A Stylometric Inquiry into Hyperpartisan and Fake News

Martin Potthast*, **Johannes Kiesel**[†], Kevin Reinartz[†], Janek Bevendorff[†], Benno Stein[†] *Leipzig University, [†]Bauhaus-Universität Weimar

webis.de

ACL, July 16th, 2018



Fake news is not our friend.

We're committed to reducing its spread; so we're working with more fact-checkers globally, improving our technology, and giving you background information on the articles in your News Feed.

Find out more: fb.me/changesAU



o_{sezone} Melbourne Weat





....it is very possible that those sources don't exist but are made up by fake news writers. #FakeNews is the enemy!

5:45 AM - 28 May 2017



🖓 19К 🗘 12К 🛇 57К 🗹

What are Fake News?

Disinformation displayed as news articles

What are Fake News?

Disinformation displayed as news articles



Image: Claire Wardle, First Draft

What are Fake News?

Disinformation displayed as news articles



Image: Claire Wardle, First Draft

A Stylometric Inquiry into Hyperpartisan "News" and "News" in False Context and/or with Content that is Impostered, Manipulated, and/or Fabricated

Martin Potthast*, **Johannes Kiesel**[†], Kevin Reinartz[†], Janek Bevendorff[†], Benno Stein[†] *Leipzig University, [†]Bauhaus-Universität Weimar

webis.de

ACL, July 16th, 2018

The left-right political spectrum is a system of classifying political positions, ideologies and parties. Left-wing politics and right-wing politics are often presented as opposed, although either may adopt stances from the other side. [Wikipedia]

Alt-left	Left	Center	Right	Alt-right

The left-right political spectrum is a system of classifying political positions, ideologies and parties. Left-wing politics and right-wing politics are often presented as opposed, although either may adopt stances from the other side. [Wikipedia]

Alt-left	Left	Center	Right	Alt-right
	Liberal		Conservative	

The left-right political spectrum is a system of classifying political positions, ideologies and parties. Left-wing politics and right-wing politics are often presented as opposed, although either may adopt stances from the other side. [Wikipedia]

Alt-left	Left	Center	Right	Alt-right
	Liberal		Conservative	
Hyperpartisan	Partisan		Partisan	Hyperpartisan

Partisan: someone with a psychological identification with one major party. [Wikipedia]

The left-right political spectrum is a system of classifying political positions, ideologies and parties. Left-wing politics and right-wing politics are often presented as opposed, although either may adopt stances from the other side. [Wikipedia]

Alt-left	Left	Center	Right	Alt-right
	Liberal		Conservative	
Hyperpartisan	Partisan		Partisan	Hyperpartisan

Partisan: someone with a psychological identification with one major party. [Wikipedia]

News media reporting on politics can be aligned on this spectrum as well.

We are observing an increasing number of hyperpartisan news publishers.

BUZZFEEDNEWS / REPORTING Hyperpartisan Facebook Pages Are Publishing False And Misleading Information At An Alarming Rate

A BuzzFeed News analysis found that three big right-wing Facebook pages published false or misleading information 38% of the time during the period analyzed, and three large left-wing pages did so in nearly 20% of posts.

By Craig Silverman (BuzzFeed Founding Editor, Canada), Lauren Strapagiel (BuzzFeed Staff), Hamza Shaban (BuzzFeed News Reporter), Ellie Hall (BuzzFeed News Reporter), Jeremy Singer-Vine (BuzzFeed News Reporter)



Why are Fake News Published by Hyperpartisan Pages?



Image: Claire Wardle, First Draft

Why are Fake News Published by Hyperpartisan Pages?



Image: Claire Wardle, First Draft

Fake News Detection

Knowledge-based

- Requires political knowledge base
- Unavailable ahead of time
- We cannot trust the web

Context-based

- Limited to social media platforms
- Part of damage already done

Style-based

- □ Allows for pre-posting check
- Real-time reaction possible
- Hard to mask
- □ But are style differences sufficient?

Taxonomy of Approaches

Fake news detection



Fake News and Hyperpartisan News Corpus Construction



Fake News and Hyperpartisan News Corpus Construction

Orientation	Fact-checking results							
Publisher	true	mix	false	n/a	Σ			
Center	806	8	0	12	826			
ABC News	90	2	0	3	95			
CNN	295	4	0	8	307			
Politico	421	2	0	1	424			
Left-wing	182	51	15	8	256			
Addicting Info	95	25	8	7	135			
Occupy Democrats	59	25	7	0	91			
The Other 98%	28	1	0	1	30			
Right-wing	276	153	72	44	545			
Eagle Rising	106	47	25	36	214			
Freedom Daily	49	24	22	4	99			
Right Wing News	121	82	25	4	232			
Σ	1264	212	87	64	1627			

