $\pm 0.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 46.9 | $\pm 3.8$ | 47.9 | $\pm 2.5$ | 52.6 | $\pm 1.6$ | 55.3 | $\pm 1.7$ | 41.6 | $\pm 0.3$ | 41.6 | $\pm 0.9$ | 78.5 | $\pm 0.5$ | 78.6 | $\pm 0.6$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 47.9 | $\pm 1.9$ | 48.7 | $\pm 1.7$ | 52.0 | $\pm 3.3$ | 54.6 | $\pm 3.5$ | 41.4 | $\pm 0.8$ | 41.4 | $\pm 1.1$ | 78.5 | $\pm 0.4$ | 78.6 | $\pm 0.4$ |
| $1 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 43.0 | $\pm 3.0$ | 44.5 | $\pm 2.7$ | 44.7 | $\pm 1.5$ | 50.3 | $\pm 2.0$ | 37.2 | $\pm 2.1$ | 41.6 | $\pm 4.7$ | 78.9 | $\pm 0.3$ | 79.1 | $\pm 0.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 43.4 | $\pm 3.0$ | 47.2 | $\pm 2.2$ | 51.3 | $\pm 2.0$ | 54.7 | $\pm 2.8$ | 40.2 | $\pm 1.7$ | 40.9 | $\pm 1.6$ | 79.2 | $\pm 0.4$ | 79.2 | $\pm 0.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 42.6 | $\pm 2.2$ | 47.8 | $\pm 2.8$ | 50.6 | $\pm 3.0$ | 54.9 | $\pm 2.7$ | 41.8 | $\pm 1.0$ | 45.6 | $\pm 12.3$ | 78.9 | $\pm 0.5$ | 79.3 | $\pm 0.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 44.4 | $\pm 2.2$ | 45.4 | $\pm 3.5$ | 51.0 | $\pm 3.8$ | 54.2 | $\pm 3.0$ | 41.2 | $\pm 1.2$ | 44.5 | $\pm 9.9$ | 79.1 | $\pm 0.4$ | 79.3 | $\pm 0.3$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 40.6 | $\pm 3.1$ | 43.4 | $\pm 2.3$ | 42.0 | $\pm 2.3$ | 46.8 | $\pm 3.3$ | 32.4 | $\pm 4.3$ | 40.4 | $\pm 0.8$ | 78.2 | $\pm 0.6$ | 79.0 | $\pm 0.5$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 41.9 | $\pm 3.4$ | 44.6 | $\pm 4.6$ | 46.6 | $\pm 4.0$ | 51.1 | $\pm 4.7$ | 38.9 | $\pm 2.6$ | 45.3 | $\pm 15.1$ | 79.0 | $\pm 0.6$ | 79.3 | $\pm 0.5$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 41.9 | $\pm 3.4$ | 45.2 | $\pm 4.2$ | 46.8 | $\pm 4.1$ | 52.3 | $\pm 4.5$ | 39.6 | $\pm 2.3$ | 46.0 | $\pm 13.7$ | 79.0 | $\pm 0.8$ | 79.4 | $\pm 0.6$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 41.8 | $\pm 4.5$ | 45.0 | $\pm 3.9$ | 47.5 | $\pm 3.5$ | 54.0 | $\pm 2.4$ | 38.9 | $\pm 3.8$ | 40.4 | $\pm 2.9$ | 78.8 | $\pm 0.5$ | 79.1 | $\pm 0.5$ |


|  | Model | DE |  |  |  | EL |  |  |  | EN |  |  |  | ES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | True |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  |
