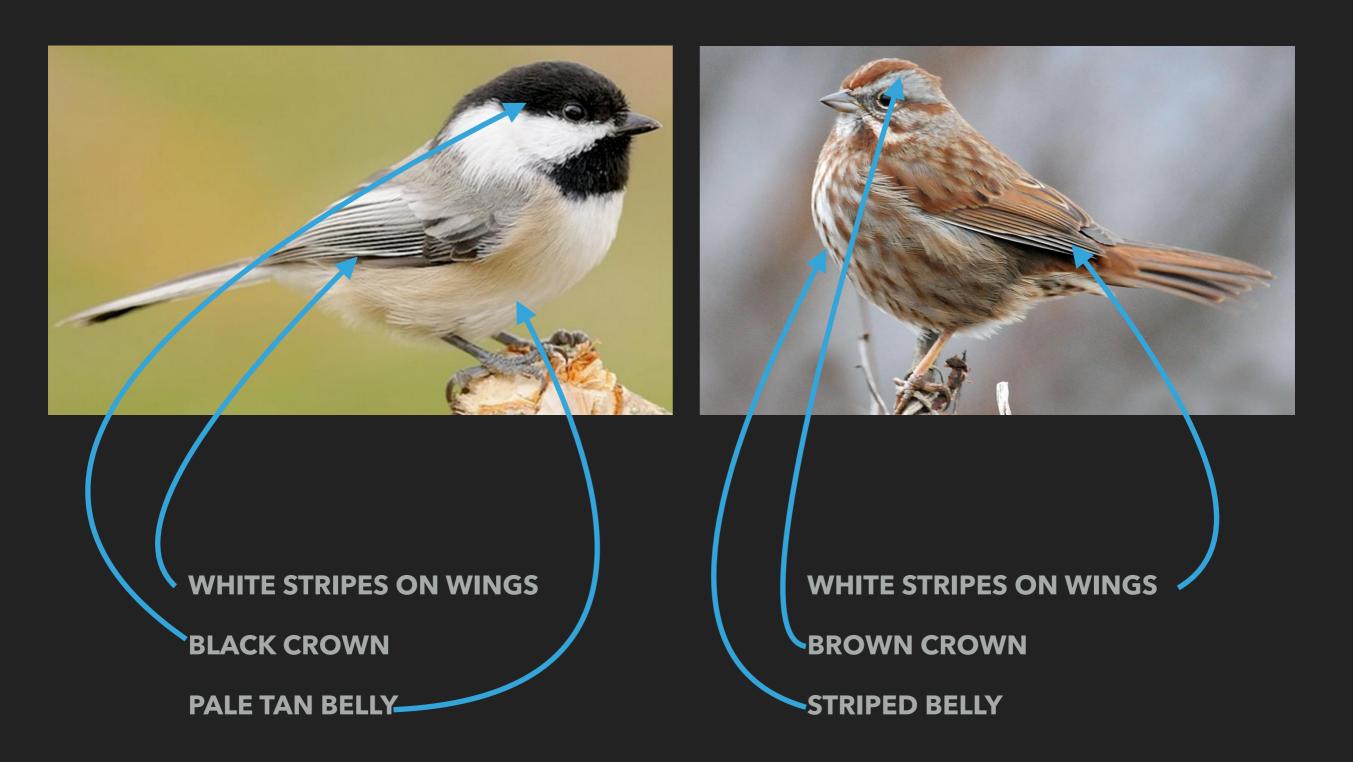
'LIGHTER' CAN STILL BE DARK: MODELING COMPARATIVE COLOR TERMS

OLIVIA WINN, SMARANDA MURESAN



ATTRIBUTE-BASED OBJECT RECOGNITION



ATTRIBUTE-BASED OBJECT RECOGNITION





Chickadee

WHITE STRIPES ON WINGS

BLACK CROWN

PALE TAN BELLY

Sparrow

WHITE STRIPES ON WINGS

BROWN CROWN

STRIPED BELLY





Black-Capped Chickadee

WHITE STRIPES ON WINGS

BLACK CROWN

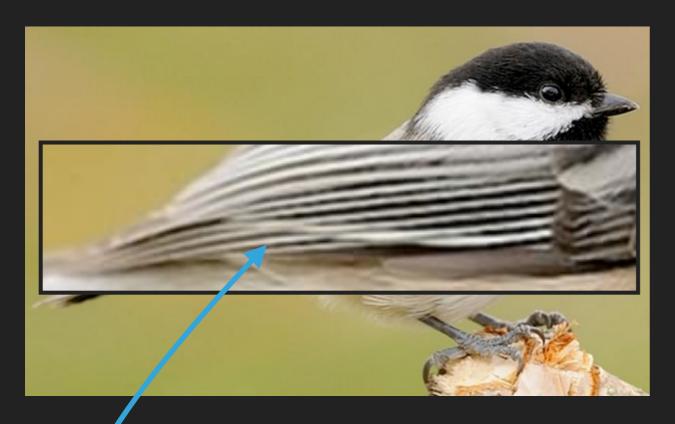
PALE TAN BELLY

Carolina Chickadee

WHITE STRIPES ON WINGS

BLACK CROWN

PALE TAN BELLY

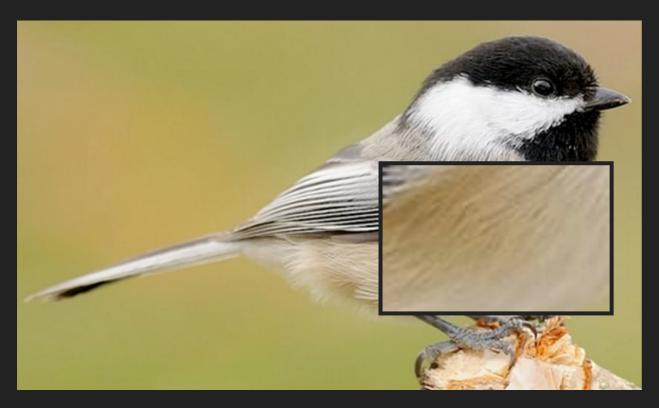


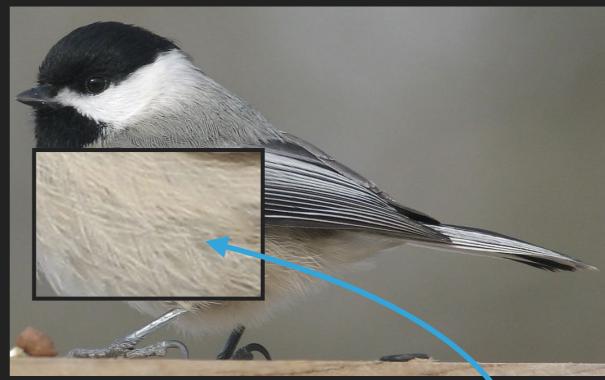


Black-Capped Chickadee

"MORE WHITE EDGING ON WINGS"

Carolina Chickadee





Black-Capped Chickadee

"MORE WHITE EDGING ON WINGS"

Carolina Chickadee

"LESS ORANGISH ON SIDES"





Black-Capped Chickadee

Carolina Chickadee

"MORE WHITE EDGING ON WINGS"

WHITE STRIPES ON WINGS

"LESS ORANGISH ON SIDES"

PALE TAN BELLY

ATTRIBUTES VS. COMPARATIVES

Attribute: set of feature values in isolation

"Dark teal"

Comparative: strength of feature with respect to a reference

"Darker teal"





ATTRIBUTES VS. COMPARATIVES

Attribute: set of feature values in isolation

"Dark teal"