Fake News and Hyperpartisan News Selected Results

Orientation	Fact-checking results						
Publisher	true	mix	false	n/a	\sum		
Center	806	8	0	12	826		
ABC News	00	•	1E	3	95		
CNN				OES NO WORK!	307		
Politico	Fake N	ews Dete	ection	ORK!	424		
Left-wing	Dro		100/	8	256		
Addicting Info	PIE	ecision $pprox$		7	135		
Occupy Democr		Recall \approx	41%	0	91		
The Other 98%				1	30		
Right-wing	276	153	72	44	545		
Eagle Rising	106	47	25	36	214		
Freedom Daily	49	24	22	4	99		
Right Wing News	121	82	25	4	232		
Σ	1264	212	87	64	1627		

Fake News and Hyperpartisan News Selected Results

Orientation	ו	Fact-checking results						
Publisher		true	mix	false	n/a	\sum		
Center		806	8	0	12	826		
ABC N'		00	^	1Do		95		
CNN				- l n	ES NO	307		
Politic		Orientatio	n Dete		ORK!	424		
Left-w	Ducisia	010/	Due	sision r	00/	256		
Addict		$n \approx 21\%$		cision ≈ 5		135		
Occur	Reca	all pprox 20%	F	Recall ≈ 5	9%	91		
The O						30		
Right-wing		276	153	72	44	545		
Eagle Risin	g	106	47	25	36	214		
Freedom Da	aily	49	24	22	4	99		
Right Wing	News	121	82	25	4	232		
Σ		1264	212	87	64	1627		

Fake News and Hyperpartisan News Selected Results

Orientation	Fact-checking results						
Publisher	true	mix	false	n/a	\sum		
Center	806	8	0	12	826		
ABC News	~~	•	^		95		
CNN				WORK	307		
Politico	Hyperpart	isanship	Detection	1	424		
Left-wing		Draciai			256		
Addicting In			$n \approx 69\%$	- ,	135		
Occupy Der		Rec	all $pprox$ 89%	0	91		
The Other 9					30		
Right-wing	276	153	72	44	545		
Eagle Rising	106	47	25	36	214		
Freedom Daily	49	24	22	4	99		
Right Wing News	s 121	82	25	4	232		
$\overline{\Sigma}$	1264	212	87	64	1627		

How can it be that the alt left and the alt right cannot be distinguished from the mainstream, when both together (hyperpartisan news) can be?

Alt-left	Left	Center	Right	Alt-right
	Liberal		Conservative	
Hyperpartisan	Partisan		Partisan	Hyperpartisan

How can it be that the alt left and the alt right cannot be distinguished from the mainstream, when both together (hyperpartisan news) can be?



How can it be that the alt left and the alt right cannot be distinguished from the mainstream, when both together (hyperpartisan news) can be?



The horseshoe theory asserts that the alt left and the alt right, rather than being at opposite and opposing ends of a linear political continuum, in fact closely resemble one another, much like the ends of a horseshoe. [Wikipedia]



left-wing







- □ Classifier is trained to distinguish left-wing and center articles
- □ Right-wing articles are used for testing



- Classifier is trained to distinguish left-wing and center articles
- Right-wing articles are used for testing
- □ Majority of right-wing articles are classified as left-wing rather than center



- Classifier is trained to distinguish left-wing and center articles
- Right-wing articles are used for testing
- □ Majority of right-wing articles are classified as left-wing rather than center



left-wing 34% | **66%**











0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	Γα	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.3
0.2	0.2	0.4	0.1	0).1	0.3	0.1	0.4
0.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	0).2	0.3	0.0	0.1
0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	0).2	0.1	0.4	0.5
0.2	0.2	0.1	0.6	0).3	0.2	0.2	0.2
0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.2
0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0).1	0.3	0.2	0.2
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0).1	0.2	0.2	0.1
0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0
0.1	0.2	0.6	0.1	0).1	0.2	0.4	0.6
0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0).5	0.1	0.4	0.2
0.5	0.1	0.3	0.2	0).5	0.2	0.2	0.5
0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.2
0.1	0.3	0.2	0.4	0).2	0.1	0.0	0.3
0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0).2	0.1	0.0	0.0
		L _		L	_	L]	L]	L]
	/	\				Б)	
	F	1)	













a a a a

b b b b





6

0

12

18

24

30







Typical learning characteristic for ...



Typical learning characteristic for ...



Typical learning characteristic for



The typical learning characteristic can be learned. → "Meta Learning"

We apply Unmasking to distinguish style genres.



Summary and Outlook

- □ Hyperpartisan news pages produce relatively many fake news articles
- □ Hyperpartisan news can be distinguished quiet well based on style
- Style-based detection allows for real-time detection
- Political extremism in news can be ousted or at least flagged
- □ The style of alt left and alt right news is very similar
- □ Linguistic evidence for the horseshoe theory of the political spectrum?
- → Large-scale analysis required

SemEval 2019 Task 4 Hyperpartisan News Detection

Register now!





Style Model

Features

- \Box n-grams with $n \in [1,3]$ of characters, stop words, parts-of-speech
- □ 10 readability scores
- Dictionary features based on General Inquirer
- Ratios of quoted words, external links, number of paragraphs, and their average length
- Feature selection
 - Discard word features (n-gram features) occurring in less than 2.5% (10%) of documents
- Training set
 - Balancing using oversampling
 - Publishers are not represented in both training and test set
- Learning algorithm
 - □ WEKA's random forest with default parameters