|  |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 70.4 | $\pm 0.7$ | 70.5 | $\pm 0.7$ | 76.1 | $\pm 0.5$ | 76.3 | $\pm 0.5$ | 82.3 | $\pm 0.2$ | 82.3 | $\pm 0.2$ | 68.6 | $\pm 3.0$ | 70.2 | $\pm 3.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 69.9 | $\pm 0.5$ | 70.4 | $\pm 0.6$ | 75.5 | $\pm 0.5$ | 75.7 | $\pm 0.5$ | 82.0 | $\pm 0.1$ | 82.0 | $\pm 0.1$ | 66.9 | $\pm 3.3$ | 68.3 | $\pm 3.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 70.1 | $\pm 0.4$ | 70.4 | $\pm 0.7$ | 75.5 | $\pm 0.7$ | 75.7 | $\pm 0.7$ | 82.1 | $\pm 0.2$ | 82.1 | $\pm 0.2$ | 66.8 | $\pm 2.3$ | 68.5 | $\pm 2.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 70.1 | $\pm 0.9$ | 70.6 | $\pm 0.8$ | 75.8 | $\pm 0.4$ | 76.0 | $\pm 0.3$ | 82.1 | $\pm 0.2$ | 82.1 | $\pm 0.2$ | 67.1 | $\pm 3.7$ | 68.6 | $\pm 3.9$ |
| $1 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 71.0 | $\pm 0.7$ | 71.3 | $\pm 0.6$ | 75.2 | $\pm 0.6$ | 76.0 | $\pm 0.5$ | 83.3 | $\pm 0.1$ | 83.3 | $\pm 0.1$ | 69.7 | $\pm 2.2$ | 72.6 | $\pm 2.2$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 70.7 | $\pm 0.7$ | 71.2 | $\pm 0.7$ | 75.8 | $\pm 0.5$ | 76.0 | $\pm 0.6$ | 83.1 | $\pm 0.1$ | 83.1 | $\pm 0.1$ | 71.6 | $\pm 4.0$ | 73.5 | $\pm 3.0$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 70.9 | $\pm 0.7$ | 71.1 | $\pm 0.6$ | 75.9 | $\pm 0.6$ | 76.2 | $\pm 0.5$ | 83.2 | $\pm 0.2$ | 83.2 | $\pm 0.2$ | 70.2 | $\pm 4.1$ | 71.3 | $\pm 3.1$ |
|  | SLICER, $h=8$ | 70.9 | $\pm 0.4$ | 71.4 | $\pm 0.6$ | 75.2 | $\pm 1.2$ | 75.7 | $\pm 0.8$ | 83.1 | $\pm 0.1$ | 83.1 | $\pm 0.1$ | 70.4 | $\pm 3.4$ | 71.8 | $\pm 4.0$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 70.6 | $\pm 0.5$ | 71.4 | $\pm 0.6$ | 72.9 | $\pm 1.5$ | 75.4 | $\pm 0.6$ | 83.5 | $\pm 0.1$ | 83.5 | $\pm 0.2$ | 69.0 | $\pm 2.2$ | 73.5 | $\pm 1.6$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 70.8 | $\pm 0.7$ | 71.2 | $\pm 0.7$ | 74.5 | $\pm 1.0$ | 74.9 | $\pm 1.0$ | 83.8 | $\pm 0.1$ | 83.8 | $\pm 0.1$ | 73.3 | $\pm 2.3$ | 74.6 | $\pm 2.2$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 71.2 | $\pm 0.3$ | 71.4 | $\pm 0.4$ | 74.3 | $\pm 1.1$ | 74.6 | $\pm 1.0$ | 83.8 | $\pm 0.2$ | 83.8 | $\pm 0.2$ | 72.9 | $\pm 3.0$ | 73.8 | $\pm 2.8$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 71.0 | $\pm 0.6$ | 71.5 | $\pm 0.7$ | 73.9 | $\pm 1.0$ | 75.0 | $\pm 1.4$ | 83.8 | $\pm 0.2$ | 83.8 | $\pm 0.2$ | 71.4 | $\pm 3.9$ | 72.3 | $\pm 3.3$ |


|  | Model | FR |  |  |  | HE |  |  |  | HI |  |  |  | IG |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  |
