NLP4DH 2021

Workshop on Natural Language Processing for Digital Humanities

Proceedings of the Workshop

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Preface

Textual sources are essential for research in digital humanities. Especially when larger datasets are analyzed, the use of natural language processing (NLP) technologies is essential. However, NLP is still often focused to written standard languages, which customarily differs from specific genres and text types that may interest a digital humanist today. The situation is even more complicated when the research is done on minority languages, or historical and dialectal materials.

Natural language processing has usually a strong computer science focus, which means that methods are developed to cater for higher numerical results and to solve some rather abstract level tasks such as machine translation, poem generation or sentiment analysis. Digital humanities, on the other hand, has usually a strong humanities focus which means that the research questions are typically more concrete, diving deeper to understanding some phenomena rather than solving a problem. Natural language processing also seeks to validate the methods, whereas digital humanities takes the validity of the methods for granted. This is due to the fact that a method is often the end goal in natural language processing, where as a method is just a tool in the digital humanities. The two fields work from very different starting points, and therefore we believe that more venues are needed where scholars from both fields can come together and learn from each other.

We believe that digital humanists recognize the shortcomings of the contemporary natural language processing tools, and the NLP community has already come up with various fully functional solutions. However, these communities would benefit from further communication. For example, model fine tuning and retraining are among useful technologies in NLP that could be applied to efficiently improve the result on these divergent varieties. Similarly work in digital humanities often results in open datasets that could be used to compare different strategies. In this workshop we aimed to foster and initiate wider conversation and sharing of examples of how NLP tools are best leveraged to the research questions that are relevant in humanities.

The Workshop on Natural Language Processing for Digital Humanities (NLP4DH) was organized for the first time in December 19, 2021 with ICON 2021: The 18th International Conference on Natural Language Processing. Our workshop received 42 submissions, out of which 21 were accepted to be presented in the workshop. We are especially excited about the upcoming special issue in the Journal of Data Mining & Digital Humanities that will feature extended versions of some of the papers accepted in the workshop.



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- 10:20–10:40 *The Validity of Lexicon-based Sentiment Analysis in Interdisciplinary Research* Emily Öhman
- 10:40–11:00 How Does the Hate Speech Corpus Concern Sociolinguistic Discussions? A Case Study on Korean Online News Comments Won Ik Cho and Jihyung Moon
- 11:00–11:15 Coffee break

11:15–12:15 Session 2: Historical data

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- 14:30–16:00 "Don't worry, it's just noise'": quantifying the impact of files treated as single textual units when they are really collections Thibault Clérice
- 14:30–16:00 *NLP in the DH pipeline: Transfer-learning to a Chronolect* Aynat Rubinstein and Avi Shmidman
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