NAACL HLT 2010

First International Workshop on Formalisms and Methodology for Learning by Reading (FAM-LbR)

Proceedings of the Workshop

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Introduction

It has been a long term vision of Artificial Intelligence to develop Learning by Reading systems that can capture knowledge from naturally occurring texts, convert it into a deep logical notation and perform some inferences/reasoning on them. Such systems directly build on relatively mature areas of research, including Information Extraction (for picking out relevant information from the text), Commonsense and AI Reasoning (for deriving inferences from the knowledge acquired), Bootstrapped Learning (for using the learned knowledge to expand the knowledge base) and Question Answering (for providing evaluation mechanisms for Learning by Reading systems). In Natural Language Processing, statistical learning techniques have provided new solutions and breakthroughs in various areas over the last decade. In Knowledge Representation and Reasoning, systems have achieved impressive performance and scale in far more complex problems than the past.

Learning by Reading is a two-part process. One part deals with extracting interesting information from naturally occurring texts, and the other is to use this extracted knowledge to expand the knowledge base and consequently the system's inference capabilities. Previous systems have chosen either a "broad and shallow" or a "narrow and deep" knowledge acquisition and reasoning strategy. These techniques are constrained by either their limited reasoning ability or their extreme domain dependence.

The goal of this workshop is to draw together researchers to explore the nature and degree of integration possible between symbolic and statistical techniques for knowledge acquisition and reasoning. In particular, given these developments, what is the role of commonsense knowledge and reasoning in language understanding? What are the limitations of each style of processing, and how can they be overcome by complementary strengths of the other? What are appropriate evaluation metrics for Learning by Reading systems?

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Jerry Hobbs (University of Southern California)

Eduard Hovy (University of Southern California)

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Sunday, June 6, 2010 9:00-9:10 **Opening** Session 1 9:10-9:30 Machine Reading as a Process of Partial Question-Answering Peter Clark and Phil Harrison 9:30-9:50 Building an end-to-end text reading system based on a packed representation Doo Soon Kim, Ken Barker and Bruce Porter 9:50-10:10 Semantic Enrichment of Text with Background Knowledge Anselmo Peñas and Eduard Hovy 10:10-10:30 Discussion 10:30-11:00 **Break Session 2** 11:00-11:20 Large Scale Relation Detection Chris Welty, James Fan, David Gondek and Andrew Schlaikjer 11:20-11:40 Mining Script-Like Structures from the Web Niels Kasch and Tim Oates 11:40-12:00 Open-domain Commonsense Reasoning Using Discourse Relations from a Corpus of Weblog Stories Matthew Gerber, Andrew Gordon and Kenji Sagae 12:00-12:20 Discussion

12:20-2:00

Lunch

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2:00–2:20	Semantic Role Labeling for Open Information Extraction Janara Christensen, Mausam, Stephen Soderland and Oren Etzioni
2:20–2:40	Empirical Studies in Learning to Read Marjorie Freedman, Edward Loper, Elizabeth Boschee and Ralph Weischedel
2:40–3:00	Learning Rules from Incomplete Examples: A Pragmatic Approach Janardhan Rao Doppa, Mohammad NasrEsfahani, Mohammad Sorower, Thomas G. Dietterich, Xiaoli Fern and Prasad Tadepalli
3:00-3:30	Break
3·30-4·30	Poster Session

Unsupervised techniques for discovering ontology elements from Wikipedia article links Zareen Syed and Tim Finin

Machine Reading at the University of Washington

Hoifung Poon, Janara Christensen, Pedro Domingos, Oren Etzioni, Raphael Hoffmann, Chloe Kiddon, Thomas Lin, Xiao Ling, Mausam, Alan Ritter, Stefan Schoenmackers, Stephen Soderland, Dan Weld, Fei Wu and Congle Zhang

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4:30–5:00 **Discussion**

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