| LR |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 77.5 | $\pm 0.7$ | 77.6 | $\pm 0.8$ | 54.6 | $\pm 0.8$ | 54.8 | $\pm 0.8$ | 68.1 | $\pm 0.8$ | 68.6 | $\pm 0.7$ | 41.5 | $\pm 1.9$ | 45.6 | $\pm 1.8$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 76.3 | $\pm 0.8$ | 76.5 | $\pm 0.9$ | 54.1 | $\pm 0.5$ | 54.3 | $\pm 0.5$ | 67.8 | $\pm 0.9$ | 68.2 | $\pm 0.8$ | 49.2 | $\pm 1.5$ | 50.1 | $\pm 1.6$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 76.3 | $\pm 0.7$ | 76.4 | $\pm 0.8$ | 54.3 | $\pm 0.6$ | 54.5 | $\pm 0.7$ | 67.7 | $\pm 1.0$ | 68.4 | $\pm 1.0$ | 49.1 | $\pm 1.9$ | 49.7 | $\pm 1.0$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 76.3 | $\pm 0.8$ | 76.6 | $\pm 0.8$ | 54.3 | $\pm 0.7$ | 54.5 | $\pm 0.6$ | 67.9 | $\pm 0.6$ | 68.0 | $\pm 1.1$ | 49.7 | $\pm 1.9$ | 50.3 | $\pm 1.6$ |
| $1 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 78.4 | $\pm 0.6$ | 78.7 | $\pm 0.8$ | 55.2 | $\pm 0.9$ | 55.6 | $\pm 1.0$ | 67.8 | $\pm 0.7$ | 68.9 | $\pm 1.3$ | 41.6 | $\pm 2.1$ | 45.8 | $\pm 2.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 77.8 | $\pm 1.3$ | 78.5 | $\pm 0.9$ | 54.7 | $\pm 0.9$ | 55.4 | $\pm 0.7$ | 66.8 | $\pm 1.3$ | 68.1 | $\pm 1.4$ | 48.8 | $\pm 2.3$ | 50.3 | $\pm 1.8$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 77.4 | $\pm 1.2$ | 77.6 | $\pm 1.0$ | 55.0 | $\pm 0.8$ | 55.4 | $\pm 1.0$ | 67.4 | $\pm 1.1$ | 68.2 | $\pm 1.3$ | 49.7 | $\pm 2.0$ | 51.5 | $\pm 1.3$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 77.6 | $\pm 1.2$ | 77.8 | $\pm 1.2$ | 55.2 | $\pm 1.5$ | 55.5 | $\pm 1.2$ | 67.7 | $\pm 0.9$ | 68.5 | $\pm 1.0$ | 48.0 | $\pm 4.2$ | 50.2 | $\pm 3.1$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 78.1 | $\pm 0.9$ | 79.0 | $\pm 0.6$ | 53.2 | $\pm 0.7$ | 54.2 | $\pm 0.9$ | 66.3 | $\pm 0.8$ | 68.0 | $\pm 1.7$ | 40.6 | $\pm 3.6$ | 44.1 | $\pm 3.2$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 78.7 | $\pm 1.0$ | 78.9 | $\pm 1.3$ | 53.4 | $\pm 1.4$ | 54.2 | $\pm 1.8$ | 65.9 | $\pm 1.8$ | 67.3 | $\pm 1.9$ | 46.6 | $\pm 2.1$ | 49.8 | $\pm 2.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 78.3 | $\pm 1.3$ | 78.4 | $\pm 1.3$ | 53.3 | $\pm 1.3$ | 54.0 | $\pm 1.4$ | 66.0 | $\pm 1.4$ | 67.0 | $\pm 1.5$ | 46.4 | $\pm 2.7$ | 49.6 | $\pm 2.6$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 77.9 | $\pm 1.1$ | 78.2 | $\pm 1.1$ | 53.5 | $\pm 1.4$ | 54.8 | $\pm 1.8$ | 66.5 | $\pm 1.3$ | 68.2 | $\pm 1.7$ | 45.6 | $\pm 3.7$ | 49.7 | $\pm 3.0$ |


|  | Model | JA |  |  |  | QU |  |  |  | RU |  |  |  | RW |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  |