Comparative: strength of feature with respect to a reference

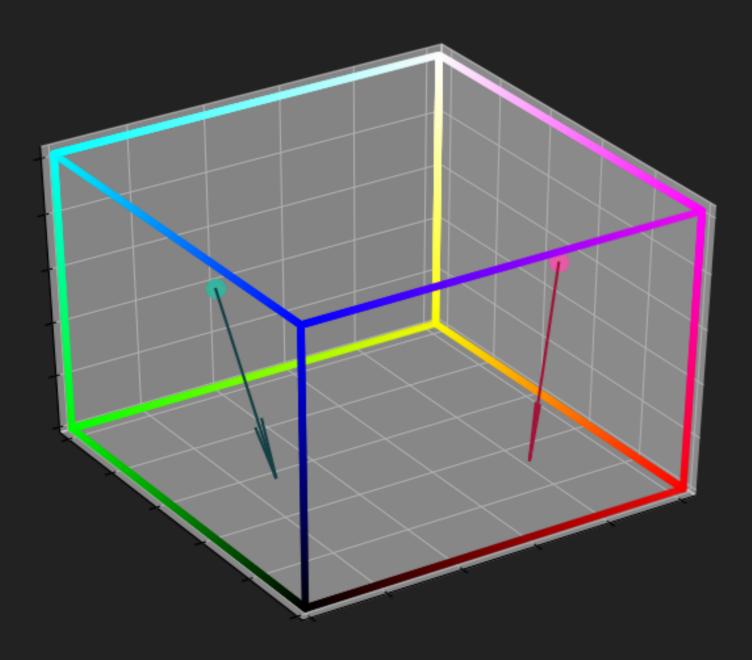
"Darker teal"



Comparatives frequently used to distinguish similar colors [Monroe et al 2017]



REFERENCE-BASED COMPARISONS

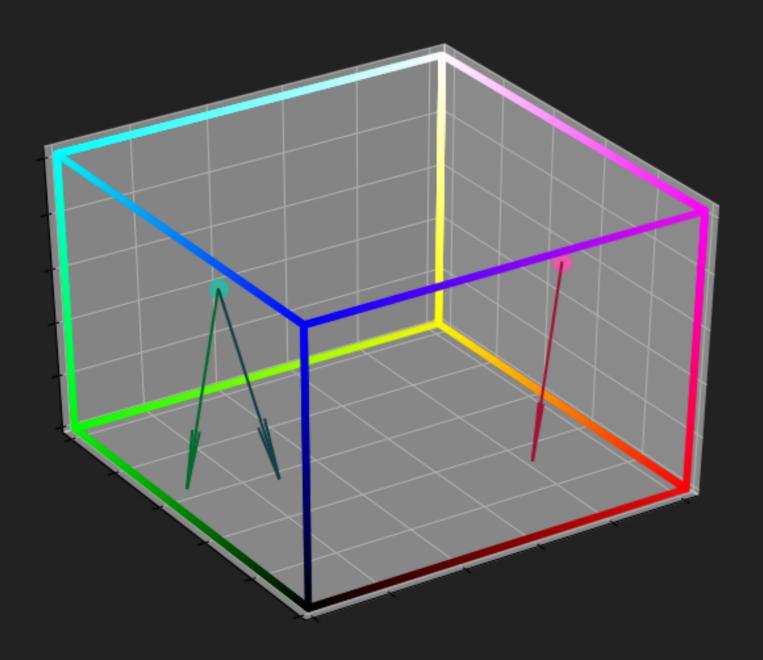


DARKER [TEAL]

DARKER [PINK]



REFERENCE-BASED COMPARISONS



DARKER [TEAL]

DARKER [PINK]

DARKER [FOR PINK]

GOAL

Ground comparative adjectives as **directions** in colorspace, **dependent on the reference color**, such that colors along the vector, when rooted at the reference color, satisfy the comparative



RELATED WORK

Contextual color descriptions

[McMahan and Stone 2015, Monroe et al 2017]

Image ranking

[Parikh and Grauman 2011, Yu and Grauman 2014]

