

Translation assessment at university : creation of a computer interface

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‘But we may admit so much, that the knowledge of things is not to be derived from names. No, they [things] must be studied and investigated in themselves’.

Plato, *Cratylus* 439 b.

XVII European Symposium on Languages for
Specific Purposes, Aarhus, Denmark ,
17-21 August 2009
Translation assessment at University

MT Summit XII Ottawa, 26-30 August 2009,
Creation of a computer interface

Overview

Background

Methodology

Results and analysis

Conclusion

Translation assessment : difficult task,
particular criteria

Many models in the state of the art

My objectives :

- create a model useful to evaluators;
- help students to enhance the quality of the translations;
- link professional and pedagogical purposes.

Skills and areas of competence of a translator

PACTE, 2003 (Process of the Acquisition of
Translation Competence and Evaluation)
Barcelona, Spain

Competencies called for in international
organizations (UN, OCSE, EU)

PACTE

Communication

Extra linguistic

Transfer

Professional

Psycho physiological

Strategic

EU : EMT 2005-2009

http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/translation/external_relations/universites/documents/emt_competences_translators_en.pdf

48 Competencies listed under 6 headings

Translation service provision

Language

Intercultural

Information mining

Technological

Thematic

METHODOLOGY

Between September 2004 and June 2006 :
assessment of 545 translation exams

Create a simple model from complex
measured phenomenon : decision tree

Linking professional requirements to student
teaching

2006-2009

Testing students (700)

Tests : UFC, Mulhouse, ISIT, ESIT, EILA, etc.

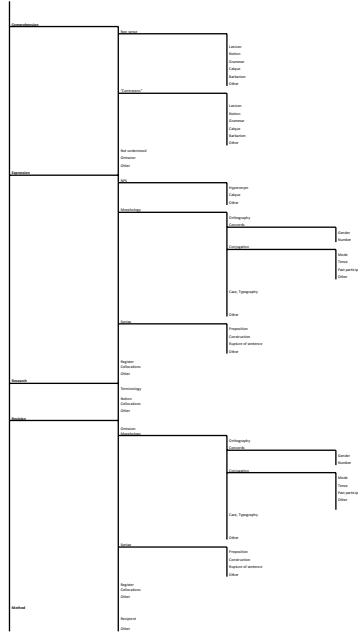
Modifications to the error tree

Creation of an interface

Tests

University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign

Methodology



Comprehension

Results and analysis

non sense reading
 lexicon
 grammar
 calque
 barbarism
 other

contresens
not understood
omission
other

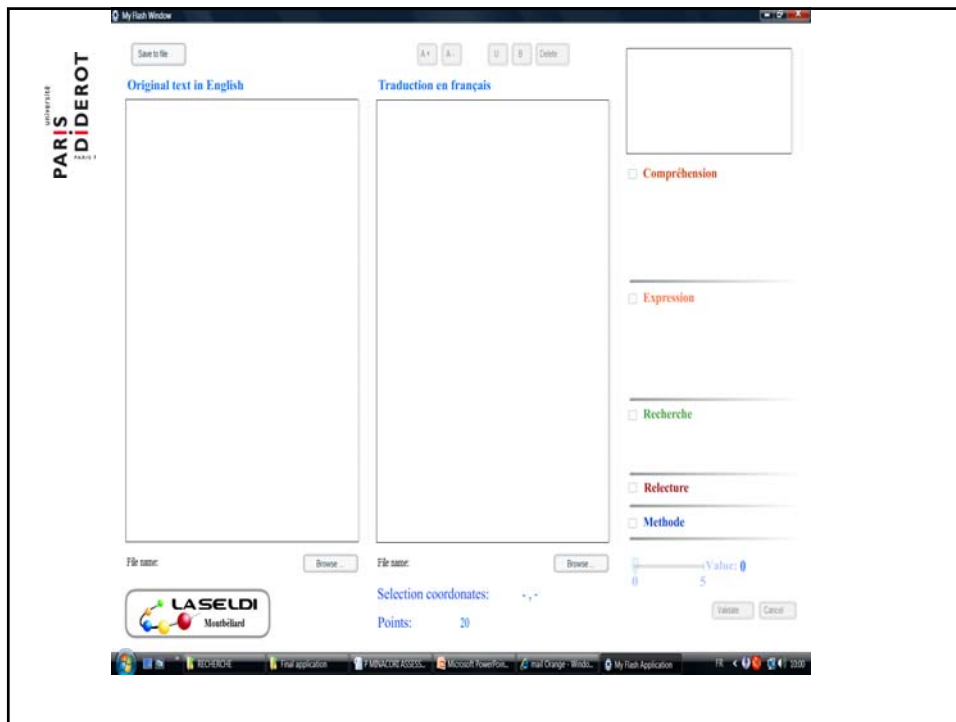
Expression	non pertinent signification morphology syntax register collocations other
Research Revision	omission morphology syntax register collocations other
TESTS Method	recipient other