|  |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 13.9 | $\pm 1.2$ | 14.3 | $\pm 1.4$ | 55.0 | $\pm 2.4$ | 54.1 | $\pm 2.4$ | 65.4 | $\pm 0.4$ | 65.6 | $\pm 0.5$ | 54.7 | $\pm 3.2$ | 53.9 | $\pm 3.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 13.7 | $\pm 2.5$ | 14.2 | $\pm 2.5$ | 54.8 | $\pm 2.6$ | 53.9 | $\pm 3.1$ | 64.0 | $\pm 0.5$ | 64.4 | $\pm 0.7$ | 53.9 | $\pm 2.5$ | 54.3 | $\pm 2.8$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 13.9 | $\pm 1.9$ | 14.4 | $\pm 2.1$ | 54.7 | $\pm 2.0$ | 54.6 | $\pm 1.8$ | 63.9 | $\pm 0.9$ | 64.1 | $\pm 1.0$ | 53.5 | $\pm 2.6$ | 54.0 | $\pm 1.6$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 14.4 | $\pm 2.1$ | 14.9 | $\pm 2.2$ | 54.8 | $\pm 2.4$ | 53.9 | $\pm 2.1$ | 63.9 | $\pm 0.5$ | 64.1 | $\pm 0.6$ | 52.9 | $\pm 2.3$ | 52.7 | $\pm 2.5$ |
| $1 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 15.4 | $\pm 1.7$ | 16.0 | $\pm 1.5$ | 54.3 | $\pm 3.3$ | 54.7 | $\pm 3.8$ | 66.2 | $\pm 0.6$ | 66.9 | $\pm 0.8$ | 57.1 | $\pm 2.7$ | 57.7 | $\pm 3.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 15.9 | $\pm 1.9$ | 16.1 | $\pm 1.9$ | 56.3 | $\pm 2.2$ | 55.8 | $\pm 1.9$ | 66.0 | $\pm 0.8$ | 66.2 | $\pm 0.9$ | 55.5 | $\pm 2.5$ | 57.3 | $\pm 1.8$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 15.5 | $\pm 1.5$ | 16.0 | $\pm 1.7$ | 56.8 | $\pm 1.7$ | 56.1 | $\pm 2.3$ | 65.8 | $\pm 0.8$ | 66.3 | $\pm 0.9$ | 55.3 | $\pm 3.4$ | 55.6 | $\pm 1.8$ |
|  | SLICER, $h=8$ | 15.8 | $\pm 1.9$ | 16.5 | $\pm 2.4$ | 57.3 | $\pm 1.6$ | 56.9 | $\pm 2.3$ | 65.8 | $\pm 0.8$ | 66.1 | $\pm 0.8$ | 55.1 | $\pm 2.9$ | 55.6 | $\pm 1.8$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 16.2 | $\pm 1.1$ | 17.7 | $\pm 1.5$ | 55.3 | $\pm 2.1$ | 55.6 | $\pm 2.2$ | 65.6 | $\pm 1.1$ | 66.2 | $\pm 1.1$ | 58.6 | $\pm 2.4$ | 58.1 | $\pm 3.0$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 16.9 | $\pm 2.5$ | 18.2 | $\pm 2.8$ | 55.3 | $\pm 3.0$ | 55.2 | $\pm 2.5$ | 66.1 | $\pm 0.9$ | 66.3 | $\pm 0.8$ | 58.4 | $\pm 3.0$ | 56.8 | $\pm 4.3$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 17.4 | $\pm 2.0$ | 18.4 | $\pm 2.0$ | 55.4 | $\pm 2.1$ | 55.1 | $\pm 2.6$ | 66.0 | $\pm 1.2$ | 66.3 | $\pm 1.1$ | 54.2 | $\pm 2.3$ | 55.4 | $\pm 3.3$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 18.1 | $\pm 2.2$ | 19.5 | $\pm 2.1$ | 55.6 | $\pm 2.4$ | 55.9 | $\pm 2.3$ | 65.9 | $\pm 0.8$ | 66.6 | $\pm 1.2$ | 56.9 | $\pm 4.8$ | 57.8 | $\pm 4.7$ |


|  | Model | sw |  |  |  | TA |  |  |  | TE |  |  |  | TR |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRUE |  | Oracle |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  |