Comparisons of set sizes

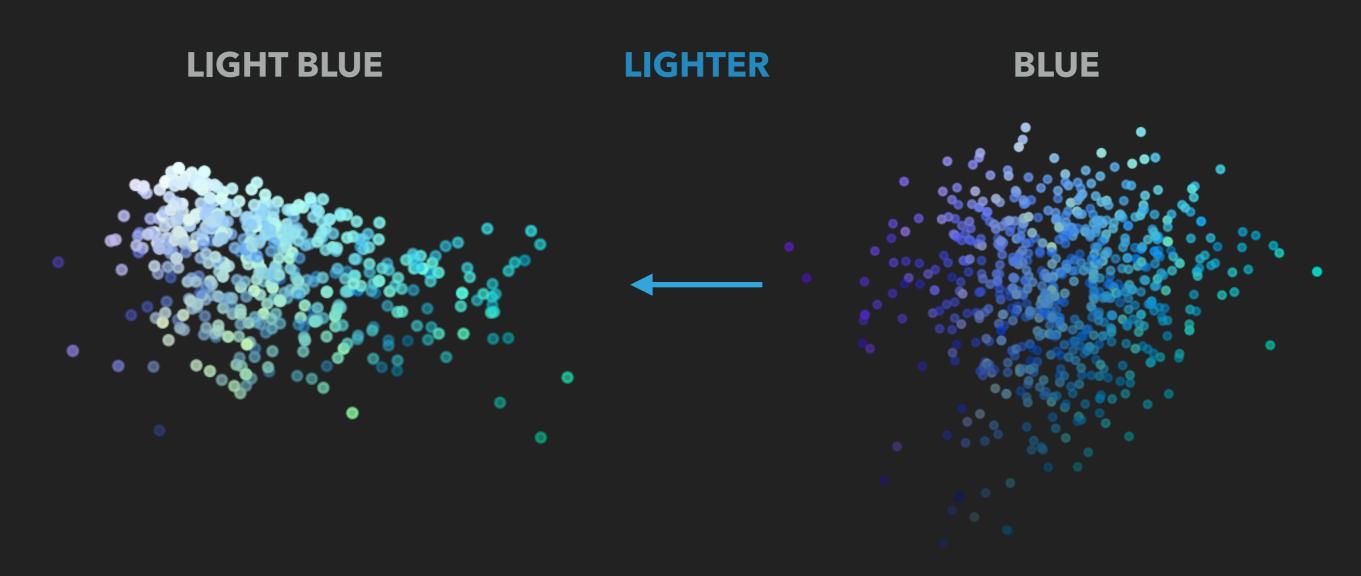
[Pezzelle et al 2018]

Size ranking via knowledge graph

[Bagherinezhad et al 2016]