Laseldi Montbéliard, France

Prof. Ioan Roxin

Students Oradea, Rumania
Internship

Creation of a interface to be downloaded
on a platform for E-learning



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Results and analysis

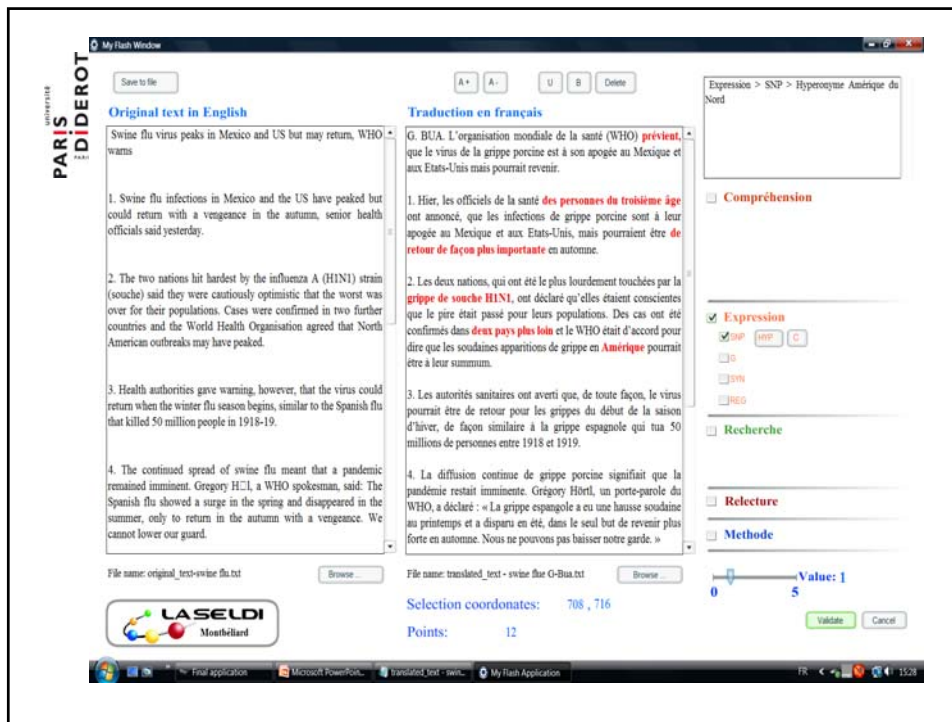
Original text on the left

Translated text on the right

Pop-up with annotations, top right

Cursor to subtract points for each error

Final mark, bottom (middle)



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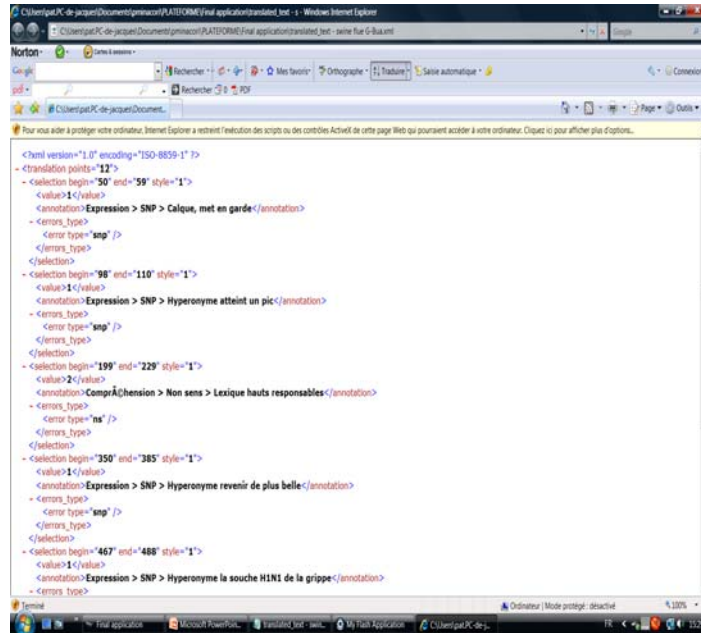
Advantages

- Assessment much quicker
- Interface is user friendly for the students
- Students can see list of errors and reasons why

Drawbacks

- Cursor for grades not easy to handle
- XML file showing the errors has to be revised
- not clear enough, not really focused on errors.

Results and analysis



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying XML code. The code includes several annotations and error tags. The annotations are as follows:

- `<annotation>Expression > SNP > Calque, met en garde</annotation>`
- `<annotation>Expression > SNP > Hyperonyme atteint un pic</annotation>`
- `<annotation>Compréhension > Non sens > Lexique hauts responsables</annotation>`
- `<annotation>Expression > SNP > Hyperonyme revenir de plus belle</annotation>`
- `<annotation>Expression > SNP > Hyperonyme la souche H1N1 de la grippe</annotation>`

The error tags are:

- `<error type="snp" />`
- `<error type="snp" />`
- `<error type="snp" />`
- `<error type="snp" />`

CONCLUSION

University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign is very interested by the interface

Very grateful for the invitation to participate to the Ottawa conference

Interface has to be finely tuned to the American reality in assessing translations and tested