| LR |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 64.7 | $\pm 0.5$ | 64.8 | $\pm 0.6$ | 60.1 | $\pm 0.7$ | 60.2 | $\pm 1.1$ | 54.1 | $\pm 1.2$ | 55.5 | $\pm 1.6$ | 69.2 | $\pm 1.4$ | 69.5 | $\pm 1.3$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 64.7 | $\pm 0.8$ | 64.9 | $\pm 0.8$ | 57.9 | $\pm 0.6$ | 58.3 | $\pm 0.7$ | 52.8 | $\pm 1.1$ | 54.0 | $\pm 1.2$ | 68.9 | $\pm 0.8$ | 69.8 | $\pm 0.6$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 64.7 | $\pm 1.1$ | 64.6 | $\pm 0.8$ | 57.9 | $\pm 0.5$ | 58.2 | $\pm 0.8$ | 52.6 | $\pm 1.0$ | 54.1 | $\pm 1.7$ | 69.0 | $\pm 1.1$ | 69.7 | $\pm 1.0$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 64.7 | $\pm 1.5$ | 64.8 | $\pm 1.1$ | 57.9 | $\pm 0.8$ | 58.2 | $\pm 1.3$ | 52.6 | $\pm 0.9$ | 54.7 | $\pm 2.2$ | 69.2 | $\pm 1.2$ | 70.1 | $\pm 0.8$ |
| $1 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 63.2 | $\pm 1.6$ | 64.5 | $\pm 0.9$ | 59.7 | $\pm 0.7$ | 60.6 | $\pm 1.4$ | 53.2 | $\pm 1.0$ | 55.6 | $\pm 1.3$ | 68.8 | $\pm 1.9$ | 69.7 | $\pm 1.8$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 63.9 | $\pm 2.3$ | 64.6 | $\pm 1.4$ | 57.8 | $\pm 1.5$ | 58.6 | $\pm 1.8$ | 52.0 | $\pm 1.3$ | 53.5 | $\pm 2.0$ | 69.0 | $\pm 1.9$ | 69.8 | $\pm 1.3$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 64.6 | $\pm 1.7$ | 65.0 | $\pm 1.0$ | 58.2 | $\pm 0.8$ | 58.9 | $\pm 0.9$ | 52.5 | $\pm 1.4$ | 54.3 | $\pm 1.8$ | 68.3 | $\pm 1.7$ | 69.3 | $\pm 1.6$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 64.9 | $\pm 1.1$ | 65.0 | $\pm 1.0$ | 57.6 | $\pm 1.4$ | 58.3 | $\pm 1.6$ | 52.0 | $\pm 1.3$ | 53.5 | $\pm 1.6$ | 68.7 | $\pm 1.3$ | 69.4 | $\pm 1.2$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 60.1 | $\pm 2.8$ | 63.7 | $\pm 1.9$ | 57.3 | $\pm 2.0$ | 59.7 | $\pm 1.1$ | 50.5 | $\pm 0.8$ | 53.6 | $\pm 1.6$ | 67.4 | $\pm 1.6$ | 69.7 | $\pm 1.3$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 63.4 | $\pm 1.7$ | 64.2 | $\pm 1.4$ | 57.1 | $\pm 2.5$ | 58.0 | $\pm 2.1$ | 51.4 | $\pm 2.2$ | 53.3 | $\pm 2.0$ | 67.2 | $\pm 2.0$ | 68.6 | $\pm 1.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 63.6 | $\pm 1.1$ | 64.3 | $\pm 1.0$ | 56.8 | $\pm 2.0$ | 57.8 | $\pm 2.5$ | 50.4 | $\pm 2.2$ | 53.1 | $\pm 1.9$ | 68.3 | $\pm 1.8$ | 68.9 | $\pm 1.5$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 63.2 | $\pm 2.4$ | 64.5 | $\pm 2.1$ | 56.9 | $\pm 0.8$ | 58.9 | $\pm 1.6$ | 50.8 | $\pm 1.7$ | 52.6 | $\pm 2.0$ | 67.5 | $\pm 1.8$ | 68.2 | $\pm 2.0$ |


| LR | Model | UR |  |  |  | VI |  |  |  | YO |  |  |  | ZH |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  |
