Multitask Parsing Across Semantic Representations



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We present a general DAG parser for UCCA, AMR, SDP and UD, and show that **multitask learning** improves UCCA parsing.

Training data for parsing semantic representations is scarce. We consider four schemes:

- **UCCA**: Intuitive, cross-lingual, and modular semantic representation. *Primary edges* form a tree. *Remote edges* (dashed) allow reentrancy, creating a directed acyclic graph [1].
- **AMR**: Abstract graph on concepts and constants. Rooted DAG with labeled nodes and edges. Encodes named entities, argument structure, semantic roles, word sense, coreference [3].
- **SDP**: Set of related bilexical semantic DAG schemes: DM, PAS, PSD and CCD. We use **DM** (DELPH-IN MRS). Encodes argument structure for many predicate types [7].
- **UD**: Cross-lingual syntactic bilexical tree. Encodes syntactic relations between words [6]. **UD**⁺⁺ (Enhanced++ UD) adds and augments edges, creating a bilexical DAG [8].

Transition Classifier





Limited capacity promotes generalization by using the shared parameters for all tasks [5].

Unified DAG Format

We convert all representations into a format similar to UCCA and supported by TUPA.



As auxiliary tasks, we use **unlabeled** AMR, **SDP** and **UD** parsing.

Data

UCCA: (1) English Wikipedia (Wiki); (2) Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea (20K), annotated in English (small, only test) French (small), and German (pre-release, noisy). {AMR: LDC2017T10 (English). **SDP**: DM part from SDP 2016 (English). **UD**: v2.1 treebanks: English (UD⁺⁺), French and German.}: Only for training. Number of sentences per dataset:



TUPA: A Transition-Based DAG Parser

We extend TUPA, a general DAG parser, which has been proposed as a UCCA parser [4]. It is a transition-based parser supporting reentrancy, discontinuity and non-terminal nodes.



▼P

∀P

graduation

graduation

Paris

graduation

Experiments

English. Train: UCCA Wiki (+aux), test: UCCA Wiki (in-domain) or 20K (out-of-domain). French and German. Train: 20K (+UD as aux), test: 20K (both in-domain).



Task Similarity

Does improvement depend on structural task similarity, or training corpus similarity? We compared **annotations of 100 WSJ sentences**, and **training corpus word distributions**.





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