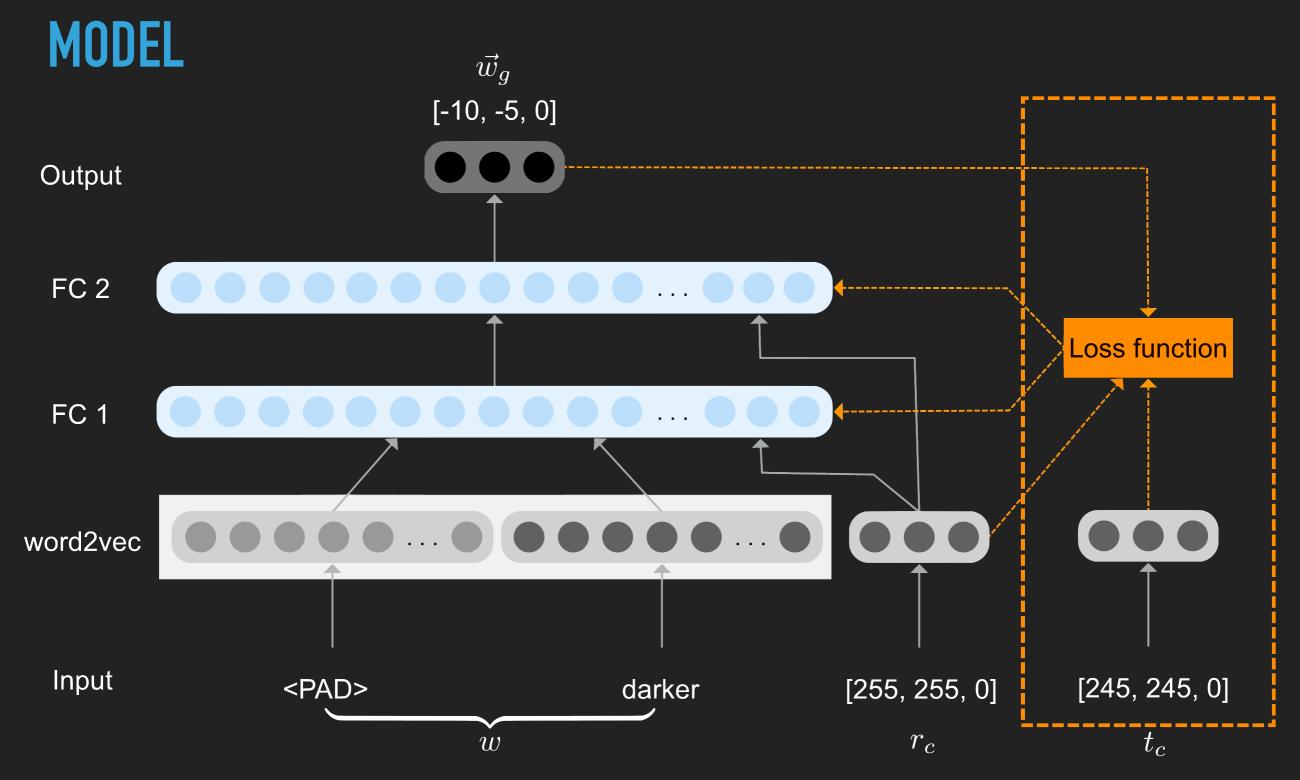
DATA



415 comparative tuples

79 unique reference labels 81 unique comparatives



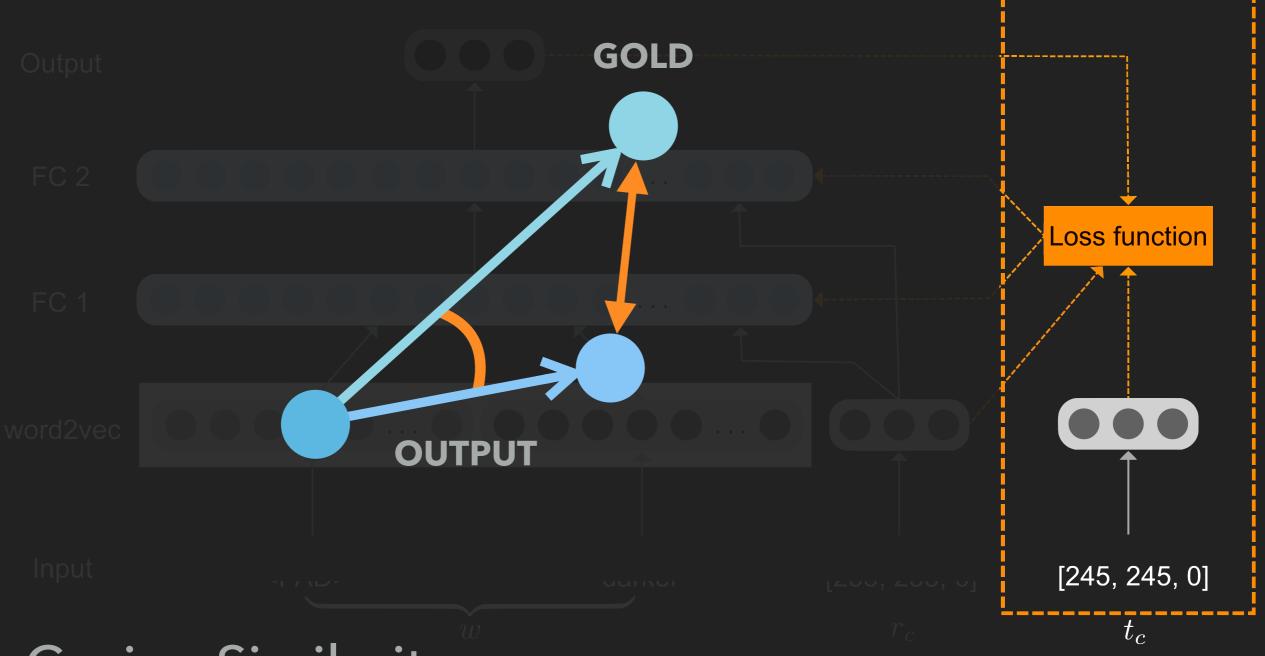


comparative adj: 300 dim. word2vec

reference color: 3D RGB datapoint



MODEL



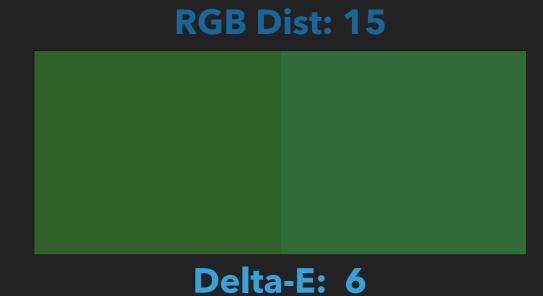
Cosine Similarity Distance



EVALUATION METRICS

- 1. Cosine Similarity
- 2. Distance

Delta-E	Perception
≤ 1.0	Imperceptible
1 - 2	Requires close observation
2 - 10	Percievable
11 - 49	More similar than opposite
100	Exact opposites



RGB Dist: 15

Delta-E: 45

EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

Data	# Tuples	# Dtpts
Training	271	15.3M
Test (Seen Pairings)	271	2.4M
Test (Unseen Pairings)	29	0.29M
Test (Unseen Ref.)	63	2.4M
Test (Unseen Comparative)	41	0.38M
Test (Fully Unseen)	11	58k





RESULTS

Test Condition	Avg Cos	Avg Delta-E
Test (Seen Pairings)	0.68	6.1
Test (Unseen Pairings)	0.68	7.9
Test (Unseen Ref.)	0.40	11.4
Test (Unseen Comparison)	0.41	10.5
Test (Fully Unseen)	-0.21	15.9
Overall	0.65	6.8

Avg Cos: 50% above 0.80; 30% above 0.90



RESULTS

TEST TYPE	REF		COMPARATIVE	GOLD	COS SIM	DELTA-E
Seen in training		darker			0.97	0.9
		more greenish			-0.76	20.0
Unseen pairing		lighter			0.94	4.2
		darker			0.77	12.3
Unseen reference		lighter			0.93	2.7
		bluer			-0.93	17.4
Unseen comparative		more neon			0.96	1.3
		more neon			-0.14	26.1
Unseen reference & unseen comparative		paler			0.99	3.5
		rustier			-0.73	18

REF		COMPARATIVE	GOLD
	greener ->		
	yellower ->		
	lighter ->		
	darker —>		

COMPARING COLORS





CONCLUSION

- New paradigm for grounding comparatives in colorspace
- New dataset of comparative colors
- Average cosine similarity: 0.65, with 50% above 0.80
- Model provides plausible comparative descriptions

FUTURE WORK

- Apply to fine-grained object recognition
- Expand to other attribute domains



THANK YOU!

QUESTIONS?

Dataset available at: https://bitbucket.com/o_winn/comparative_colors