|  |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 61.7 | $\pm 3.6$ | 63.9 | $\pm 2.1$ | 68.9 | $\pm 1.3$ | 69.5 | $\pm 1.0$ | 47.8 | $\pm 6.1$ | 50.6 | $\pm 3.2$ | 22.7 | $\pm 1.1$ | 23.1 | $\pm 1.2$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 63.9 | $\pm 2.6$ | 65.4 | $\pm 1.7$ | 70.4 | $\pm 1.5$ | 70.7 | $\pm 1.6$ | 48.5 | $\pm 1.7$ | 48.8 | $\pm 1.8$ | 23.5 | $\pm 2.7$ | 24.2 | $\pm 2.6$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 64.2 | $\pm 2.7$ | 65.5 | $\pm 2.8$ | 70.1 | $\pm 1.1$ | 70.3 | $\pm 1.2$ | 47.9 | $\pm 1.5$ | 48.9 | $\pm 2.1$ | 23.7 | $\pm 2.3$ | 24.6 | $\pm 2.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 63.5 | $\pm 3.5$ | 65.4 | $\pm 2.2$ | 70.1 | $\pm 1.3$ | 70.5 | $\pm 1.4$ | 48.5 | $\pm 1.6$ | 48.7 | $\pm 2.2$ | 24.5 | $\pm 2.1$ | 25.4 | $\pm 2.4$ |
| $1 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 59.5 | $\pm 2.3$ | 63.8 | $\pm 2.3$ | 69.3 | $\pm 1.6$ | 70.2 | $\pm 1.6$ | 37.4 | $\pm 9.1$ | 48.7 | $\pm 2.2$ | 24.2 | $\pm 2.1$ | 25.0 | $\pm 1.7$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 63.7 | $\pm 2.0$ | 66.3 | $\pm 2.1$ | 71.1 | $\pm 0.9$ | 71.8 | $\pm 1.0$ | 49.4 | $\pm 2.0$ | 50.3 | $\pm 2.2$ | 25.7 | $\pm 1.6$ | 26.3 | $\pm 1.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 62.9 | $\pm 1.4$ | 66.2 | $\pm 1.5$ | 71.1 | $\pm 1.3$ | 72.4 | $\pm 1.2$ | 47.8 | $\pm 3.2$ | 49.3 | $\pm 2.7$ | 25.0 | $\pm 1.1$ | 25.7 | $\pm 1.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 64.6 | $\pm 2.3$ | 66.9 | $\pm 2.0$ | 70.9 | $\pm 0.9$ | 71.6 | $\pm 1.2$ | 49.2 | $\pm 2.1$ | 50.5 | $\pm 2.6$ | 25.5 | $\pm 1.8$ | 26.6 | $\pm 2.0$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 54.1 | $\pm 4.5$ | 61.2 | $\pm 3.4$ | 69.3 | $\pm 1.1$ | 70.8 | $\pm 1.6$ | 31.4 | $\pm 8.0$ | 48.1 | $\pm 2.0$ | 25.1 | $\pm 1.8$ | 27.3 | $\pm 1.4$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1$ | 59.0 | $\pm 4.1$ | 62.9 | $\pm 2.3$ | 71.2 | $\pm 1.0$ | 72.2 | $\pm 1.0$ | 45.7 | $\pm 4.6$ | 50.1 | $\pm 2.3$ | 26.0 | $\pm 3.1$ | 27.0 | $\pm 3.2$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=2$ | 58.8 | $\pm 2.9$ | 63.4 | $\pm 2.3$ | 72.1 | $\pm 1.7$ | 72.9 | $\pm 1.7$ | 42.5 | $\pm 8.2$ | 48.0 | $\pm 6.5$ | 26.0 | $\pm 2.2$ | 27.7 | $\pm 2.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=8$ | 60.4 | $\pm 3.0$ | 64.4 | $\pm 2.1$ | 71.5 | $\pm 1.1$ | 72.9 | $\pm 1.9$ | 41.4 | $\pm 10.0$ | 48.1 | $\pm 3.8$ | 27.0 | $\pm 2.0$ | 28.6 | $\pm 1.6$ |

## A. 4 Russian as Source Language

| LR | Model | WikiANN |  |  |  | MASAKHANER |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  | TRUE |  | ORACLE |  |
|  |  | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ | $\emptyset$ | $\sigma$ |
