ACL 2019

The 1st International Workshop on Computational Approaches to Historical Language Change

Proceedings of the Workshop

August 2, 2019 Florence, Italy ©2019 The Association for Computational Linguistics

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ISBN 978-1-950737-31-4

Introduction

Welcome to the 1st International Workshop on Computational Approaches to Historical Language Change (LChange'19) that was co-located with ACL 2019 in Florence, on August 2, 2019.

Human language changes over time, driven by the dual needs of adapting to ongoing sociocultural and technological development in the world and facilitating efficient communication. In particular, novel words are coined or borrowed from other languages, while obsolete words slide into obscurity. Similarly, words may acquire novel meanings or lose existing meanings. This workshop explores these phenomena by bringing to bear state-of-the-art computational methodologies, theories and digital text resources on exploring the time-varying nature of human language.

Although there exists rich empirical work on language change from historical linguistics, sociolinguistics and cognitive linguistics, computational approaches to the problem of language change – particularly how word forms and meanings evolve – have only begun to take shape over the past decade or so, with exemplary work on semantic change and lexical replacement. The motivation has long been related to search, and understanding in diachronic archives. The emergence of long-term and large-scale digital corpora was the prerequisite and has resulted in a slightly different set of problems for this strand of study than have traditionally been studied in historical linguistics. As an example, studies of lexical replacement have largely focused on named entity change (names of e.g., countries and people that change over time) because of the large effect these name changes have for temporal information retrieval.

The aim of this workshop is three-fold. First, we want to provide pioneering researchers who work on computational methods, evaluation, and large-scale modelling of language change an outlet for disseminating cutting-edge research on topics concerning language change. Currently, researchers in this area have published in a wide range of different venues, from computational linguistics, to cognitive science and digital archiving venues. We intended this workshop as a platform for sharing state-of-the-art research progress in this fundamental domain of natural language research.

Second, in doing so we want to bring together domain experts across disciplines. We want to connect those that have long worked on language change within historical linguistics and bring with them a large understanding for general linguistic theories of language change; those that have studied change across languages and language families; those that develop and test computational methods for detecting semantic change and laws of semantic change; and those that need knowledge (of the occurrence and shape) of language change, for example, in digital humanities and computational social sciences where text mining is applied to diachronic corpora subject to lexical semantic change.

Third, the detection and modelling of language change using diachronic text and text mining raise fundamental theoretical and methodological challenges for future research in this area. The representativeness of text is a first critical issue; works using large diachronic corpora and computational methods for detecting change often claim to find changes that are universally true for a language as a whole. But the jury is out on how results derived from digital literature or newspapers accurately represent changes in language as a whole. We hope to engage corpus linguists, big-data scientists, and computational linguists to address these open issues. Besides these goals, this workshop can also support discussion on the evaluation of computational methodologies for uncovering language change. Verifying change only using positive examples of change often confirms a corpus bias rather than reflecting genuine language change. Larger quantities and higher qualities of text over time result in the detection of more semantic change. In fact, multiple semantic laws have been linked to frequency rather than underlying semantic change. The methodological issue of evaluation, together with good evaluation testsets and standards are of high importance to the research community. We aim to shed some light on these issues and encourage the community to collaborate to find solutions.

The work in semantic change detection has, to a large extent, moved to (neural) embedding techniques in recent years. These methods have several drawbacks: the need for very large datasets to produce stable embeddings, and the fact that all semantic information of a word is encoded in a single vector thus limiting the possibility to study word senses separately. A move towards multi-sense embeddings will most likely require even more texts per time unit, which will limit the applicability of these methods to other languages than English and a few others. We want to bring about a discussion on the need for methods that can discriminate and disambiguate among a word's senses (meanings) and that can be used for resource-poor languages with little hope of acquiring the order of magnitude of words needed for creating stable embeddings, possibly using dynamic embeddings that seem to require less text. Finally, knowledge of language change is useful not only on its own, but as a basis for other diachronic textual investigations and in search.

A digital humanities investigation into the living conditions of young women through history cannot rely on the word *girl* in English, as in the past the reference of *girl* also included young men. Automatic detecting of language change is useful for many researchers outside of the communities that study the changes themselves and develop methods for their detection. By reaching out to these other communities, we can better understand how to utilize the results for further research and for presenting them to the interested public. In addition, we need good user interfaces and systems for exploring language changes in corpora, for example, to allow for serendipitous discovery of interesting phenomena. In addition to facilitate research on texts, information about language changes is used for measuring document acrosstime similarity, information retrieval from long-term document archives, the design of OCR algorithms and so on.

In response to the call we received 53 submissions, each of which were carefully evaluated by at least two members of the Program Committee. Based on the reviewer's feedback we accepted 34 full and short papers, which were then presented orally or as poster papers. We were also delighted to have two keynote presentations by Claire Bowern (Yale University) and Haim Dubossarsky (University of Cambridge). We hope that you will find the included papers as insightful and inspiring as we have.

We would like to thank the keynote speakers for their stimulating talks, the authors of papers for their interesting contributions and the members of the Program Committee for their insightful reviews. We also express our gratitude to the ACL 2019 workshop chairs for their kind assistance.

Nina Tahmasebi (University of Gothenburg) Lars Borin (University of Gothenburg) Adam Jatowt (Kyoto University) Yang Xu (University of Toronto) LChange'19 Workshop Chairs

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Invited Speakers:

Claire Bowern, Yale University (USA) Haim Dubossarsky, University of Cambridge (UK)

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