| $5 e^{-6}$ | Standard FT | 53.8 | $\pm 1.7$ | 56.0 | $\pm 2.0$ | 33.9 | $\pm 3.1$ | 37.9 | $\pm 3.7$ | 47.9 | $\pm 2.1$ | 50.7 | $\pm 2.5$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1.0$ | 54.9 | $\pm 1.9$ | 56.3 | $\pm 2.0$ | 38.7 | $\pm 2.9$ | 41.1 | $\pm 3.2$ | 50.2 | $\pm 2.2$ | 51.8 | $\pm 2.3$ |
| $1 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 52.5 | $\pm 1.7$ | 56.5 | $\pm 2.2$ | 32.8 | $\pm 2.6$ | 38.3 | $\pm 3.9$ | 46.7 | $\pm 2.0$ | 51.1 | $\pm 2.7$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1.0$ | 54.0 | $\pm 1.9$ | 56.4 | $\pm 2.1$ | 37.7 | $\pm 3.2$ | 40.9 | $\pm 3.8$ | 49.2 | $\pm 2.3$ | 51.8 | $\pm 2.6$ |
| $2 e^{-5}$ | Standard FT | 51.3 | $\pm 2.2$ | 56.8 | $\pm 2.6$ | 31.1 | $\pm 3.1$ | 36.9 | $\pm 4.2$ | 45.3 | $\pm 2.5$ | 51.0 | $\pm 3.1$ |
|  | Slicer, $h=1.0$ | 51.6 | $\pm 2.5$ | 55.7 | $\pm 2.7$ | 33.7 | $\pm 4.2$ | 40.1 | $\pm 4.2$ | 46.3 | $\pm 3.0$ | 51.1 | $\pm 3.1$ |

Table 5: Zero-shot cross-lingual transfer performance (micro-averaged F1) for NER with Russian as the source language. We report averages and st. deviations across all languages of MasakhaNER and WikiANN.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ We use $\times 1 \mathrm{~m}$-roberta-base weights from the HuggingFace Transformers library.
    ${ }^{2}$ We first average the attention probability for each token on itself across attention heads. We then average the tokenlevel scores across all subwords in a sequence, as attention probabilities depend on the sequence length. We lastly average the sequence-level scores over all sequences in the test set.

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ Note that $h=d$ reduces SLICER to standard fine-tuning.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ We only slice the token representations and classifier matrix $W$ during training. At inference, we we use the whole token vector $v_{t}$ and the whole matrix $W$, which can be viewed as ensembling over slices.
    ${ }^{5}$ We follow Ansell et al. (2022) and remap both B-DATE and I-DATE of MasakhaNER to $\mathrm{O}(0)$ to harmonize NER tags with WikiANN.

[^3]:    ${ }^{6}$ WikiANN and MasakhaNER overlap in the following languages: Amharic (AM), Igbo (IG), Kinyarwanda (RW), Swahili (SW), and Yoruba (YO).
    ${ }^{7}$ It is also worth noting that WikiANN probably overestimates the absolute zero-shot cross-lingual transfer performance for NER, considering that the target-language portions were obtained by linking mentions from other languages to an English knowledge base (Lignos et al., 2022).

